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EC-COUNCIL 312-49v11 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data Acquisition and Duplication: This domain addresses live and dead acquisition techniques, eDiscovery methodologies, data acquisition formats, validation procedures, write protection, and forensic image preparation for examination.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computer Forensics in Today's World: This domain covers fundamentals of computer forensics including cybercrime types, investigation procedures, digital evidence handling, forensic readiness, investigator roles and responsibilities, industry standards, and legal compliance requirements.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Windows Forensics: This domain covers Windows-specific investigation techniques including volatile and non-volatile data collection, memory and registry analysis, web browser forensics, metadata examination, and analysis of Windows artifacts like ShellBags, LNK files, and event logs.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dark Web Forensics: This domain addresses dark web investigation focusing on Tor browser artifact identification, memory dump analysis, and extracting evidence of dark web activities.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Network Forensics: This domain covers network incident investigation through traffic and log analysis, event correlation, indicators of compromise identification, SIEM usage, and wireless network attack detection and examination.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cloud Forensics: This domain covers cloud platform forensics (AWS, Azure, Google Cloud) including data storage, logging, forensic acquisition of virtual machines, and investigation of cloud security incidents.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mobile Forensics: This domain covers Android and iOS forensics including device architecture, forensics processes, cellular data investigation, file system acquisition, lock bypassing, rooting • jailbreaking, and mobile application analysis.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Investigating Web Attacks: This domain covers web application forensics including IIS and Apache log analysis, OWASP Top 10 risks, and investigation of attacks like XSS, SQL injection, path traversal, command injection, and brute-force attempts.

EC-COUNCIL Computer Hacking Forensic Investigator (CHFI-v11) Sample Questions (Q126-Q131):

NEW QUESTION # 126

During a coordinated sting in Austin, Texas, investigators execute lawful process against multiple providers supporting a darknet marketplace. Despite obtaining logs and registration artifacts from several services, efforts to correlate account records with subscriber information repeatedly fail, and attribution remains inconclusive. Which challenge of dark web forensics best explains this obstacle?

- A. Difficult to trace the perpetrators, as dark web hides their identities
- B. Detection of dark web applications developed by cybercriminals using the latest technologies becomes difficult using traditional evidence extraction and analysis tools
- C. Lack of training and expertise in using specialized tools challenges darknet analysis
- D. Tracing the physical location of the perpetrators is difficult because of the encrypted network

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct answer is A because the core obstacle in the scenario is failed attribution. Investigators already have logs and service-side records, yet they still cannot reliably connect those artifacts to a real-world identity. That is one of the defining forensic difficulties of the dark web: its anonymity mechanisms are intentionally designed to obscure user identity and frustrate tracing. The CHFI v11 blueprint includes dark web concepts, TOR operation, risks of investigating the dark web, and dark web forensic challenges. Those objectives prepare candidates to recognize that the biggest barrier is often not the absence of data, but the inability to tie pseudonymous activity to a specific person with confidence. Option C mentions physical location and encrypted networks, which is related, but the question is centered more directly on identity correlation and attribution failure than geolocation. Option B focuses on analyst capability, and option D focuses on tool limitations, neither of which is the main issue described. In CHFI terms, when evidence exists but perpetrators remain unidentifiable because anonymity conceals them, the best answer is that tracing the perpetrators is difficult because the dark web hides their identities.

NEW QUESTION # 127

James is a seasoned digital forensic investigator at an international law firm dealing with a convoluted case of industrial espionage.

The attacker, believed to be a disgruntled former employee, allegedly used a sophisticated network of compromised internal and external systems to steal sensitive data. Multiple jurisdictions and regulations are involved, with systems located in various countries. The firm's legal team is concerned about the rules of evidence and obtaining the necessary warrants for search and seizure across different legal systems. To make matters more complex, some of the firm's clients are refusing to give consent for James to access and investigate their systems, further complicating the evidence-gathering process. What should James' initial approach be in such a complex scenario?

- A. Forego the search warrants and start the investigation based on available data
- **B. Work with the legal team to understand and respect each jurisdiction's laws and seek necessary warrants**
- C. Limit the investigation to the firm's internal systems to avoid legal complications
- D. Proceed to access the clients' systems covertly, as the firm owns the data

Answer: B

Explanation:

Option D is the correct answer because CHFI v11 places major emphasis on rules of evidence, seeking consent, obtaining a warrant for search and seizure, legal issues, privacy issues and legal compliance, and the role of local/international agencies during cybercrime investigation. In a case involving multiple jurisdictions, cross-border systems, and lack of client consent, the investigator's first duty is to ensure the evidence-gathering process is legally valid in every relevant jurisdiction.

Working closely with legal counsel is essential because improper access can compromise admissibility, violate privacy laws, and expose the firm to legal liability. CHFI also highlights best practices for handling digital evidence, preserving evidence, and the importance of lawful authority before conducting intrusive forensic activity.

Option A is too limited and may ignore critical evidence. B would violate legal procedures. C is clearly improper because ownership claims do not override consent, privacy, or jurisdictional requirements.

Therefore, the most defensible and CHFI-aligned initial approach is to coordinate with the legal team, understand each legal regime, and obtain the necessary warrants or permissions before proceeding.

NEW QUESTION # 128

BMP (Bitmap) is a standard file format for computers running the Windows operating system.

BMP images can range from black and white (1 bit per pixel) up to 24 bit color (16.7 million colors). Each bitmap file contains a header, the RGBQUAD array, information header, and image data. Which of the following element specifies the dimensions, compression type, and color format for the bitmap?

- A. The RGBQUAD array
- B. Image data
- C. Header
- **D. Information header**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 129

Which network attack is described by the following statement?

"At least five Russian major banks came under a continuous hacker attack, although online client services were not disrupted. The attack came from a wide-scale botnet involving at least 24,000 computers, located in 30 countries."

- A. Buffer Overflow
- B. Man-in-the-Middle Attack
- **C. DDoS**
- D. Sniffer Attack

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 130

Investigator Janet comes across a suspicious Windows registry key during a computer hacking forensic investigation. She believes modifying this key is associated with the recent cyberattack on the company's servers. In order to confirm this, Janet needs to reference a timestamp embedded inside the registry key. What is the correct name of this timestamp?

- **A. Last Write Time**

- B. System Modification Time
- C. Current System Time
- D. User Activity Time

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 131

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