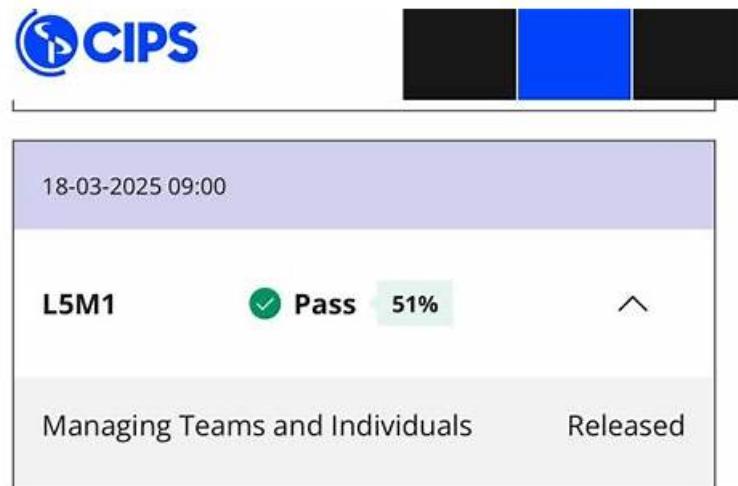


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## **L5M1 - Managing Teams and Individuals –Professional Reliable Exam Voucher**

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### **CIPS L5M1 Exam Syllabus Topics:**

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Understand and Apply Approaches to Managing Individuals: This section of the exam measures skills of HR Managers and focuses on managing individual behaviour effectively. It examines how differences in behavioural characteristics affect management style and approach, highlighting diversity, emotional intelligence, and assessment techniques for development. The section also covers the creation and management of knowledge, formal and informal learning processes, cognitive and behavioural learning theories, motivation theories including intrinsic and extrinsic factors, and factors influencing job satisfaction such as job design, collaboration, and flexible working arrangements.</li></ul>

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand and Apply Approaches to Planning and Managing Work Groups or Teams: This section of the exam measures skills of Team Leaders and covers the dynamics and effectiveness of work groups or teams. Candidates are tested on understanding group vision, values, norms, and alignment, as well as formal and informal group structures. The syllabus includes strategies for developing effective teams, team roles, self-managed teams, virtual team management, diversity benefits, and conflict management. It also assesses knowledge of team development, learning integration, role congruence, and approaches for merging, disbanding, or changing teams.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand, Analyse, and Apply Management and Organisational Approaches: This section of the exam measures skills of Operations Managers and covers the understanding and evaluation of organisational behaviour and management approaches. It assesses knowledge of individual and team behaviour, organisational structures, and the psychological contract, as well as factors like STEEPLED influences. Candidates are tested on traditional and contemporary management approaches, including administrative, scientific, and human relations methods, as well as postmodernism, socio-technical systems, and distributed leadership. The role of individuals, teams, and organisational culture in shaping behaviour is also evaluated.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assess the Application of Management Concepts and Principles in a Procurement and Supply Function: This section of the exam measures skills of Procurement Managers and focuses on applying management principles within procurement and supply operations. Candidates are tested on aligning team knowledge, skills, and behaviours with organisational strategy, defining the scope of operations, and developing teams. The syllabus also includes managing stakeholder relationships, building trust, promoting collaboration, fostering a culture of learning, sharing procurement knowledge, professional development, and the importance of personal behaviours such as unbiased decision-making, communication, creativity, and reflective practice to enhance procurement and supply effectiveness.</li> </ul>

## CIPS Managing Teams and Individuals Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

### NEW QUESTION # 34

Describe 5 characteristics of a role that would make it intrinsically motivating to a potential employee. (25 points).

#### Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Intrinsic motivation comes from within the individual and relates to personal satisfaction, growth, and achievement, rather than external rewards such as pay. The Job Characteristics Model (Hackman and Oldham) identifies several features of a role that can make it intrinsically motivating.

The first is Skill Variety. A role that allows employees to use a range of skills and abilities prevents boredom and makes the job more stimulating. For example, a procurement professional who undertakes supplier negotiations, contract management, and market analysis will find their role more engaging than one limited to routine administration.

The second is Task Identity. This means being able to complete a whole piece of work from start to finish. Employees are more motivated when they can see a clear outcome. In procurement, this could be managing a sourcing project end-to-end, from supplier selection through to contract award.

Thirdly, Task Significance adds motivation by making employees aware of the impact of their work on others. If individuals see that their role contributes to organisational goals or wider society, they gain intrinsic satisfaction. For example, a buyer working on sustainable sourcing projects may feel motivated by contributing to environmental and ethical improvements.

The fourth is Autonomy. When employees have control over how they perform their work, they feel trusted and empowered. In procurement, this could mean giving staff flexibility in how they manage supplier relationships or structure negotiations, rather than micro-managing every step.

Finally, Feedback is a key factor. Employees are motivated when they receive clear information on their performance, either from managers, colleagues, or the work itself. For example, a procurement professional who gets recognition for achieving cost savings or reducing supplier risks will feel intrinsically rewarded.

In summary, roles that offer skill variety, task identity, task significance, autonomy, and feedback are more likely to be intrinsically motivating. For managers, designing jobs with these characteristics is essential for creating engaged and high-performing teams, particularly in procurement where complex, meaningful, and responsible work opportunities can drive motivation.

## NEW QUESTION # 35

Describe ONE model for classifying stakeholders. When communicating with different types of stakeholders, for example to notify them of an intended purchase of high value, how should this be managed by the Procurement Function of an organisation? (25 points).

### Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

One widely used model for classifying stakeholders is Mendelow's Power-Interest Matrix. This model categorises stakeholders based on their level of power (ability to influence decisions) and their level of interest (degree of concern in the issue). It helps managers decide how to engage with different stakeholders effectively.

High Power / High Interest - Key Players: These stakeholders must be closely managed and fully engaged. For example, the Finance Director or Hospital CEO when approving a high-value purchase. Procurement should provide detailed briefings, involve them in decision-making, and ensure their concerns are addressed.

High Power / Low Interest - Keep Satisfied: These stakeholders can influence outcomes but may not have strong interest in day-to-day procurement. For instance, regulatory bodies or legal advisors. Procurement should provide concise updates and ensure compliance to avoid dissatisfaction.

Low Power / High Interest - Keep Informed: These stakeholders care about the outcome but have limited influence. For example, end-users of medical equipment or nurses in a hospital setting. Procurement should communicate progress, seek feedback, and maintain transparency.

Low Power / Low Interest - Minimal Effort: These stakeholders require only basic information. For example, general staff not directly impacted by a procurement decision. Simple updates or summaries are enough to keep them engaged.

When communicating about a high-value purchase, the Procurement Function should tailor its communication strategy according to this classification. Key players (high power, high interest) must be involved early with full transparency, including risk assessments and supplier evaluations. Stakeholders with high interest but low power should be consulted to build trust and buy-in, while those with high power but low interest should receive enough information to stay satisfied. Procurement should also ensure consistent, professional communication that reflects the importance of the purchase and builds confidence in the process.

Conclusion:

Mendelow's Power-Interest Matrix provides a structured way to classify stakeholders. By adapting communication to each category - managing key players, keeping others satisfied or informed - the Procurement Function ensures effective stakeholder engagement, minimises resistance, and gains approval for high-value purchases.

## NEW QUESTION # 36

Buttons Ltd is a clothing manufacturer. It began as a very small enterprise but over the last 3 years it has grown and has become very successful. The company has decided it needs a dedicated procurement and supply chain function to help source materials for its clothing. Describe the scope of the procurement and supply chain function (10 points) and explain what knowledge, behaviours and skills will be required by those recruited to work in the department (15 points).

### Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Part A - Scope of Procurement and Supply Chain (10 points):

The scope of procurement and supply chain at Buttons Ltd will cover all activities involved in sourcing, purchasing, and managing the flow of materials needed for clothing production.

This includes sourcing raw materials such as fabrics, zips, and buttons from reliable suppliers, ensuring cost efficiency and quality. It also covers supplier selection and management, including contract negotiation and supplier relationship management. The function will ensure compliance with ethical and sustainable sourcing standards, which are increasingly important in the fashion industry.

The supply chain scope also involves logistics and inventory management, ensuring that materials are delivered on time to support production schedules and that stock levels are optimised to avoid delays or overstocking. Additionally, procurement must manage risk and continuity of supply, identifying alternative sources in case of disruptions. Finally, procurement contributes to strategic decisions by aligning sourcing activities with company objectives such as cost reduction, sustainability, and innovation.

Part B - Knowledge, Behaviours and Skills Required (15 points):

Knowledge:

Understanding of sourcing and supply chain processes (tenders, contracts, logistics).

Knowledge of ethical and sustainable procurement, ensuring materials are responsibly sourced.

Awareness of fashion industry requirements such as lead times, quality standards, and supplier markets.

**Behaviours:**

Professional integrity and ethics, ensuring fair treatment of suppliers and compliance with standards.

Collaboration and teamwork, working across departments (design, finance, production).

Adaptability and resilience, since the clothing industry faces rapid changes in demand and supply risks.

**Skills:**

Negotiation skills to secure best value while maintaining supplier relationships.

Analytical skills to assess supplier performance, costs, and risks.

Communication skills to liaise with suppliers and internal stakeholders effectively.

Problem-solving skills to manage supply chain disruptions and ensure continuity.

For example, a procurement professional at Buttons Ltd might need to negotiate fabric supply contracts while ensuring the supplier meets sustainability standards and delivers within tight production deadlines.

**Conclusion:**

The procurement and supply chain function at Buttons Ltd will be responsible for sourcing, supplier management, logistics, and risk management, supporting the company's growth and competitiveness. To succeed, staff must demonstrate strong knowledge of procurement processes, ethical behaviours, and key skills such as negotiation, analysis, and communication. Together, these ensure the function delivers value and supports the company's long-term goals.

**NEW QUESTION # 37**

Explain the '2 factor hygiene theory' of motivation and how this can affect the motivation of employees within an organisation (25 points).

**Answer:**

**Explanation:**

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

**Explanation:**

The Two-Factor Hygiene Theory, developed by Frederick Herzberg, explains what drives employee satisfaction and dissatisfaction at work. Herzberg argued that there are two categories of factors that affect motivation.

The first category is Hygiene Factors. These are extrinsic elements such as pay, working conditions, company policies, job security and supervision. If these are poor or absent, employees become dissatisfied. However, their presence alone does not create motivation - they simply prevent dissatisfaction. For example, in procurement, if buyers do not have fair pay or adequate systems, they will feel frustrated, but improving pay alone will not guarantee enthusiasm or creativity.

The second category is Motivators. These are intrinsic to the job itself, such as achievement, recognition, responsibility, advancement, and personal growth. When present, these factors actively increase motivation and job satisfaction. For instance, giving a procurement professional ownership of a supplier relationship, recognising their success in a negotiation, or offering training opportunities can significantly boost motivation.

The impact of Herzberg's theory on motivation is significant. Managers cannot rely only on hygiene factors like pay and working conditions to motivate staff. These need to be in place to avoid dissatisfaction, but true motivation comes from providing meaningful work, opportunities for growth, and recognition.

In practice, this means managers should:

Ensure hygiene factors are adequate (fair pay, safe environment, supportive policies).

Focus on motivators such as giving responsibility, offering progression pathways, and recognising achievement.

Design jobs with variety and challenge, rather than only repetitive tasks.

Encourage intrinsic motivation through empowerment and involvement in decision-making.

In procurement and supply, applying Herzberg's theory could mean ensuring staff have reliable systems and clear processes (hygiene), while also providing opportunities to lead supplier negotiations, recognise cost savings achievements, or involve staff in strategic sourcing projects (motivators).

In conclusion, Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory shows that avoiding dissatisfaction through hygiene factors is not enough. Managers must also provide motivators to create true engagement and drive performance. For procurement leaders, balancing both sets of factors is essential for building high-performing, motivated teams.

**NEW QUESTION # 38**

Discuss 3 main sources of conflict that may arise within a group (15 points). What positive and negative outcomes may arise from conflict? (10 points).

**Answer:**

**Explanation:**

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Part A - Sources of Conflict (15 points):

Conflict is natural in groups and arises when individuals or teams have incompatible goals, interests, or behaviours. Three common sources are:

Task-based conflict - This occurs when members disagree about the content of the work, objectives, or methods. For example, in a procurement team, conflict may arise over whether to prioritise cost savings or sustainability in supplier selection.

Relationship conflict - This stems from personality clashes, communication breakdowns, or differences in working styles. For instance, an extroverted negotiator may clash with an introverted analyst who prefers data-driven approaches.

Resource conflict - Groups often compete for limited resources such as time, budget, or staff. In procurement, this could occur if multiple project teams require the same supplier's resources or internal budgets.

Part B - Outcomes of Conflict (10 points):

Positive outcomes:

Can lead to creativity and innovation as different perspectives are debated.

Encourages problem-solving and improvement of processes.

Strengthens understanding when conflicts are resolved constructively.

Negative outcomes:

May reduce morale and trust if personal attacks or unresolved tension occur.

Can delay projects, damage productivity, and harm relationships with stakeholders or suppliers.

Creates stress and alienation, leading to higher turnover if prolonged.

In procurement, positive conflict may lead to innovative supplier solutions, while negative conflict may damage supplier negotiations or internal collaboration.

Conclusion:

The three main sources of conflict are task, relationship, and resource issues. Conflict is not always harmful - it can drive improvement and creativity if managed well, but if left unresolved, it can damage morale, performance, and stakeholder relationships. Managers must therefore encourage constructive conflict while minimising destructive forms.

## NEW QUESTION # 39

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