

FCSS_NST_SE-7.6 Reliable Exam Topics & Reliable FCSS_NST_SE-7.6 Test Experience



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Fortinet FCSS_NST_SE-7.6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Section	Objectives
Topic 1: Authentication	- Troubleshoot Fortinet Single Sign-On (FSSO) - Troubleshoot local and remote authentication
Topic 2: Security Profiles	- Troubleshoot the intrusion prevention system (IPS) - Troubleshoot web filtering issues - Troubleshoot FortiGuard issues
Topic 3: Routing	- Troubleshoot routing packets using static routes, policy routes, and OSPF
Topic 4: FortiManager	- Troubleshoot policy and object management - Troubleshoot FortiManager HA - Troubleshoot device-level and ADOM-level issues - Troubleshoot Security Fabric and FortiOS connectivity - Troubleshoot HA
Topic 5: System Troubleshooting	- Troubleshoot connectivity problems using built-in tools - Troubleshoot resource problems using built-in tools - Troubleshoot automation stitches
Topic 6: FortiAnalyzer	- Troubleshoot device and communication issues - Troubleshoot logs and reports
Topic 7: VPNs	- Troubleshoot IPsec IKE version 1 and 2

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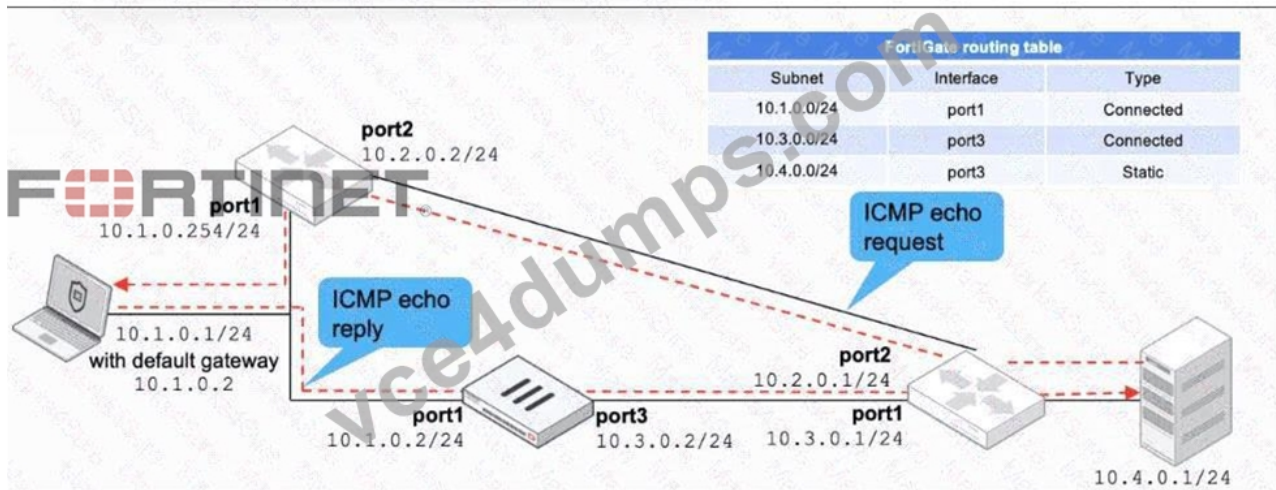
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Fortinet FCSS - Network Security 7.6 Support Engineer Sample Questions (Q37-Q42):

NEW QUESTION # 37

Refer to the exhibit.

Network topology and a partial routing table



A network topology and a partial routing table are shown.

FortiGate has already been configured with a firewall policy that allows all ICMP traffic to flow from port1 to port3.

Which two changes can the administrator perform to ensure the server at 10.4.0.1/24 receives the ICMP echo reply from the laptop at 10.1.0.1/24? (Choose two.)

- A. Add a default static route on FortiGate to forward all traffic to port3.
- B. Change the FortiGate configuration from strict RPF check mode to feasible RPF check mode.
- C. Enable asymmetric routing under config system settings.
- D. Modify the default gateway on the laptop from 10.1.0.2 to 10.1.0.254.

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

The correct answers are A and C .

The study guide describes this exact asymmetric ICMP scenario. It states:

"The server sends an echo request to the PC through port2 of the local router, effectively bypassing FortiGate. When it receives the echo request, the PC responds with an echo reply through its default gateway, 10.1.0.2, which is port1 on FortiGate. Because there is no existing session, the echo reply is dropped. All subsequent echo replies are blocked." That means the current problem exists because:

- * the ICMP request bypasses FortiGate
- * the ICMP reply goes through FortiGate
- * FortiGate has no matching session , so it drops the reply

The study guide then shows the exact corrective option:

"Allowing asymmetric routing:"

config system settings

set asymroute enable

end

It further explains:

"After the packet passes through the FortiGate CPU, FortiGate forwards the packet using the FIB, even though there are no session matches. FortiGate forwards all subsequent echo replies using the FIB." So A is correct.

The other valid fix is to make the traffic symmetric by changing the laptop's default gateway so the reply no longer goes through FortiGate. In the exhibit, the alternate gateway is 10.1.0.254 , which is the local router on the same subnet. If the laptop uses 10.1.0.254 instead of 10.1.0.2, the ICMP echo reply follows the same bypass path as the echo request, so the server receives it without involving FortiGate session validation. This makes C correct.

Why the other options are wrong:

- * B is wrong because this is not an RPF problem. The study guide explains RPF as a reverse path lookup used to validate whether a

packet arrived on a legitimate interface, mainly for spoofing protection. The issue in this scenario is a missing session due to asymmetric routing, not a strict-versus-feasible RPF failure

* D is wrong because FortiGate already has the specific route 10.4.0.0/24 through port3 in the routing table shown in the exhibit, so adding a default static route to port3 is unnecessary and not the reason the echo reply is being dropped. So the verified answers are: A, C.

NEW QUESTION # 38

Exhibit.

```
FortiGate-VM64# get system ha status
Health Status: OK
Model: FortiGate-VM64
Mode: HA A-P
Group: 0
Debug: 0
Cluster Uptime: 0 days 0:1:25
Cluster state change time: 2023-04-18 12:07:47
Primary selected using:
  <2023/04/18 12:07:47> FGVM010000077649 is selected as the primary because its override priority is larger than peer member FGVM010000077650.
  es_pickup: disable
  override: disable
Configuration Status:
  FGVM010000077649(updated 4 seconds ago): in-sync
  FGVM010000077650(updated 1 seconds ago): out-of-sync
System Usage stats:
  FGVM010000077649(updated 4 seconds ago):
    sessions=166, average-cpu-user/nice/system/idle=11%/0%/99%, memory=45%
  FGVM010000077650(updated 1 seconds ago):
    sessions=3, average-cpu-user/nice/system/idle=0%/0%/100%, memory=44%
BDEV stats:
  FGVM010000077649(updated 4 seconds ago):
    port7: physical/1000auto, up, rx-bytes/packets/dropped/errors=167663/567/0/0, tx=262623/656/0/0
  FGVM010000077650(updated 1 seconds ago):
    port7: physical/1000auto, up, rx-bytes/packets/dropped/errors=271373/680/0/0, tx=176013/592/0/0
Primary : NGFW-1, FGVM010000077649, HA cluster index = 1
Secondary : NGFW-2, FGVM010000077650, HA cluster index = 0
Number of vcluster: 1
Cluster 1: work 169.254.0.2
Primary: FGVM010000077649, HA operating index = 0
Secondary: FGVM010000077650, HA operating index = 1
```

Refer to the exhibit, which shows the output of get system ha status.

NGFW-1 and NGFW-2 have been up for a week.

Which two statements about the output are true? (Choose two.)

- A. If no action is taken, the primary FortiGate will leave the cluster because of the current sync status.
- **B. If port 7 becomes disconnected on the secondary, both FortiGate devices will elect itself as primary.**
- C. If a configuration change is made to the primary FortiGate at this time, the secondary will initiate a synchronization reset.
- **D. If FGVM...649 is rebooted, FGVM...650 will become the primary and retain that role, even after FGVM...649 rejoins the cluster.**

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

FortiGate HA Troubleshooting and Synchronization Guides

Fortinet Admin Guide: HA Primary Role Retention, Cluster Break-up Due to Out-of-Sync Status

NEW QUESTION # 39

The local OSPF router is unable to establish adjacency with a peer.

Which two things should the administrator do to troubleshoot the issue? (Choose two.)

- **A. Check if IP protocol 89 is blocked.**
- B. Check if TCP port 179 is blocked.
- C. Check if there is an active static route to the peer.
- **D. Check if both peers have an IP address within the same subnet.**

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

The correct answers are A and B.

The Network Security Support Engineer 7.6 Study Guide states under OSPF Troubleshooting:

"Follow these steps to troubleshoot an OSPF problem between two peers:

- * Check that the local router can reach the remote peer. IP addresses must be in the same subnet and have the same subnet mask.
 - * Ensure that IP protocol 89 is not blocked.
 - * Hello and dead intervals must match.
 - * The OSPF router ID for each peer must be unique. Duplicate router IDs are not allowed.
 - * Do the MTUs match?
 - * If authentication is enabled, the type and password must match on both sides.*** The same page also summarizes the troubleshooting tips as:
 - * "Do peers have an IP address within the same subnet?"
 - * "Is IP protocol 89 blocked?"
- This directly confirms:
- * A is correct
 - * B is correct
- Why the other options are wrong:
- * C is wrong because TCP port 179 is used by BGP , not OSPF. OSPF uses IP protocol 89 , as the study guide explicitly notes
 - * D is wrong because the study guide's OSPF adjacency troubleshooting checklist does not require an active static route to the peer. OSPF neighbors form adjacency on directly reachable networks, and the guide instead focuses on same subnet, protocol 89, intervals, router ID, MTU, and authentication matching So the verified answers are: A, B .

NEW QUESTION # 40

Refer to the exhibit, which shows the output of a policy route table entry.

```
id=2113929223 static_route=7 dscp_tag=0xff 0xff flags=0x0 tos=0x00 tos_mask=0x00 protocol=0 sport=0-0 iif=0 dport=1-65535 path(1) oif=3(port1) gwy=192.2.0.2
source wildcard(1): 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0
destination wildcard(1): 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0
internet service(1): Fortinet-FortiGuard(1245324,0,0,0)
hit_count=0 last_used=2022-02-23 06:39:07
```

Which type of policy route does the output show?

- A. A regular policy route, which is associated with an active static route in the FIB
- B. An ISDB route
- C. A regular policy route
- **D. An SD-WAN rule**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 41

Exhibit.

```
# diagnose hardware sysinfo memory
MemTotal:      2055916 kB
MemFree:       708880 kB
Buffers:       2270 kB
Cached:        641364 kB
SwapCached:    0 kB
Active:        726352 kB
Inactive:      98908 kB
```

Refer to the exhibit, which shows a partial output of diagnose hardware sysinfo memory.

Which two statements about the output are true? (Choose two.)

- **A. The value indicated next to the inactive heading represents the currently unused cache page.**
- **B. The user space has 708880 kB of physical memory that is not used by the system.**
- C. The I/O cache, which has 641364 kB of memory allocated to it.
- D. There are 98908 kB of memory that will never be used.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

The partial output from diagnose hardware sysinfo memory provides details on system RAM allocation. According to Fortinet's technical documentation for memory troubleshooting and Linux memory management (which FortiOS is based on):

MemFree is the portion of physical memory not currently allocated to any running process or kernel function. Thus, 708880 kB is available and can be immediately used by user-space programs or system operations.

Inactive refers to pages in the memory cache that were previously in use for I/O or file system buffering but are now not actively

referenced. These pages are retained in memory for quick access if needed again, but can be reclaimed for other memory operations if demand increases. The value 98908 kB here represents currently unused cache pages (inactive pages), ready for repurposing or deletion if the system requires more RAM.

Cached represents the total amount of system memory allocated to cache, which includes both active and inactive cache pages. It does not, by itself, represent I/O cache exclusively, nor does "inactive" mean memory "will never be used" as the kernel can re-purpose inactive pages on demand.

References:

Fortinet Technical Tip: Explaining the 'diagnose hard sysinfo memory' command FortiOS System Administration Guide: Linux Memory Reporting, Cached and Inactive Statistics

NEW QUESTION # 42

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