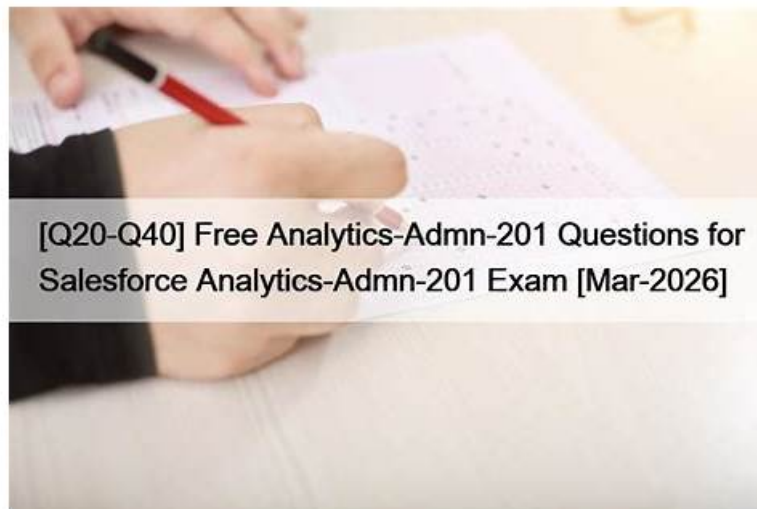


Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Testking - Analytics-Admn-201 Practice Exams



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Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Exam Overview:

Certification Vendor:	Salesforce
Exam Name:	Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator
Exam Number:	ANALYTICS-ADMIN-201
Exam Format:	Multiple-choice, Multiple-select
Exam Duration:	90 minutes
Real Exam Qty:	60
Passing Score:	65%
Available Languages:	English
Exam Price:	\$200 USD
Related Certifications:	Salesforce Certified Administrator
Sample Questions:	Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Sample Questions
Exam Way:	Online proctored or test center
Pre Condition:	Experience with Tableau Server and system administration recommended
Official Syllabus URL:	https://trailhead.salesforce.com/en/credentials/analyticsadministrator

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Analytics-Admn-201 Practice Exams - Analytics-Admn-201 Free Test Questions

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Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	Installation and Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Server Engineers and covers the process of installing Tableau Server, understanding installation paths, identity store options, SSO integrations, SSL setup, and silent installs. Candidates also need to demonstrate the ability to configure Tableau Server by setting cache, distributing processes, customizing sites, and configuring user quotas. It further includes adding users, managing their roles and permissions, and applying Tableau's security model at different levels from sites to workbooks.
Topic 2	Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the day-to-day tasks of maintaining Tableau Server. Candidates should understand how to create and manage schedules, subscriptions, backups, and restores, as well as how to use tools such as TSM, Tabcmd, and REST API. It emphasizes monitoring, server analysis, log file usage, and embedding practices. It also includes managing projects, sites, and nested structures, while contrasting end-user and administrator abilities. Knowledge of publishing, web authoring, sharing views, caching, and data source certification is also tested.
Topic 3	Migration & Upgrade: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Engineers and covers the process of upgrading and migrating Tableau Server environments. Candidates should understand how to carry out clean reinstalls, migrate servers to new hardware, and maintain backward compatibility during the process.
Topic 4	Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Support Specialists and covers resolving common Tableau Server issues. Candidates must know how to reset accounts, package logs, validate site resources, rebuild search indexes, and use analysis reports. It also includes understanding the role of browser cookies and creating support requests when needed.
Topic 5	Connecting to and Preparing Data: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the basic understanding of Tableau Server's interface, navigation, and overall topology. Candidates are expected to recognize both client and server components, understand how these interact, and know where to find information about versions, releases, and updates. It also focuses on system requirements, including hardware, operating systems, browsers, email configurations, cloud considerations, and licensing models. Additionally, it examines knowledge of server processes, data source types, network infrastructure, and ports needed for a stable deployment.

Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator Sample Questions (Q80-Q85):

NEW QUESTION # 80

A user named John publishes a workbook named Sales Quota to a project named Sales. The All Users group has the View and Download Workbook/Save As capabilities only to the Sales project. A user named Sandy has the Explorer (can publish) site role, on the Sales Quota workbook. No other users or groups have permissions to the Sales project. The Sales project is set to Managed by the owner. What are the effective rights for Sandy?

- A. The same rights as John
- B. No access
- **C. View and Download Workbook/Save As**
- D. All of the capabilities associated with the Editor rule

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 81

What two types of users can sign in to Tableau Server and edit the permissions for a workbook in a project, when permissions are NOT set to Locked to the project? (Choose two.)

- A. Users that have the workbook Interactor role
- **B. Users set to Project Leader for the workbook's project**
- **C. The workbook's owner**
- D. Users that have the project and workbook Viewer role

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

Editing permissions on a workbook in Tableau Server depends on the user's role and the project's permission settings. Since permissions are not locked (i.e., "Managed by Owner"), let's dissect who can edit them:

Permission Model:

Not Locked: Owners of content (workbooks, data sources) can set permissions, and Project Leaders can override at the project level.

Site Roles: Define maximum capabilities (e.g., Viewer, Explorer, Creator). Capabilities: "Set Permissions" is explicit--only certain users get it.

Option C (The workbook's owner): Correct.

Details: The owner (typically the publisher) has full control over their workbook when permissions are Managed by Owner.

How: In the UI, go to Content > Workbooks > Actions > Permissions--owners can edit rules (e.g., grant Editor to a group).

Site Role: Minimum of Explorer (can publish) or Creator to publish, ensuring "Set Permissions" capability.

Why: Ownership inherently includes permission management unless locked.

Option D (Users set to Project Leader for the workbook's project): Correct. Details: Project Leaders are assigned via Content > Projects > Actions > Permissions > Set Project Leader:

Power: Can edit permissions for all content in the project, even if not the owner.

Site Role: Requires Site Administrator or Server Administrator (Creator/Explorer variants suffice).

Why: Overrides ownership in Managed by Owner mode--ensures project-level governance.

NEW QUESTION # 82

What file format should you use to register Tableau Server from the command line?

- **A. JSON**
- B. HTTP
- C. YML
- D. XML

Answer: A

Explanation:

Registering Tableau Server from the command line involves providing configuration details (e.g., identity store, license) via the tsm register command. Let's explore this fully:

Registration Process:

Run during initial setup or to update settings (e.g., after changing AD/LDAP config).

Uses a configuration file to pass parameters to TSM.

Command: tsm register --file <path-to-file>.

File Format:

Tableau Server uses JSON for configuration files in TSM commands like tsm register.

Example:

```
json
CollapseWrapCopy
{
  "identityStore": {
    "type": "local",
    "domain": "example.com"
  }
}
```

JSON is structured, machine-readable, and aligns with Tableau's modern CLI design.

Option C (JSON): Correct.

Official format for tsm register, per documentation and practical use.

NEW QUESTION # 83

You install Tableau Server on a server that has four processor cores. How many instances of each Tableau Server process are installed?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: A

Explanation:

Tableau Server's installer configures process instances based on hardware and deployment type (single-node vs. multi-node). For a single-node installation with 4 cores, we need to consider the default process topology

. Let's break this down exhaustively:

* Key Processes:

* Gateway: Handles incoming requests (1 instance).

* Application Server (VizPortal): Manages UI and sessions (1 instance).

* VizQL Server: Renders visualizations (2 instances).

* Backgrounder: Runs extract refreshes, subscriptions (1 instance).

* Data Server: Manages data connections (1 instance).

* File Store: Stores extracts (1 instance).

* Repository: Metadata database (1 instance, active).

* Cluster Controller, Cache Server, etc.: Supporting processes (typically 1 each).

* Default Configuration:

* On a single-node install, Tableau sets 1 instance per process unless specified otherwise, except for VizQL, which defaults to 2.

* The installer doesn't scale instances linearly with cores (e.g., 4 cores # 4 instances). Post-install, TSM can adjust this (e.g., tsm topology set-process), but the question asks for the installed default.

* Minimum hardware (8 cores, 32 GB RAM) suggests higher defaults, but 4 cores still triggers a minimal setup.

* Option B (1): Correct with Caveat.

* Most processes (e.g., Backgrounder, Gateway, Data Server) default to 1 instance on install, regardless of 4 cores.

* VizQL defaults to 2, but the question's phrasing ("each process") implies a general rule.

Historically (and per docs), 1 is the baseline for most, with VizQL as the exception.

* Interpretation: Assuming "each" means the typical case, 1 fits most processes on a 4-core single- node setup.

* Option A (2): Incorrect. Only VizQL defaults to 2; others don't.

* Option C (8): Incorrect. Far exceeds defaults-8 cores might justify more, but not 4.

* Option D (4): Incorrect. Not tied to core count by default; manual config would be needed.

Why This Matters: Understanding defaults aids capacity planning-4 cores is below production minimum (8), so performance tuning may be needed post-install.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Server Process Settings" (<https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/processes.htm>).

NEW QUESTION # 84

You have an existing group subscription. You add a user to the group. What statement correctly describes the result?

- A. The creator of the subscription receives notice of the change and must manually edit the subscription to reflect the new group membership
- B. The administrator receives a notice to approve or deny adding the user to the subscription
- C. The subscription will continue to include only the members of the group at the time the subscription was made
- D. The subscription updates automatically to include the new user

Answer: D

Explanation:

Subscriptions in Tableau Server deliver workbook views to users via email on a schedule. Group subscriptions apply to all group members--let's unpack this:

Group Subscription Mechanics:

