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>> Mule-Arch-201日本語試験情報 <<

効果的Mule-Arch-201 | ハイパスレートのMule-Arch-201日本語試験情報試験 | 試験の準備方法Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Platform Architect クラムメディア

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ンの実践により、レビューを効果的にすることができます。それが、当社のMule-Arch-201調査問題がプロのモデルである理由です。98%以上の高い合格率を誇るMule-Arch-201試験問題により、数千万人の受験者が試験に合格しました。

Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Platform Architect 認定 Mule-Arch-201 試験問題 (Q135-Q140):

質問 # 135

An application updates an inventory running only one process at any given time to keep the inventory consistent. This process takes 200 milliseconds (.2 seconds) to execute; therefore, the scalability threshold of the application is five requests per second. What is the impact on the application if horizontal scaling is applied, thereby increasing the number of Mule workers?

- A. The application scalability threshold is five requests per second regardless of the horizontal scaling
- B. Horizontal scaling cannot be applied to an already-running application
- C. The total process execution time is now 100 milliseconds (.1 seconds)
- D. The application scalability threshold is now 10 requests per second

正解: A

解説:

Given that the application is designed to handle only one process at a time to maintain data consistency, here's why horizontal scaling won't increase the processing limit:

Single-Process Constraint:

The application limits to processing one transaction at a time due to its design for consistency, meaning horizontal scaling (adding more workers) does not increase processing speed beyond this limit.

Execution Time:

Since each request takes 200 ms, five requests per second is the maximum processing threshold. Increasing the number of workers does not bypass this single-process limitation.

of Correct Answer (A):

The scalability remains at five requests per second, as this constraint is intrinsic to the application's design.

of Incorrect Options:

Option B suggests a change in execution time, which horizontal scaling does not affect.

Option C assumes doubling the throughput, which isn't possible due to the single-threaded nature of the application.

Option D suggests horizontal scaling cannot apply, which is incorrect; however, scaling does not increase throughput in this context.

Reference

For more on understanding scaling and concurrency in Mule applications, see MuleSoft's documentation on application performance and scaling limitations.

質問 # 136

What is true about the technology architecture of Anypoint VPCs?

- A. Each CloudHub environment requires a separate Anypoint VPC
- B. The private IP address range of an Anypoint VPC is automatically chosen by CloudHub
- C. VPC peering can be used to link the underlying AWS VPC to an on-premises (non AWS) private network
- D. Traffic between Mule applications deployed to an Anypoint VPC and on-premises systems can stay within a private network

正解: D

解説:

Correct Answer: Traffic between Mule applications deployed to an Anypoint VPC and on-premises systems can stay within a private network

>> The private IP address range of an Anypoint VPC is NOT automatically chosen by CloudHub. It is chosen by us at the time of creating VPC using thr CIDR blocks.

CIDR Block: The size of the Anypoint VPC in Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) notation.

For example, if you set it to 10.111.0.0/24, the Anypoint VPC is granted 256 IP addresses from 10.111.0.0 to 10.111.0.255.

Ideally, the CIDR Blocks you choose for the Anypoint VPC come from a private IP space, and should not overlap with any other Anypoint VPC's CIDR Blocks, or any CIDR Blocks in use in your corporate network.

□ that each CloudHub environment requires a separate Anypoint VPC. Once an Anypoint VPC is created, we can choose a same

VPC by multiple environments. However, it is generally a best and recommended practice to always have separate Anypoint VPCs for Non-Prod and Prod environments.

>> We use Anypoint VPN to link the underlying AWS VPC to an on-premises (non AWS) private network. NOT VPC Peering.

Reference:

Only true statement in the given choices is that the traffic between Mule applications deployed to an Anypoint VPC and on-premises systems can stay within a private network.

<https://docs.mulesoft.com/runtime-manager/vpc-connectivity-methods-concept>

質問 # 137

Say, there is a legacy CRM system called CRM-Z which is offering below functions:

1. Customer creation
2. Amend details of an existing customer
3. Retrieve details of a customer
4. Suspend a customer

- A. Implement different system APIs named createCustomer, amendCustomer, retrieveCustomer and suspendCustomer as they are modular and has separation of concerns
- B. Implement a system API named customerManagement which has all the functionalities wrapped in it as various operations/resources
- C. Implement different system APIs named createCustomerInCRMZ, amendCustomerInCRMZ, retrieveCustomerFromCRMZ and suspendCustomerInCRMZ as they are modular and has separation of concerns

正解: A

解説:

Correct Answer: Implement different system APIs named createCustomer, amendCustomer, retrieveCustomer and suspendCustomer as they are modular and has separation of concerns

>> It is quite normal to have a single API and different Verb + Resource combinations. However, this fits well for an Experience API or a Process API but not a best architecture style for System APIs. So, option with just one customerManagement API is not the best choice here.

>> The option with APIs in createCustomerInCRMZ format is next close choice w.r.t modularization and less maintenance but the naming of APIs is directly coupled with the legacy system. A better foreseen approach would be to name your APIs by abstracting the backend system names as it allows seamless replacement/migration of any backend system anytime. So, this is not the correct choice too.

>> createCustomer, amendCustomer, retrieveCustomer and suspendCustomer is the right approach and is the best fit compared to other options as they are both modular and same time got the names decoupled from backend system and it has covered all requirements a System API needs.

質問 # 138

To minimize operation costs, a customer wants to use a CloudHub 1.0 solution. The customer's requirements are:

- * Separate resources with two Business groups
- * High-availability (HA) for all APIs
- * Route traffic via Dedicated load balancer (DLBs)
- * Separate environments into production and non-production

Which solution meets the customer's needs?

- A. One production and one non-production Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) per Business group.
Minimize CIDR aligning with projected application total.
Divide availability zones during deployment of APIs for HA.
- B. One production and one non-production Virtual Private Cloud (VPC).
Use availability zones to differentiate between Business groups.
Allocate maximum CIDR per VPCs to ensure HA across availability zones
- C. One production and one non-production Virtual Private Cloud (VPC).
Configure subnet to differentiate between business groups.
Allocate maximum CIDR per VPCs to make it easier to add Child groups.
Span VPC to cover three availability zones.
- D. One production and one non-production Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) per Business group.

Minimize CIDR aligning with projected application total.
Choose a MuleSoft CloudHub 1.0 region with multiple availability zones.
Deploy multiple workers for HA,

正解: D

解説:

Understanding the Requirements:

Business Groups: The solution must support two business groups, which typically require separate VPCs for logical separation.

High Availability (HA): Requires deploying resources across multiple availability zones.

Dedicated Load Balancer (DLB): Traffic should be routed via DLBs, which operate within VPCs on CloudHub.

Separate Environments: There needs to be separation between production and non-production environments.

Evaluating the Options:

Option A: Using a single production and non-production VPC and differentiating business groups via availability zones is not ideal as it does not provide full separation for each business group, and using maximum CIDR allocation is wasteful.

Option B (Correct Answer): Creating separate production and non-production VPCs per business group with minimized CIDR blocks, multiple availability zones, and multiple workers per application for HA meets all requirements effectively.

Option C: While this option separates VPCs per business group, it does not fully address the requirement for HA across availability zones by specifying multi-zone deployment only during API deployment, which may not guarantee redundancy.

Option D: Configuring subnets to differentiate business groups within a single production and non-production VPC does not fully separate the business groups, which is a requirement.

Conclusion:

Option B is the best choice as it meets the requirements for high availability, business group separation, and cost efficiency by using minimized CIDR allocations and deploying multiple workers across availability zones.

For further reference, refer to MuleSoft's documentation on VPC configuration and high availability deployment strategies.

質問 # 139

An organization wants MuleSoft-hosted runtime plane features (such as HTTP load balancing, zero downtime, and horizontal and vertical scaling) in its Azure environment. What runtime plane minimizes the organization's effort to achieve these features?

- A. Anypoint Runtime Fabric
- B. A hybrid combination of customer-hosted and MuleSoft-hosted Mule runtimes
- C. CloudHub
- D. Anypoint Platform for Pivotal Cloud Foundry

正解: A

解説:

Correct Answer: Anypoint Runtime Fabric

>> When a customer is already having an Azure environment, It is not at all an ideal approach to go with hybrid model having some Mule Runtimes hosted on Azure and some on MuleSoft. This is unnecessary and useless.

>> CloudHub is a Mulesoft-hosted Runtime plane and is on AWS. We cannot customize to point CloudHub to customer's Azure environment.

>> Anypoint Platform for Pivotal Cloud Foundry is specifically for infrastructure provided by Pivotal Cloud Foundry

>> Anypoint Runtime Fabric is right answer as it is a container service that automates the deployment and orchestration of Mule applications and API gateways. Runtime Fabric runs within a customer-managed infrastructure on AWS, Azure, virtual machines (VMs), and bare-metal servers.

-Some of the capabilities of Anypoint Runtime Fabric include:

-Isolation between applications by running a separate Mule runtime per application.

-Ability to run multiple versions of Mule runtime on the same set of resources.

-Scaling applications across multiple replicas.

-Automated application fail-over.

-Application management with Anypoint Runtime Manager.

質問 # 140

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