

# 100% Pass Quiz 2026 EXIN CDCS: High Hit-Rate EXIN EPI Certified Data Centre Specialist Pass4sure Dumps Pdf



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## EXIN CDCS Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data Centre Environmental Considerations and Efficiency: This section evaluates the proficiency of data center professionals in addressing environmental factors and promoting efficiency within data center operations. The target audience, including data center managers and engineers, will be tested on their ability to identify and implement measures that enhance energy efficiency, cooling management, and sustainable practices.</li></ul>

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data Centre Life Cycle and Standards: This section of the exam measures the skills of data center professionals and covers the various stages involved in the life cycle of a data center, from planning and design to implementation and decommissioning.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Designing and Implementing a Data Centre: In this module, the exam assesses the knowledge of Exin data center professionals tasked with the design and implementation of data centers. Candidates will learn the key principles of creating an efficient data center layout, including considerations for scalability, redundancy, and security.</li> </ul>

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## **CDCS Interactive Questions & CDCS Valid Braindumps Sheet**

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### **EXIN EPI Certified Data Centre Specialist Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):**

#### **NEW QUESTION # 34**

You need to install a highly sensitive fire detection system. The data center has a high airflow rate. Which system should you recommend?

- A. Ionization smoke detector
- B. Photoelectric smoke detector
- **C. VIEW (Very Early Warning) smoke detector**
- D. Dry pipe sprinkler system

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Data centers typically have high airflow environments due to CRAC/CRAH units, containment, and raised floors. Standard smoke detectors (ionization or photoelectric) often fail to detect incipient smoke because the air movement disperses particles.

The correct solution is VESDA/VIEW (Very Early Warning) smoke detection systems, which use aspirating smoke detectors (ASD). These systems continuously sample air through pipes and can detect smoke particles at concentrations as low as 0.001% obscuration/m. This provides early detection well before fire growth, allowing mitigation without system shutdown.

\* Dry pipe sprinklers (A) are suppression, not detection.

\* Ionization detectors (B) are sensitive to flaming fires but unreliable in high-airflow environments.

\* Photoelectric detectors (C) are better for smoldering fires but still inadequate in high airflow compared to ASD systems.

References: NFPA 75 §5.4.3, NFPA 76 (Telecom facilities - aspirating systems), ISO 7240-20 (Aspirating Smoke Detectors).

#### **NEW QUESTION # 35**

Management has requested a 15-minute battery bank assuming full load on the UPS. The UPS vendor has provided the following specifications of the UPS:

\*Rated power: 30 kVA

\*Rectifier input voltage: 400 V/3 phase

\*Rectifier input power factor: 0.8

\*Battery rated voltage: 384 V

\*Number of cells: 192

\*End of discharge voltage: 308 V

\*Inverter output voltage: 400 V/3 phase

\*Inverter output power factor: 0.8

What information is missing to perform the battery calculation?

- A. Available battery charging current
- B. Inverter efficiency
- C. Load imbalance on the phases
- D. **UPS efficiency**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

To determine the required capacity of the battery bank for the 15-minute runtime at full load, one must know the total power requirement that the battery bank must supply. The specifications provided include most of the necessary details, such as rated power, input voltage, battery voltage, and discharge voltage. However, one critical piece of information is missing: the UPS efficiency.

Detailed Explanation:

In a data center UPS system, the battery bank is designed to supply power for a set duration when there is an input power failure. The UPS efficiency affects the actual power the UPS can deliver to the load compared to the power it draws from the batteries. The efficiency factor is necessary to accurately calculate the required capacity of the battery bank since it determines how much input power is needed from the batteries to supply the load at full capacity. The formula typically used to determine battery capacity involves factoring in UPS efficiency, as it allows you to understand the losses within the UPS system.

If UPS efficiency is not considered, there would be an inaccurate estimation of the actual power needed from the batteries. For instance, if a UPS has 90% efficiency, only 90% of the power drawn from the batteries reaches the load. Without knowing this efficiency, it is not possible to calculate the battery bank size accurately, as you cannot accurately estimate the losses within the UPS itself.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

According to EPI Data Center Specialist training, understanding the UPS efficiency is essential for battery sizing. Without it, the calculations could lead to either undersizing or oversizing the battery bank, which affects both reliability and cost-effectiveness of the UPS system. The EPI Data Center Specialist course emphasizes that battery sizing must account for all losses within the UPS system, with efficiency being a primary factor in these calculations.

**NEW QUESTION # 36**

The computer room has high levels of H2S gas contamination. What is the best option to resolve this issue?

- A. **Install air-scrubbers.**
- B. Clean the room and racks with a damp/wet cloth.
- C. Provide more air changes per hour by adding more fresh air to the computer room.
- D. Vacuum the whole room using a HEPA/S-Class-based filter.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

High levels of H2S (hydrogen sulfide) gas contamination in a computer room are best addressed by installing air-scrubbers. Air-scrubbers can effectively filter out contaminants, including corrosive gases like H2S, ensuring clean air circulation and protecting sensitive IT equipment from potential corrosion and damage.

Detailed Explanation:

Air-scrubbers are designed to remove various airborne contaminants and are particularly useful in environments where corrosive gases are present. These systems use filters or chemical reactions to neutralize harmful substances, making them ideal for data centers that need to maintain high air quality for equipment reliability.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI guidelines suggest air-scrubbing technologies to remove contaminants that pose risks to electronic equipment, maintaining air quality and reducing corrosion risk.

**NEW QUESTION # 37**

Three data centers are benchmarked on facilities energy efficiency.

Data center A has achieved a PUE of 2.45.

Data center B has achieved a PUE of 1.20.

Data center C has achieved a PUE of 1.90.

Which of the data centers is operating at the highest facility efficiency?

- A. **Data center A**
- B. Data center B

- C. Data center C
- D. PUE does not indicate efficiency

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

A Power Usage Effectiveness (PUE) of 1.20 (achieved by Data Center B) indicates the highest facility efficiency among the three data centers. A lower PUE value signifies better energy efficiency, as it means that a greater proportion of the total energy consumed is used directly for IT equipment rather than for cooling, lighting, or other facility needs.

Detailed Explanation:

PUE is calculated as the ratio of total facility energy to IT equipment energy. A PUE close to 1.0 suggests that almost all the energy is dedicated to computing processes, with minimal overhead. With PUE values of 2.45,

1.20, and 1.90, Data Center B (1.20) operates most efficiently by devoting a higher percentage of its total energy to IT equipment.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

The EPI curriculum emphasizes PUE as a key metric for data center efficiency, with lower values representing better performance. Achieving a PUE near 1.0 aligns with industry best practices for energy-efficient data center design and operation.

**NEW QUESTION # 38**

The pipes of a VESDA smoke detection system are installed at the air intake of the air conditioner inside the computer room. Is this a good practice from an early smoke detection point of view?

- A. Yes, as this reduces the amount of piping to be installed in the data center, as all air will go through the air conditioner.
- B. No, it will give a longer reaction time for the smoke detection system and there might also be bypass airflow.
- C. It depends on the type of gas-based fire suppression which will be installed.
- D. No, the piping should be installed at the air exhaust of the air conditioner, as there can also be a fire inside the air conditioner itself.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

For optimal early smoke detection in a data center, it is crucial that the Very Early Smoke Detection Apparatus (VESDA) system be installed at locations where smoke will be detected as soon as it appears.

Positioning the VESDA pipes at the air intake of the air conditioner inside the computer room is not ideal.

This placement could result in a delayed detection response and the potential for bypass airflow to occur, which would impede the system's ability to detect smoke effectively.

Detailed Explanation:

When VESDA pipes are installed at the air intake, the detection system relies on the smoke to be drawn into the air conditioning unit before detection can occur. This setup increases the reaction time as the smoke has to travel through the intake and get processed by the air conditioner. Furthermore, bypass airflow-a phenomenon where not all the air containing smoke particles passes through the VESDA pipes-could also delay or even prevent the system from detecting smoke early.

Ideally, VESDA pipes should be positioned where smoke is likely to accumulate first, such as near the ceiling or in the return airflow path to detect smoke at the earliest possible stage. This ensures that the detection system can quickly trigger alarms, providing more time to address potential fire hazards.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI Data Center Specialist training highlights that smoke detection should prioritize early response capabilities to maximize safety. The preferred installation for VESDA pipes is generally at points where smoke would naturally accumulate, rather than relying on air conditioning intakes where airflow can vary and delay detection. In their course materials, EPI emphasizes minimizing reaction time and reducing the impact of airflow dynamics on smoke detection efficiency.

**NEW QUESTION # 39**

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