ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation시험패스 & ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation인기시험덤프

그리고 KoreaDumps ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation 시험 문제집의 전체 버전을 클라우드 저장소에서 다운로드할 수 있습니다: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1zfoRgK3IniAF9B8ltJMAC_XBsY_u9vfF

APMG-International ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation인증덤프가 KoreaDumps전문가들의 끈임 없는 노력 하에 최고의 버전으로 출시되었습니다. 여러분의 꿈을 이루어드리려고 말이죠. IT업계에서 자기만의 자리를 잡고 싶다면APMG-International ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation인증시험이 아주 좋은 자격증입니다. 만약APMG-International ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation인증시험 자격증이 있다면 일에서도 많은 변화가 있을 것입니다, 연봉상승은 물론, 자기자신만의 공간도 넓어집니다.

APMG-International ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	• Framework Design: Framework design is the process of developing a reusable structural foundation that supports and guides the creation and organization of software systems.
주제 2	• Information Management (IM): Information management (IM) encompasses the entire lifecycle of information within an organization—from its collection and storage to its distribution, use, and eventual archiving or disposal.
주제 3	• Continuous Improvement Process (CI, CIP): A continuous or continual improvement process (CIP or CI) involves ongoing, systematic efforts to enhance products, services, or operational processes to achieve higher efficiency and effectiveness over time.
주제 4	• Compliance: Regulatory compliance refers to an organization's commitment to understanding and adhering to applicable laws, policies, and regulations to operate within established legal and ethical standards.

주제 5	• Cybersecurity: Cybersecurity, also known as IT security or computer security, involves safeguarding computer systems, networks, and data from unauthorized access, theft, damage, or disruption to ensure the integrity and availability of digital information.

최신 ISO/IEC 27001 ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation 무료샘플문제 (Q10-Q15):

질문 # 10
What activity is done first when preparing for an initial certification audit?

- A. Agree the scope of the ISMS with the Certification Body auditor
- B. Provide records to the Certification Body auditor for the Stage 2 audit
- C. Provide evidence that nonconformities from an internal audit have been actioned
- D. Provide documents to the Certification Body auditor for the Stage 1 audit

정답：A

설명:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract ISO/IEC 27001:2022 standards and certification guidance:
Before a certification audit can begin, thescope of the ISMSmust be clearly defined and agreed with the Certification Body.
ISO/IEC 27001 Clause 4.3 requires: "The scope shall be available as documented information." Certification Bodies require this scope statement to plan audit duration, resources, and coverage. Only after the scope is agreed does the Stage 1 audit begin, which reviews documented information and readiness. Stage
2 focuses on implementation and effectiveness. Evidence of corrective actions (C) is checked at Stage 2 if issues were identified earlier. Records provision (D) occurs during Stage 2, not first.
Thus, the first step in preparing for certification isA: Agreeing the scope of the ISMS with the Certification Body auditor.

질문 # 11
Identify the missing word in the following sentence.
According to ISO/IEC 27000, the definition of risk [?] is a "process to comprehend the nature of risk and to determine the level of risk."

- A. Assessment
- B. Management
- C. Analysis
- D. Evaluation

정답：C

설명:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract ISO/IEC 27000 standards:
ISO/IEC 27000 defines:
* Risk analysis: "process to comprehend the nature of risk and to determine the level of risk" (Clause 3.58).
* Risk assessment: the overall process of risk identification, risk analysis, and risk evaluation.
* Risk evaluation: compares results of risk analysis against risk criteria to determine priority.
* Risk management: coordinated activities to direct and control an organization with regard to risk.
Therefore, the missing word in the given definition is"analysis".

This is important for ISMS implementation: organizations must understand the distinctions. Risk analysis is the core technical evaluation stage, while assessment is the broader process including evaluation, and management refers to the overall governance of risks.
Thus, the correct verified answer isB: Analysis.

질문 # 12
To whom are the information security policies required to be communicated, according to the control in Annex A of ISO/IEC 27001?

- A. Relevant personnel and relevant interested parties
- B. Top management
- C. Only staff with accountability for ISMS operation
- D. Employees within the scope of the ISMS

정답：A

설명：
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract ISO/IEC 27002:2022 standards:
Annex A.5.1 (Policies for information security) clearly specifies:
"Information security policy and topic-specific policies should be defined, approved by management, published, communicated to and acknowledged by relevant personnel and relevant interested parties..." This means the communication obligation is not limited to top management (A) or only ISMS staff (B), nor does it stop at employees only (C). Instead, ISO/IEC 27001/27002 mandate a broader scope: allrelevant personnel and relevant interested partiesmust be informed. This ensures both internal stakeholders (employees, contractors, temporary staff) and external interested parties (suppliers, partners, regulators, customers, etc.) receive the right policy communications where applicable. Therefore, the correct and verified answer isD.

질문 # 13
Which statement describes a requirement of an internal audit programme?

- A. Previous audit results are disregarded to ensure objectivity
- B. All processes must be audited within a 3-year cycle
- C. The programme must consider the importance of the target processes
- D. The programme must use third party auditors to ensure impartiality

정답：C

설명：
Clause 9.2.2 of ISO/IEC 27001:2022 specifies requirements for the internal audit programme. It requires organizations to: "Plan, establish, implement and maintain an audit programme(s) including the frequency, methods, responsibilities, planning requirements and reporting, which shall take into consideration the importance of the processes concerned, changes affecting the organization, and the results of previous audits." This makes optionCcorrect, since importance of the processes is a required factor. Option A is incorrect because audits do not need third-party auditors; objectivity can be maintained internally if independence is respected. Option B is wrong because previous audit results must be considered, not disregarded. Option D is also incorrect - the standard does not specify a 3-year cycle; frequency depends on risks and needs.
Thus, the correct verified answer isC.

질문 # 14
Which activity is a required element of information security risk identification?

- A. Consider the likelihood of the occurrence
- B. Determine the level of risk
- C. Determine the risk owners
- D. Prioritize the risk for treatment

정답：C

설명：
Clause 6.1.2 defines the mandatory elements of risk assessment. Under risk identification, the standard requires: "identifies the

information security risks:1) apply the information security risk assessment process to identify risks...; and2) identify the risk owners." By contrast, considering likelihood and determining levels of risk (options B and D) are part ofrisk analysis(6.1.2 d) "assess the realistic likelihood...";
"determine the levels of risk"), and prioritization for treatment (option C) is part ofrisk evaluation(6.1.2 e)
"prioritize the analysed risks for risk treatment"). Therefore, the specific activity that belongs torisk identificationis toidentify the risk owners. This sequencing is prescribed to ensure each risk has a designated owner responsible for decisions on treatment and acceptance downstream.

질문 # 15

......

그리고 KoreaDumps ISO-IEC-27001-Foundation 시험 문제집의 전체 버전을 클라우드 저장소에서 다운로드할 수 있습니다: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1zfoRgK3IniAF9B8ltJMAC_XBsY_u9vfF