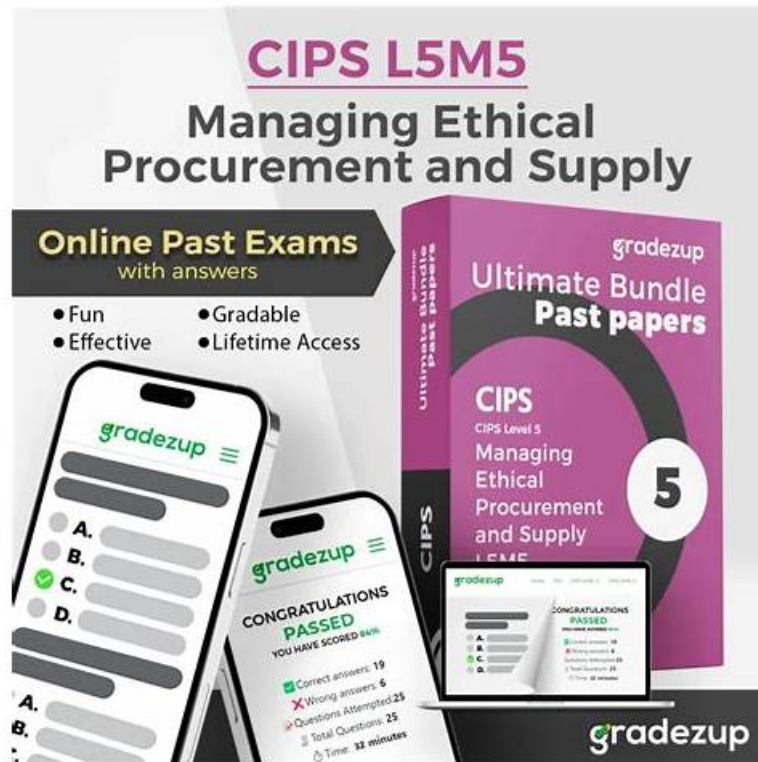


CIPS - L5M5 - Managing Ethical Procurement and Supply (L5M5)–Valid Examcollection Dumps



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The CIPS L5M5 certification exam is one of the top-rated career booster certifications in the market. This Managing Ethical Procurement and Supply (L5M5) (L5M5) certification offers a great opportunity for CIPS aspirants to validate their skills and knowledge. By doing this they can gain several personal and professional benefits. These L5M5 Certification benefits help them not only prove their expertise but also enable them to gain multiple career opportunities in the highly competitive market.

CIPS L5M5 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand initiatives and standards related to ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) that support ethical and sustainable procurement and supply: This section of the exam measures the skills of Procurement Leaders and covers the global frameworks and standards that shape ethical supply practices. It explores international labour standards set by organizations such as the UN and ILO, and labour codes like the Ethical Trading Initiative and SA800. Candidates also examine external environmental frameworks, industry accreditations, and their role in meeting ESG goals. Finally, this section addresses fair trade principles, organizations such as WFTO and Fairtrade International, and the need to align internal governance with global standards.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand the importance of compliance with ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) factors to achieve ethical and sustainable procurement and supply arrangements: This section of the exam measures skills of Supply Chain Specialists and covers methods to ensure compliance with ESG standards in procurement. It includes the use of supply chain mapping, risk management, stakeholder engagement, and contractual terms to secure sustainable practices. Candidates also learn how to monitor supplier performance, handle non-compliance, and utilize third-party auditors to maintain ethical standards. Relationship management strategies, corrective actions, and escalation processes are emphasized as part of ensuring suppliers meet ESG expectations.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the impact of ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) considerations on ethical and sustainable supply chains: This section of the exam measures the skills of Procurement Managers and covers how ESG principles are applied to secure ethical and sustainable supply chains. It looks at the role of environmental, social, and governance factors in procurement decisions, alongside risks and benefits of ESG adoption. Learners also explore issues such as modern slavery, bribery, and human rights, as well as the importance of diversity, inclusion, and stakeholder management. The section highlights how globalization, culture, and labour practices shape supply strategies and examines potential conflicts that may arise when balancing ESG priorities with business demands.
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CIPS Managing Ethical Procurement and Supply (L5M5) Sample Questions (Q21-Q26):

NEW QUESTION # 21

What is the term for a clause in a contract that, if breached, allows the injured party to claim damages but does not result in the termination of the contract?

- A. Condition
- **B. Warranty**
- C. Representation
- D. Innominate term

Answer: B

Explanation:

Choice C- A warranty in a contract is a term that, if breached, allows the injured party to claim damages but does not give them the right to terminate the entire contract. Therefore, this is the answer.

Incorrect answer:

Choice A- A representation is a statement made by one party to another, often during pre-contractual negotiations, to induce them to enter into a contract. Representations are not terms of the contract, so their breach does not directly impact the contract itself in the same way as a condition, warranty, or innominate term. Since the question specifies a contractual clause, representation cannot be the correct answer.

Choice B- A condition is a fundamental term of the contract. Breaching a condition gives the injured party the right to: Terminate the contract, and Claim damages. The question explicitly states that the clause should not allow for termination of the contract. Therefore, a condition does not fit the criteria.

Choice D- An innominate term does not have a predefined classification as a condition or warranty. Its treatment depends on the severity of the breach: If the breach is serious, it could lead to termination (similar to a condition) or if the breach is minor, it only results in damages (similar to a warranty). Since the question specifies a clause that does not allow for termination regardless of the breach's impact, this term is too flexible to be the correct answer.

Reference:

LO-2.2; Page 190-191; Monitoring Contract Performance

NEW QUESTION # 22

Roogy Ltd, a UK SME, considers implementing its own environmental standard instead of a global one. What is the advantage of this?

- A. It will be more easily understood by customers
- **B. It will be cheaper**

- C. This is a form of greenwashing
- D. It ensures compliance with local regulations

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Documents:

The L5M5 study guide (p.281) states that the advantage of a company creating its own internal environmental standard is that it is generally cheaper than obtaining a recognised certification like ISO14001. This can be more suitable for smaller firms with limited budgets. However, it is not necessarily easier for customers to understand (A), nor does it automatically ensure compliance with regulations (C). It is not inherently greenwashing (D) unless it is misleading. Procurement professionals should balance cost savings against credibility when considering internal versus recognised environmental standards.

Reference: Managing Ethical Procurement and Supply (L5M5) Study Guide, p.281

NEW QUESTION # 23

Which of the following is NOT part of the UN's 17 Sustainable Development Goals?

- A. Reduce inequality within and among countries
- B. Take urgent action to combat climate change
- C. Eradicate unethical business practices
- D. End poverty in all its forms, everywhere

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Documents:

The UN's 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) form the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. They cover areas such as ending poverty (A), reducing inequality (B), and combatting climate change (C). However, eradicate unethical business practices (D) is not one of the listed goals. The L5M5 study guide (p.4) stresses that while business ethics are important, the SDGs are broader, covering social, environmental, and economic development priorities. Procurement professionals should be able to identify the SDGs, as supply chain policies are increasingly aligned with them to support global sustainability efforts.

Reference: Managing Ethical Procurement and Supply (L5M5) Study Guide, p.4

NEW QUESTION # 24

A seafood company in Country Z sources fish from a supplier employing migrant workers. An investigation reveals that the workers were charged excessive recruitment fees, leading to severe debt. Upon arrival, their passports were confiscated, and they were forced to work on fishing vessels for months without fair pay or rest. Those who attempted to leave or report the abuse faced threats of violence. Which labor rights violation best describes this situation?

- A. Child labor
- B. Sexual exploitation
- C. Discrimination
- D. Forced labor

Answer: D

Explanation:

Option C- This scenario involves forced labor because:

Workers were subjected to coercion through confiscation of passports and threats of violence.

They were trapped in abusive working conditions due to debts and lack of freedom to leave. The key elements of forced labor include deception during recruitment, coercion, and lack of consent, all of which are evident in this situation.

Incorrect answer:

Option A- The scenario does not mention minors being employed.

Option B- No evidence of unequal treatment based on characteristics like gender, race, or religion is mentioned.

Option D- The scenario does not involve sexual abuse or coercion.

Reference:

LO-3.1; Page 250-251; Standards set by the United Nations (UN) and the International Labor Organization (ILO)

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