

OGEA-103 PrüfungGuide, The Open Group OGEA-103 Zertifikat - TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam



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Die Open Group OGEA-103-Zertifizierungsprüfung ist ein wertvoller Berechtigungsnachweis für Fachleute, die ihr Fachwissen in der Enterprise-Architektur nachweisen möchten. Die Prüfung soll das Wissen und das Verständnis der Lernenden für das TOGAF-Framework sowie deren Fähigkeit, es in realen Situationen anzuwenden, testen. Die Zertifizierung wird weltweit als Maßstab für herausragende Leistungen in der Enterprise -Architektur anerkannt und kann Fachleuten helfen, ihre Karrieren vor Ort zu fördern.

Die Open Group OGEA-103-Zertifizierung ist eine international anerkannte Zertifizierung, die das Fachwissen einer Person in der Unternehmensarchitektur zeigt. Die Zertifizierung wird von Organisationen auf der ganzen Welt als Maßstab für Exzellenz in der Unternehmensarchitektur anerkannt. Es soll Fachleuten helfen, ihre Karriere im Bereich der Enterprise -Architektur voranzutreiben und ihr Engagement für kontinuierliches Lernen und berufliche Entwicklung zu demonstrieren.

>> OGEA-103 Prüfungsinformationen <<

OGEA-103 Übungstest: TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam & OGEA-103 Braindumps Prüfung

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The Open Group TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam OGEA-103 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q34-Q39):

34. Frage

Which of the following is included as part of Architecture Governance1?

- A. Creating and maintaining the Statement of Architecture Work through out the ADM cycle
- **B. Ensuring compliance with internal and external standards and regulatory obligations**
- C. Managing Stakeholders and their requirements
- D. Interacting with the CxO level on Enterprise Architecture

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Ensuring compliance with internal and external standards and regulatory obligations is one of the activities included as part of Architecture Governance. Architecture Governance is the practice and orientation by which enterprise architectures and other architectures are managed and controlled at an enterprise-wide level. It involves establishing processes, roles, responsibilities, policies, and standards to ensure that architectures are aligned with the enterprise's strategy and objectives, and meet the quality and performance requirements. Reference: The TOGAF® Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 3.3.6 Architecture Governance.

35. Frage

Which of the following are the four purposes that typically frame the planning horizon, depth and breadth of an Architecture Project, and the contents of the EA Repository-?

- A. General Foundational Subordinate and Superior Architecture
- B. Avant-Garde Big-Bang, Discreet and Cohesive
- C. Segment, Capability, Enterprise and End-to-end Target Architecture
- **D. Strategy Portfolio Project Solution Delivery**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

Strategy Portfolio Project Solution Delivery are the four purposes that typically frame the planning horizon, depth and breadth of an Architecture Project, and the contents of the EA Repository. They correspond to different levels of abstraction and granularity in the architecture development process. Reference: The TOGAF® Standard, Version 9.2 - The Open Group, Section 2.4 Architecture Repository.

36. Frage

Which of the following is a responsibility of an Architecture Board?

- A. Creating the Statement of Architecture Work
- B. Allocating resources for architecture projects
- C. Conducting assessments of the maturity level of architecture discipline within the organization
- **D. Establishing targets for re-use of components**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

* An Architecture Board is an executive-level group responsible for the review and maintenance of the strategic architecture and all of its sub-architectures1. It is a key element in a successful Architecture Governance strategy2.

* An Architecture Board is typically made responsible, and accountable, for achieving some or all of the following goals2:

* Providing the basis for all decision-making with regard to the architectures

- * Consistency between sub-architectures
- * Establishing targets for re-use of components
- * Flexibility of the Enterprise Architecture: To meet changing business needs To leverage new technologies
- * Enforcement of Architecture Compliance
- * Improving the maturity level of architecture discipline within the organization
- * Ensuring that the discipline of architecture-based development is adopted
- * Supporting a visible escalation capability for out-of-bounds decisions
- * Therefore, the correct answer is option D, which captures one of the goals of an Architecture Board as stated in the TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2.2.
- * Option A is incorrect, because conducting assessments of the maturity level of architecture discipline within the organization is not a direct responsibility of an Architecture Board, but rather a part of the Architecture Capability Framework³.
- * Option B is incorrect, because allocating resources for architecture projects is not a direct responsibility of an Architecture Board, but rather a part of the Architecture Governance Framework⁴.
- * Option C is incorrect, because creating the Statement of Architecture Work is not a direct responsibility of an Architecture Board, but rather a part of the Architecture Development Method⁵. References:
- * 1: Architecture Board - The Open Group³
- * 2: TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2 - Part VI: Architecture Governance Framework - Architecture Board
- * 3: TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2 - Part VI: Architecture Governance Framework - Architecture Capability Framework
- * 4: TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2 - Part VI: Architecture Governance Framework - Architecture Governance Framework
- * 5: TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2 - Part II: Architecture Development Method - Phase A: Architecture Vision

37. Frage

Consider the following ADM phases objectives.

Objective

1-Determine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value

2-Generate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D

3-Finalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan

4-Ensure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders Which phase does each objective match?

- A. 1G-2E-3F-4F
- B. 1F-2E-3F-4G
- C. 1E-2F-3E-4F
- D. 1E-2E-3F-4F

Antwort: A

Begründung:

Explanation

According to the TOGAF standard, the objectives of each ADM phase are as follows¹:

*Phase E: Opportunities and Solutions

oDetermine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value
oIdentify and group major work packages within the Architecture Roadmap
oIdentify and group major implementation projects to realize the Architecture Roadmap
oIdentify dependencies between increments and projects
oEstimate cost, benefit, and risk at a high level for each increment and project
oConduct initial prioritization and sequencing of the Architecture Roadmap and projects

*Phase F: Migration Planning

oGenerate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D
oConfirm the Transition Architectures with relevant stakeholders
oCreate the Implementation and Migration Plan, including Transition Architectures, work packages, projects, and other activities
oConfirm and agree the Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan with relevant stakeholders

*Phase G: Implementation Governance

oFinalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan
oEnsure conformance with the Target Architecture by implementation projects
oPerform appropriate Architecture Governance functions for the solution and any implementation-driven architecture Change Requests
oEnsure that the architecture lifecycle is maintained
oEnsure that the Architecture Governance Framework is executed

*Phase H: Architecture Change Management

oEnsure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders

oManage risks and issues related to the Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan
 oMonitor the implementation projects and Transition Architectures
 oManage changes to the architecture baseline
 oManage changes to the Architecture Capability
 Therefore, the correct matching of the objectives and the phases is:

*1G: Determine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value

*2E: Generate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D

*3F: Finalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan

*4F: Ensure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders

References: 1: The TOGAF Architecture Development Method

38. Frage

Consider the following chart:



Which important concept for Enterprise Architecture Practitioners does it illustrate?

- A. Enterprise Architects must use Gantt charts to communicate with Stakeholders.
- **B. An Enterprise Architecture must be developed in phases with a limited fixed duration.**
- C. ADM phases must be run simultaneously until the relevant information has been produced.
- D. ADM phases must be run in a sequenced approach to produce the Architecture.

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Explanation

<https://pubs.opengroup.org/architecture/togaf8-doc/arch/chap03.html>

The chart that you have provided is a Gantt chart that shows the tasks and timelines of a TOGAF project. It illustrates the concept of phased development of an Enterprise Architecture, which is one of the key principles of the TOGAF Architecture Development Method (ADM). The ADM is a cyclic process that consists of nine phases, from Preliminary to Architecture Change Management¹. Each phase has a specific purpose, scope, inputs, steps, and outputs, and produces a part of the Enterprise Architecture. The phases are executed in a sequential order, with some iterations and feedback loops, to ensure that the architecture is consistent, complete, and aligned with the business requirements and objectives. The phases also have a limited fixed duration, which is determined by the complexity, scope, and resources of the project. This helps to manage the expectations, risks, and costs of the architecture development, and to deliver the architecture in a timely and effective manner²³.

39. Frage

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