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Zscaler ZTCA Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Zero Trust Architecture Deep Dive Summary: This domain provides a recap of the Zero Trust concepts and practices discussed throughout the course. It reinforces the key elements required to successfully design and implement a Zero Trust architecture.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Control Content & Access: This domain covers how organizations assess risk, prevent compromise, and protect sensitive data when users access applications or services. It emphasizes adaptive controls, security inspection, and data protection practices aligned with Zero Trust principles.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify Identity and Context: This section focuses on validating who is connecting, understanding the access context, and determining where the connection is going. It highlights architectural best practices and explains how identity and contextual information are used to secure connections within a Zero Trust ecosystem.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zero Trust Architecture Deep Dive Introduction: This domain introduces the foundational concepts of Zero Trust Architecture and prepares learners for deeper topics in the course. It provides a high-level understanding of how the Zero Trust framework operates within modern security environments.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enforce Policy: This section explains how security policies are applied and enforced across user connections and application access. It focuses on ensuring that access decisions follow defined policies and that connections to applications remain secure and compliant.

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Zscaler Zero Trust Cyber Associate Sample Questions (Q25-Q30):

NEW QUESTION # 25

What is policy enforcement built to enable?

- A. Forwarding traffic on to a virtual DMZ.
- **B. Granular access from the verified initiator only to the verified application, under the correct risk and content controls.**
- C. Network access to all available applications.
- D. Blocking access to applications and the network.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The correct answer is C. In Zero Trust architecture, policy enforcement exists to provide precise, least- privileged access. It is not designed to place a user broadly onto the network, and it is not limited to simply blocking everything. Instead, it enables granular access from the verified initiator to the specific verified application, while also applying the correct policy conditions related to risk, content inspection, and business requirements.

This is one of the central differences between Zero Trust and legacy security models. Traditional VPN and firewall architectures often grant broad network connectivity first and then attempt to restrict behavior afterward. Zero Trust reverses that logic. The user is not trusted because they reached the network. Instead, the user receives access only to the exact application or service that policy permits, and only under the validated conditions for that request.

That is why granular policy enforcement is so important. It reduces attack surface, limits lateral movement, and aligns access with identity, context, and content-aware controls. Therefore, the best answer is granular access from the verified initiator only to the verified application, under the correct risk and content controls.

NEW QUESTION # 26

What is the trend that is increasing security risk through legacy solutions that drive network sprawl?

- A. An ongoing dependence on Layer 2 and Layer 3 switching, without consideration for upcoming 5G architectures.
- **B. More applications moving to the cloud, users being remote, and VPNs and firewalls extending IP connectivity out to several different locations.**
- C. A desire to replace edge routers with SD-WAN boxes, which can leverage multiple uplinks for active- active VPN

failover.

- D. A spread-out group of access control lists (ACLs) and firewall rules, with each firewall and VPN appliance only enforcing a subset of the total rule list.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The correct answer is D. Zscaler's Zero Trust architecture specifically contrasts modern distributed environments with legacy VPN- and firewall-based designs. The reference architecture explains that users are now remote, applications can be hosted in public cloud, private cloud, or data centers, and access must work across any location. In legacy models, organizations respond by extending IP connectivity outward through VPNs, firewalls, and other network-based controls. That expansion increases the attack surface, preserves broad network trust, and drives network sprawl instead of reducing it.

The same guidance states that Zero Trust gives users access to applications without ever placing them on the network or exposing apps to the internet. This is important because legacy architectures extended the organizational perimeter to end users, allowing lateral movement and increasing risk when users and apps became more distributed. Option A describes a symptom of legacy complexity, but option D captures the broader trend that is causing the sprawl in the first place: cloud migration, remote users, and the continued use of VPN and firewall architectures to maintain connectivity. That is the most accurate Zero Trust answer.

NEW QUESTION # 27

What is the security risk inherent in creating a split tunnel VPN, where some traffic is routed over the VPN tunnel and the rest over a direct internet connection?

- A. You no longer have the visibility required to make decisions on those traffic flows that are going directly out to the internet.
- B. A split ACL list, which means only half the rules will be enforced.
- C. An issue between the built-in client VPN agent on most modern operating systems and a third-party VPN gateway upstream.
- D. The VPN traffic is exempted from any security policies configured on the direct internet uplink router or appliance.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct answer is B. The core security risk of a split tunnel VPN is loss of visibility and consistent inspection for the traffic that bypasses the tunnel and goes directly to the internet. Zscaler's Secure Mobile Access reference architecture explains that traditional VPNs backhaul traffic to a central data center for security through a legacy appliance stack, while modern remote work leads to a lack of visibility into what users are accessing and how the network is performing when the organization no longer controls the path. ZIA guidance similarly states that user traffic must be forwarded to the nearest ZIA Service Edge so it can be inspected and either forwarded or blocked according to policy, and that the same authentication and policy should follow the user wherever they are. If some traffic exits directly to the internet outside that enforcement path, the organization loses the visibility and control needed to make reliable policy decisions on those flows.

That is the real Zero Trust concern with split tunneling. It creates blind spots rather than a uniformly enforced security model. Therefore, the best answer is loss of visibility into traffic going directly to the internet.

NEW QUESTION # 28

Historically, initiators and destinations have shared which of the following?

- A. The same punch card machine, pre-computer.
- B. The same IP subnet range.
- C. A network, because prior to Zero Trust there was no other way to connect the two.
- D. Physical hard drives and storage.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The correct answer is A. Historically, before modern Zero Trust models were adopted, the normal way to connect a user to an application or service was to place both within a shared network context. This did not always require the exact same subnet, but it did require some level of common routable network connectivity.

Legacy architectures assumed that once the user was on the trusted network, or extended into it through technologies such as VPN, they could reach the destination across that network.

Zero Trust architecture changes this assumption. Zscaler's architectural guidance emphasizes that users should gain access to

applications without sharing network context or routing domain with those applications. That is one of the most important distinctions between legacy network-centric security and Zero Trust. The user no longer needs broad network reachability just to get to a specific service. Option B is too narrow because shared access historically did not always mean the same subnet. Options C and D are clearly incorrect. Therefore, the best answer is that initiators and destinations historically shared a network, because legacy connectivity depended on routed network access rather than identity-based, per-application brokerage.

NEW QUESTION # 29

The Zscaler Client Connector is:

- A. A device used to create a secure communication channel with a Web Application Firewall (WAF).
- **B. An agent installed on the endpoint to tunnel authorized user traffic to the Zero Trust Exchange for protection of SaaS, private applications, and internet-bound traffic.**
- C. A marketplace platform that connects different types of business clients to each other.
- D. A cloud-managed endpoint device via an MDM solution.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The correct answer is C. Zscaler documentation describes Zscaler Client Connector as a lightweight software agent that runs on the endpoint and connects user devices to Zscaler cloud-hosted services. It enables protection for internet destinations through ZIA, access to private applications through ZPA, and visibility through ZDX. The secure mobile access reference architecture states that Zscaler Client Connector connects users and devices to the Zscaler Zero Trust Exchange and enables secure access to the internet and private applications from any location.

This directly matches the description in option C. The agent tunnels or redirects the user's authorized traffic to the Zero Trust Exchange, where security policy and access controls are enforced. It is not a WAF device, not an endpoint itself, and not a marketplace platform. The ZPA troubleshooting guide also notes that the initial request to a private application is initiated from Zscaler Client Connector, which intercepts the application request and forwards it appropriately for policy evaluation and brokering. Therefore, the correct definition is that Zscaler Client Connector is an endpoint agent that securely tunnels authorized user traffic to the Zero Trust Exchange.

NEW QUESTION # 30

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