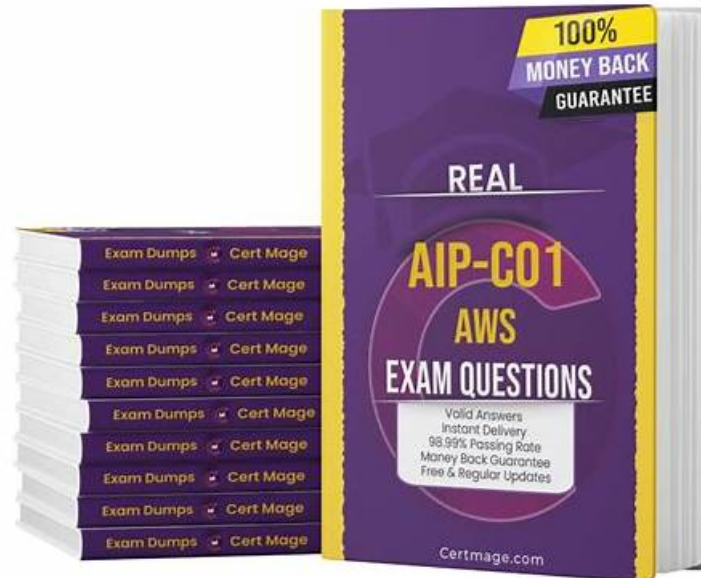


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## Quiz 2026 Amazon AIP-C01: Authoritative Valid Test AWS Certified Generative AI Developer - Professional Bootcamp

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## Amazon AWS Certified Generative AI Developer - Professional Sample Questions (Q13-Q18):

### NEW QUESTION # 13

A company uses Amazon Bedrock to implement a Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG)-based system to serve medical information to users. The company needs to compare multiple chunking strategies, evaluate the generation quality of two foundation models (FMs), and enforce quality thresholds for deployment.

Which Amazon Bedrock evaluation configuration will meet these requirements?

- A. Create a retrieve-and-generate evaluation job that uses custom precision-at-k metrics and an LLM-as-a-judge metric with a scale of 1-5. Include each chunking strategy in the evaluation dataset. Use a supported version of Anthropic Claude Sonnet to evaluate responses from both FMs.
- B. Create a retrieve-only evaluation job that uses a supported version of Anthropic Claude Sonnet as the evaluator model. Configure metrics for context relevance and context coverage. Define deployment thresholds in a separate CI/CD pipeline.
- C. Create a separate evaluation job for each chunking strategy and FM combination. Use Amazon Bedrock built-in metrics for correctness and completeness. Manually review scores before deployment approval.
- D. Set up a pipeline that uses multiple retrieve-only evaluation jobs to assess retrieval quality. Create separate evaluation jobs for both FMs that use Amazon Nova Pro as the LLM-as-a-judge model. Evaluate based on faithfulness and citation precision metrics.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Option B is the correct evaluation configuration because it enables end-to-end assessment of both retrieval and generation quality while supporting direct comparison of chunking strategies and foundation models.

Amazon Bedrock evaluation jobs are designed to support RAG workflows by evaluating how well retrieved context supports accurate and high-quality model outputs.

A retrieve-and-generate evaluation job evaluates the complete RAG pipeline, not just retrieval. This is essential for medical information use cases, where both the relevance of retrieved content and the correctness of generated responses directly impact user safety and trust. Including multiple chunking strategies in the evaluation dataset allows side-by-side comparison under identical prompts and conditions.

Custom precision-at-k metrics measure how effectively the retrieval component surfaces relevant chunks, while an LLM-as-a-judge metric provides qualitative scoring of generated responses. Using a numeric scale enables consistent, repeatable evaluation and supports automated quality gates. Amazon Bedrock supports LLM-based evaluators to score dimensions such as accuracy, completeness, and relevance.

Using the same evaluator model to assess outputs from both FMs ensures consistent scoring and eliminates evaluator bias. This configuration allows the company to define quantitative thresholds that must be met before deployment, enabling automated promotion through CI/CD pipelines.

Option A evaluates retrieval only and cannot assess generation quality. Option C introduces manual review, which does not scale and delays deployment. Option D separates retrieval and generation evaluation, making it harder to correlate chunking strategies with final output quality.

Therefore, Option B best meets the requirements for systematic evaluation, comparison, and quality enforcement in an Amazon Bedrock-based RAG system.

## NEW QUESTION # 14

A company is developing a customer support application that uses Amazon Bedrock foundation models (FMs) to provide real-time AI assistance to the company's employees. The application must display AI-generated responses character by character as the responses are generated. The application needs to support thousands of concurrent users with minimal latency. The responses typically take 15 to 45 seconds to finish.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Configure an Amazon API Gateway HTTP API with an AWS Lambda integration. Configure the HTTP API to cache complete responses in an Amazon DynamoDB table and serve the responses through multiple paginated GET requests to frontend clients.
- B. Configure an Amazon API Gateway REST API with an AWS Lambda integration. Configure the REST API to invoke the Amazon Bedrock standard InvokeModel API and implement frontend client-side polling every 100 ms for complete response chunks.
- C. Implement direct frontend client connections to Amazon Bedrock by using IAM user credentials and the InvokeModelWithResponseStream API without any intermediate gateway or proxy layer.
- D. Configure an Amazon API Gateway WebSocket API with an AWS Lambda integration. Configure the WebSocket API to invoke the Amazon Bedrock InvokeModelWithResponseStream API and stream partial responses through WebSocket connections.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

This requirement explicitly calls for character-by-character streaming, long-running responses, low latency, and massive concurrency, which aligns directly with Amazon Bedrock streaming inference patterns.

Amazon Bedrock provides the InvokeModelWithResponseStream API specifically for streaming partial model outputs as tokens

are generated. This enables near-instant feedback to users instead of waiting for the full response to complete, which is essential when responses last up to 45 seconds.

Amazon API Gateway WebSocket APIs are purpose-built for bidirectional, low-latency, server-initiated communication, allowing the backend to push characters or tokens to clients in real time. This eliminates inefficient polling and supports thousands of concurrent open connections.

AWS Lambda integrates natively with WebSocket APIs and scales automatically with connection volume, enabling a fully managed, serverless architecture. This approach maintains security, centralized authentication, throttling, and observability while avoiding direct client access to Bedrock APIs.

Option B introduces polling latency and unnecessary API overhead and does not provide true streaming.

Option C violates AWS security best practices by exposing Bedrock directly to clients and does not scale securely. Option D only serves completed responses and cannot meet the real-time streaming requirement.

Therefore, Option A is the only solution that fully satisfies streaming behavior, concurrency, latency, and managed-service constraints.

### NEW QUESTION # 15

An ecommerce company operates a global product recommendation system that needs to switch between multiple foundation models (FM) in Amazon Bedrock based on regulations, cost optimization, and performance requirements. The company must apply custom controls based on proprietary business logic, including dynamic cost thresholds, AWS Region-specific compliance rules, and real-time A/B testing across multiple FMs.

The system must be able to switch between FMs without deploying new code. The system must route user requests based on complex rules including user tier, transaction value, regulatory zone, and real-time cost metrics that change hourly and require immediate propagation across thousands of concurrent requests.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Deploy Amazon API Gateway REST API request transformation templates to implement routing logic based on request attributes. Store Amazon Bedrock FM endpoints as REST API stage variables. Update the variables when the system switches between models.
- B. Use AWS Lambda authorizers for an Amazon API Gateway REST API to evaluate routing rules that are stored in AWS AppConfig. Return authorization contexts based on business logic. Route requests to model-specific Lambda functions for each Amazon Bedrock FM.
- C. Deploy an AWS Lambda function that uses environment variables to store routing rules and Amazon Bedrock FM IDs. Use the Lambda console to update the environment variables when business requirements change. Configure an Amazon API Gateway REST API to read request parameters to make routing decisions.
- **D. Configure an AWS Lambda function to fetch routing configurations from the AWS AppConfig Agent for each user request. Run business logic in the Lambda function to select the appropriate FM for each request. Expose the FM through a single Amazon API Gateway REST API endpoint.**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Option C is the correct solution because AWS AppConfig is designed for real-time, validated, centrally managed configuration changes with safe rollout, immediate propagation, and rollback support-exactly matching the company's requirements.

By storing routing rules, cost thresholds, regulatory constraints, and A/B testing logic in AWS AppConfig, the company can switch between Amazon Bedrock foundation models without redeploying Lambda code.

AppConfig supports feature flags, dynamic configuration updates, JSON schema validation, and staged rollouts, which are essential for safely managing complex and frequently changing routing logic.

Using the AWS AppConfig Agent, Lambda functions can retrieve cached configurations efficiently, ensuring low latency even under thousands of concurrent requests. This approach allows the Lambda function to apply proprietary business logic-such as user tier, transaction value, Region compliance, and real-time cost metrics-before selecting the appropriate FM.

Option A is operationally fragile because environment variable changes require function restarts and do not support validation or controlled rollouts. Option B is too limited for complex, dynamic logic and is difficult to maintain at scale. Option D misuses Lambda authorizers, which are intended for authentication and authorization, not high-frequency dynamic routing decisions.

Therefore, Option C provides the most scalable, flexible, and low-overhead architecture for dynamic, regulation-aware FM routing in a global GenAI system.

### NEW QUESTION # 16

A financial services company is developing a customer service AI assistant by using Amazon Bedrock. The AI assistant must not discuss investment advice with users. The AI assistant must block harmful content, mask personally identifiable information (PII), and

maintain audit trails for compliance reporting. The AI assistant must apply content filtering to both user inputs and model responses based on content sensitivity.

The company requires an Amazon Bedrock guardrail configuration that will effectively enforce policies with minimal false positives. The solution must provide multiple handling strategies for multiple types of sensitive content.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- **A. Configure a guardrail and set content filters to medium for harmful content. Set up denied topics for investment advice and include clear definitions and sample phrases to block. Configure sensitive information filters to mask PII in responses and to block financial information in inputs. Enable both input and output evaluations that use custom blocked messages for audits.**
- B. Configure a single guardrail and set content filters to high for all categories. Set up denied topics for investment advice and include sample phrases to block. Set up sensitive information filters that apply the block action for all PII entities. Apply the guardrail to all model inference calls.
- C. Configure multiple guardrails by using tiered policies. Create one guardrail and set content filters to high. Configure the guardrail to block PII for public interactions. Configure a second guardrail and set content filters to medium. Configure the second guardrail to mask PII for internal use. Configure multiple topic-specific guardrails to block investment advice and set up contextual grounding checks.
- D. Create a separate guardrail for each use case. Create one guardrail that applies a harmful content filter. Create a guardrail to apply topic filters for investment advice. Create a guardrail to apply sensitive information filters to block PII. Use AWS Step Functions to chain the guardrails sequentially.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Option C is the correct solution because it uses a single, well-tuned Amazon Bedrock guardrail that applies different actions to different content types, which is the recommended approach for minimizing false positives while enforcing strong policy controls. Setting content filters to medium rather than high reduces overblocking of benign customer conversations while still preventing harmful content. Amazon Bedrock guardrails are designed to balance precision and recall, and medium sensitivity is commonly recommended for customer-facing financial services use cases.

Denied topics explicitly prevent the assistant from discussing investment advice, which is a regulatory requirement. Including definitions and sample phrases improves detection accuracy and reduces ambiguity.

Sensitive information filters support different actions per context. Masking PII in responses preserves conversational usefulness for legitimate customer support while preventing exposure of sensitive data.

Blocking sensitive financial information in inputs prevents downstream processing of disallowed content before it reaches the foundation model.

Critically, enabling both input and output evaluation ensures that guardrails are applied consistently at every stage of interaction.

Custom blocked messages and audit logging provide clear compliance evidence for regulators and internal audits.

Option A causes excessive false positives by blocking all PII outright. Option B introduces unnecessary complexity and is not how Bedrock guardrails are intended to be applied. Option D uses orchestration logic that Bedrock guardrails already handle natively.

Therefore, Option C best satisfies enforcement, flexibility, auditability, and accuracy requirements.

## NEW QUESTION # 17

An ecommerce company is building an internal platform to develop generative AI applications by using Amazon Bedrock foundation models (FMs). Developers need to select models based on evaluations that are aligned to ecommerce use cases. The platform must display accuracy metrics for text generation and summarization in dashboards. The company has custom ecommerce datasets to use as standardized evaluation inputs.

Which combination of steps will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead? (Select TWO.)

- A. Run an Amazon SageMaker AI notebook job on a schedule by using the finvelos or ragas framework to run evaluations that use the datasets in the S3 bucket. Write Python code in the notebook that makes direct InvokeModel API calls to the FMs and processes their responses for evaluation. Publish job status and results to Amazon CloudWatch Logs to measure the real world knowledge (RWK) score for text generation and toxicity for summarization as metrics for accuracy. Create a custom CloudWatch Logs Insights dashboard.
- B. Import the datasets to an Amazon S3 bucket. Provide appropriate IAM permissions and cross-origin resource sharing (CORS) permissions to give the evaluation jobs access to the datasets.
- **C. Import the datasets to an Amazon S3 bucket. Provide appropriate IAM permissions and a VPC endpoint configuration to give the evaluation jobs access to the datasets.**
- D. Use Amazon SageMaker Clarify on a schedule to create model evaluation jobs. Use open source frameworks to create and run standardized evaluations. Publish results to Amazon CloudWatch namespaces. Use an AWS Lambda function to check the status of the jobs and publish custom logs to Amazon CloudWatch. Create a custom Amazon CloudWatch Logs Insights dashboard.

- E. Configure an AWS Lambda function to create model evaluation jobs on a schedule in the Amazon Bedrock console. Provide the URI of the S3 bucket that contains the datasets as an input. Configure the evaluation jobs to measure the real world knowledge (RWK) score for text generation and BERTScore for summarization. Configure a second Lambda function to check the status of the jobs and publish custom logs to Amazon CloudWatch. Create a custom Amazon CloudWatch Logs Insights dashboard.

**Answer: C,E**

Explanation:

The least operational overhead approach is to use managed Amazon Bedrock model evaluation workflows with datasets stored in Amazon S3, and then publish results into Amazon CloudWatch for dashboards. That is exactly what options B and C combine. Step B correctly places standardized evaluation inputs in Amazon S3 and focuses on granting the evaluation workflow the right permissions to read those datasets. In practice, the key requirement is controlled access to the S3 objects used as evaluation datasets. Establishing IAM permissions and private access patterns (such as using VPC connectivity patterns where applicable to the organization's networking posture) is aligned with enterprise requirements and avoids building custom storage or data distribution systems for evaluators.

Step C then operationalizes the evaluation lifecycle with minimal infrastructure: a scheduled AWS Lambda function starts evaluation jobs using the S3 dataset location, and a second Lambda function checks job status and pushes results and operational signals to CloudWatch. This meets the platform requirement to surface accuracy metrics in dashboards because CloudWatch metrics/logs can be visualized in dashboards and queried through CloudWatch Logs Insights. It also supports continuous, standardized comparisons across models without requiring developers to run ad-hoc experiments.

The alternatives introduce more operational burden. D and E rely on Amazon SageMaker-based tooling, notebook jobs, and open source evaluation frameworks, which require more environment management, dependency control, scaling considerations, and maintenance over time. A includes CORS, which is primarily a browser-access concern and does not address how Bedrock-managed evaluation jobs securely access S3 in the typical service-to-service pattern.

Therefore, B + C achieves standardized model evaluation, automated scheduling, and dashboard-ready observability with the smallest operations footprint.

## NEW QUESTION # 18

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