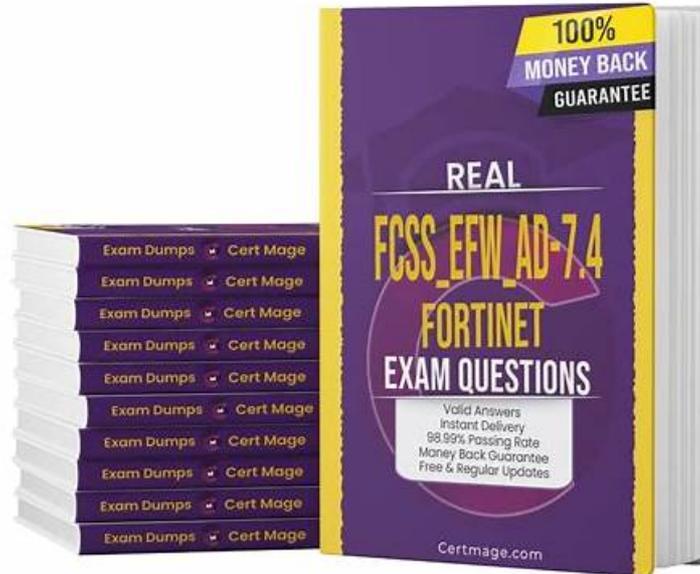


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Fortinet FCSS_SDW_AR-7.4 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Configure Performances SLAs: Designed for network administrators, this part focuses on setting up performance Service Level Agreements (SLAs) within SD-WAN environments. Candidates must show proficiency in defining criteria to monitor and maintain network performance and reliability.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rules and Routing: Targeted at network engineers, this section assesses the ability to configure SD-WAN rules and routing policies. Candidates will be tested on managing traffic flow and prioritization across the SD-WAN infrastructure.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SD-WAN Troubleshooting: This part assesses the troubleshooting skills of network support specialists. Candidates should be able to diagnose and resolve issues related to SD-WAN rules, session behaviors, routing inconsistencies, and ADVPN connectivity problems to maintain seamless network operations.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced IPsec: Intended for security engineers, this section covers the deployment of advanced IPsec topologies for SD-WAN, including hub-and-spoke models, ADVPN configurations, and complex multi-hub or multi-region deployments. Candidates need to demonstrate expertise in securing wide-area networks using IPsec technologies.

- **Centralized Management:** This domain evaluates network administrators' competence in deploying and managing SD-WAN configurations centrally using FortiManager. It includes tasks such as implementing branch configurations and utilizing overlay templates to streamline network management.

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Fortinet FCSS - SD-WAN 7.4 Architect Sample Questions (Q72-Q77):

NEW QUESTION # 72

An SD-WAN member is no longer used to steer SD-WAN traffic. The administrator updated the SD-WAN configuration and deleted the unused member. After the configuration update, users report that some destinations are unreachable. You confirm that the affected flow does not match an SD-WAN rule.

What could be a possible cause of the traffic interruption?

- A. FortiGate can remove some static routes associated with an interface when the member is removed from SD-WAN.
- B. FortiGate removes the layer 3 settings for interfaces that are removed from the SD-WAN configuration.
- C. FortiGate administratively brings down interfaces when they are removed from the SD-WAN configuration.
- D. FortiGate, with SD-WAN enabled, cannot route traffic through interfaces that are not SD-WAN members.

Answer: A

Explanation:

When an SD-WAN member is deleted, FortiGate can also remove static routes that were tied to that interface.

If those routes are needed for destinations not covered by SD-WAN rules, traffic to those networks becomes unreachable. This explains why flows not matching SD-WAN rules are interrupted after the member was removed.

NEW QUESTION # 73

Refer to the exhibit, which shows the SD-WAN rule status and configuration.

Based on the exhibit, which change in the measured latency will first make HUB1-VPN3 the new preferred member?

- A. When HUB1-VPN3 has a latency of 80 ms
- B. When HUB1-VPN3 has a latency of 90 ms
- C. When HUB1-VPN3 has a lower latency than HUB1-VPN1 and HUB1-VPN2
- D. When HUB1-VPN1 has a latency of 200 ms

Answer: D

Explanation:

The rule is in priority mode with HUB1-VPN1 (seq 4) as the first preferred member, HUB1-VPN2 second, and HUB1-VPN3 third. Latency itself does not cause HUB1-VPN3 to become preferred unless a higher-priority member fails SLA. If HUB1-VPN1's latency exceeds the SLA threshold (here simulated by latency reaching 200 ms), FortiGate stops using it and moves down the priority list. That is when HUB1-VPN3 could become the active path.

NEW QUESTION # 74

Which three characteristics apply to provisioning templates available on FortiManager? (Choose three.)

- A. A template group can include a system template and an SD-WAN template.
- B. You cannot apply a system template and CLI template to the same FortiGate device.
- C. A CLI template group can contain CLI templates of both types.
- D. A CLI template can be of type CLI script or Perl script.
- E. CLI templates are applied in order, from top to bottom.

Answer: A,C,E

NEW QUESTION # 75

Refer to the exhibits.

Global System configuration

```
config system global
  set snat-route-change enable
end
```

Interface port2 configuration

```
config system interface
  [...]
  edit "port2"
    set vdom "root"
    set mode dhcp
    set allowaccess ping
    set type physical
    set snmp-index 2
  next
end
```

Routing Table on FortiGate

```
branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all
Codes: K - kernel, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, B - BGP
O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
* - candidate default

Routing table for VRF=0
S*  0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.2.0.2, port2, [1/0]
    [1/0] via 192.2.0.10, port1 [10/0]
...
```

The exhibits show the source NAT (SNAT) global setting, port2 interface settings, and the routing table on FortiGate.

The administrator increases the member priority on port2 to 20.

Upon configuration changes and the receipt of new packets, which two actions does FortiGate perform on existing sessions established over port2? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate updates the gateway information of the sessions with SNAT so that they use port1 instead of port2.
- B. FortiGate flags the sessions as dirty.
- C. FortiGate flags the SNAT session as dirty only if the administrator has assigned an IP pool to the firewall policies with NAT.
- D. FortiGate continues routing all existing sessions over port2.
- E. FortiGate routes only new sessions over port2.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

When the member priority of a port is increased (e.g., port2 to 20), FortiGate evaluates existing sessions and applies "dirty" flags where applicable. The SD-WAN session management mechanism is described in detail:

"Upon a change in SD-WAN member priority, all existing sessions using that member are marked as dirty.

For SNAT sessions, the gateway information is updated to ensure future packets are routed through the newly preferred member, in

this case, port1. This automatic re-evaluation allows SD-WAN to dynamically respond to topology or priority changes, maintaining optimal routing." This is fundamental to seamless failover and session persistence in Fortinet SD-WAN, ensuring active flows are redirected based on updated priorities or health status.

References:

[FCSS_SDW_AR-7.4 1-0.docx Q13]

FortiOS 7.4 SD-WAN Concept Guide, "Session Management During Path Change" FortiGate CLI Reference: diagnose sys session list

NEW QUESTION # 76

Refer to the exhibit.



You configure SD-WAN on a standalone FortiGate device. You want to create an SD-WAN rule that steers Facebook and LinkedIn traffic through the less costly internet link. The FortiGate GUI page appears as shown in the exhibit.

What should you do to set Facebook and LinkedIn as destinations?

- A. You cannot configure applications as destinations of an SD-WAN rule on a standalone FortiGate device.
- **B. In the Internet service field, select Facebook and LinkedIn.**
- C. Enable the applications as destinations of the SD-WAN rule feature visibility.
- D. Install a license to allow applications as destinations of SD-WAN rules.

Answer: B

Explanation:

In an SD-WAN rule, you can steer application traffic by using Internet Service Database (ISDB) entries.

Facebook and LinkedIn are predefined ISDB objects in FortiGate, so the correct way is to select them in the Internet service field under Destination. This ensures that all traffic to these applications is matched and routed through the chosen (less costly) link.

NEW QUESTION # 77

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