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NCIDQ IDPX Exam Practice Questions with Verified Answers | 100% Correct | Latest 2025/2026 Update.

What is outgassing? ☒ The release of toxic gases from a material, typically after it's been installed.

What is the primary concern related to indoor air quality and paint? ☒ Level of volatile organic compounds (VOCs)

What is sustainable design? ☒ The various strategies employed to achieve a balance between the consumption of environmental resources and the renewal of those resources throughout the entire life cycle of a building

What is wellness design? ☒ The design of environments to promote the physical, emotional, and cognitive well being of people. This kind of design recognizes the relationship between occupant health and factors such as indoor air quality, ergonomics, and thermal comfort

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CIDQ IDPX Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Professional Business Practices: This section of the exam measures skills of an Interior Design Consultant and addresses business structures, scope of practice, proposals, contracts, and basic project accounting. It prepares candidates to understand legal obligations, manage finances, and structure project proposals professionally.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integration of Furniture, Fixtures, & Equipment: This section of the exam measures the skills of a FF&E Specialist and focuses on selecting and integrating furniture and equipment. It includes understanding product types, code compliance, maintenance requirements, procurement, installation processes, and cost estimation methods.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contract Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Construction Administrator and covers documentation and communication processes such as RFIs, change orders, transmittals, field reports, and punch lists. It also includes managing site visits, shop drawings, project meetings, and contractor payment processes.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project Assessment and Sustainability: This section of the exam measures skills of an Interior Design Consultant and covers understanding and evaluating square footage standards, environmental and wellness criteria, existing site conditions, and key project drivers such as client goals, culture, and budget.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project Process, Roles, and Coordination: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Project Design Manager and focuses on team roles, stakeholder engagement, budgeting, project timelines, and collaboration with allied professionals. It also includes managing deliverables, specifications, phased construction, and conducting post-occupancy evaluations.

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CIDQ Interior Design Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q79-Q84):

NEW QUESTION # 79

In addition to the use of carpet on the floor, which of the following methods is the BEST solution to address the need for acoustical privacy in a conference room?

- A. Specify interior partitions to 6" [152 mm] above an acoustical ceiling, specify batt insulation over the top, 24" [610 mm] each side
- B. Specify metal stud partitions to the underside of the deck above, 5/8" [16 mm] fire-rated gypsum board covered with Type II vinyl wallcovering
- C. Specify interior partitions to the underside of the deck above, add fiberglass insulation to partitions
- D. Specify an acoustical ceiling tile, insulate and caulk joints between partition and ceiling and at electrical receptacles

Answer: C

Explanation:

Acoustical privacy in a conference room requires minimizing sound transmission between spaces, particularly through walls, ceilings, and other structural elements. According to NCIDQ IDPX principles, the primary method to achieve this is by ensuring that sound cannot easily travel through gaps or flanking paths in the construction assembly.

* Option A (Specify interior partitions to the underside of the deck above, add fiberglass insulation to partitions): This option is the most effective because extending partitions to the underside of the deck above eliminates gaps at the top of the partition, which are common flanking paths for sound.

Adding fiberglass insulation within the partition further absorbs sound, increasing the wall's Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating. This method ensures a continuous barrier against airborne sound transmission, which is critical for acoustical privacy in a conference room.

* Option B (Specify an acoustical ceiling tile, insulate and caulk joints between partition and ceiling and at electrical receptacles): While acoustical ceiling tiles can absorb sound within the room, they do not significantly reduce sound transmission between rooms unless the partition extends above the ceiling to the deck. Insulating and caulking joints helps, but this method is less effective than Option A because sound can still travel through the ceiling plenum.

* Option C (Specify interior partitions to 6" [152 mm] above an acoustical ceiling, specify batt insulation over the top, 24" [610 mm] each side): This option is less effective because the partition does not extend to the deck above, leaving a gap in the plenum where sound can travel. The batt insulation over the top helps, but it does not provide a complete barrier to sound transmission.

* Option D (Specify metal stud partitions to the underside of the deck above, 5/8" [16 mm] fire-rated gypsum board covered with Type II vinyl wallcovering): While extending the partition to the deck above is good, the addition of Type II vinyl wallcovering does little to improve acoustical privacy, as it primarily serves an aesthetic and durability purpose rather than sound absorption or transmission reduction. Fiberglass insulation (as in Option A) would be more effective for sound control.

Verified Answer from Official Source:

The correct answer is verified from NCIDQ's official study materials, specifically related to acoustical design principles for interior spaces.

"Partitions should extend to the underside of the structural deck above to prevent sound transmission through the plenum. Adding insulation within the partition cavity enhances the STCrating." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Acoustical Design Section) The NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide emphasizes that for effective acoustical privacy, partitions must extend to the structural deck to block sound transmission paths. Fiberglass insulation within the partition cavity absorbs sound, reducing transmission between spaces, which aligns with Option A.

Objectives:

* Understand the principles of acoustical design and sound transmission control (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Acoustical Design).

* Apply construction detailing to achieve acoustical performance in interior spaces (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Detailing and Construction).

NEW QUESTION # 80

While performing a survey of an existing elevator lobby in a sprinklered commercial building, a designer documents a dead-end corridor. How should this be corrected?

- A. provide a smoke detector and emergency lighting to the corridor
- B. raise the ceiling height to 10 ft [3.0 m] and include 2-hour fire-rated partitions
- C. reconfigure the corridor to be less than 50 ft [15.2 m] in length
- D. coordinate with engineers to provide more sprinkler heads

Answer: C

Explanation:

Per the International Building Code (IBC) Section 1020.4, in a sprinklered building, the maximum length of a dead-end corridor (one with no secondary egress) is 50 feet (15.2 m), an increase from 20 feet in non-sprinklered buildings due to enhanced fire protection. If the documented dead-end exceeds this, reconfiguring it to under 50 feet ensures compliance and safe egress. Option A (more sprinklers) doesn't address length limits. Option C (smoke detectors and lighting) enhances safety but doesn't correct the code violation. Option D (ceiling height and partitions) is unrelated to dead-end rules.

Verified Answer from Official Source: B - reconfigure the corridor to be less than 50 ft [15.2 m] in length

"In sprinklered buildings, dead-end corridors shall not exceed 50 feet in length per IBC requirements." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 1: Codes and Standards) Explanation from Official Source: The NCIDQ aligns with IBC standards, emphasizing that egress design must prioritize occupant safety by limiting dead-end lengths in sprinklered occupancies.

Objectives:

* Apply life safety codes to egress design (IDPX Objective 1.4).

NEW QUESTION # 81

During construction, the general contractor notices conflicting information between the construction drawings and the specifications. The FIRST step the contractor should take is to

- A. notify the owner of the discrepancy
- B. make an interpretation
- C. notify the designer of the discrepancy
- D. issue a change order

Answer: C

Explanation:

Per AIA A201, when a contractor identifies a conflict between drawings and specs, the first step is to notify the designer (architect or interior designer) via a Request for Information (RFI) to clarify intent, as the designer authored the documents. Issuing a change order (A) requires prior resolution. Interpreting (B) risks errors without designer input. Notifying the owner (C) bypasses the

designer, delaying resolution. Notifying the designer (D) initiates the proper clarification process.

Verified Answer from Official Source:D - notify the designer of the discrepancy

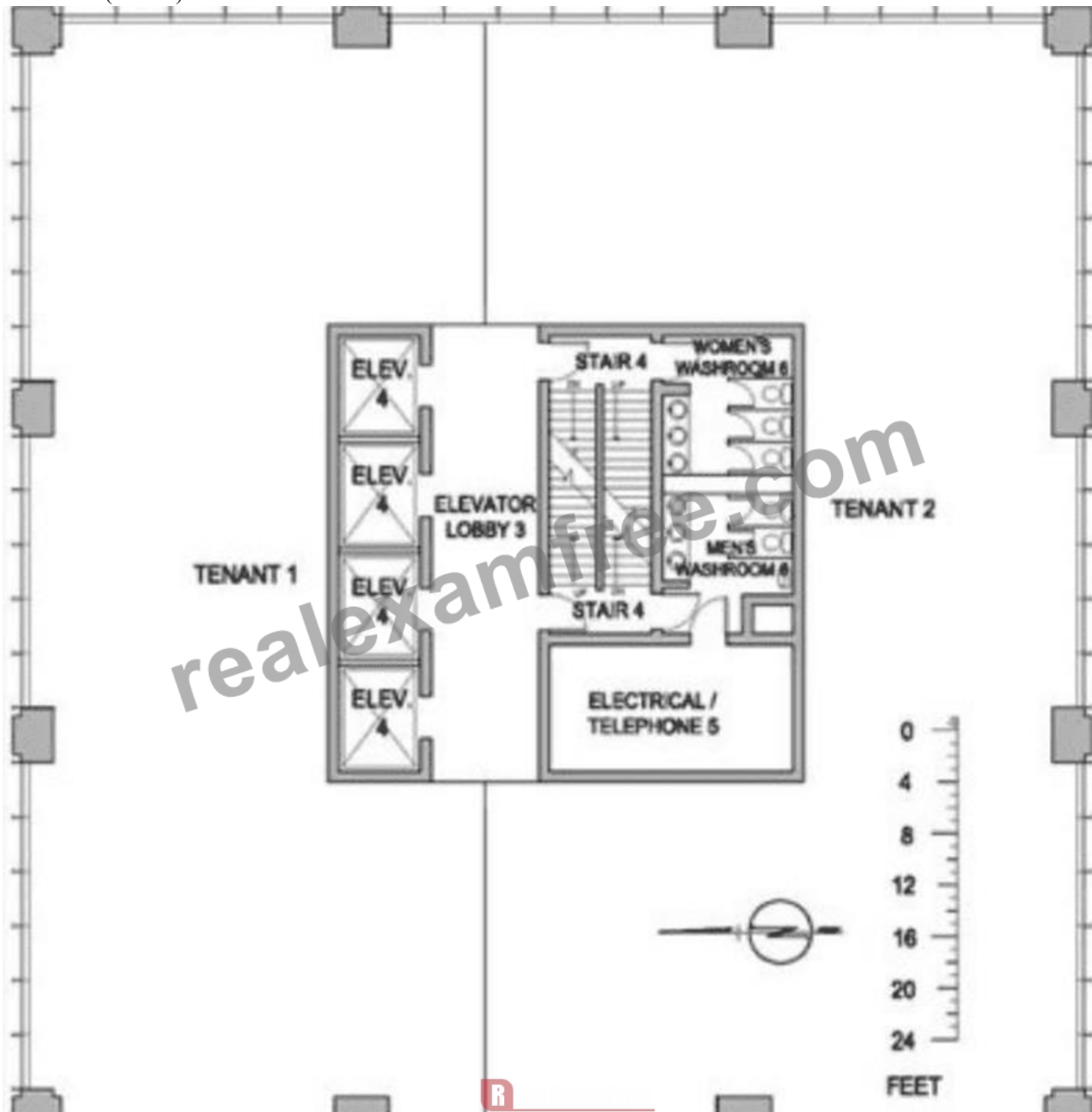
"The contractor's first step upon discovering a conflict between drawings and specifications is to notify the designer for clarification." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 3: Contract Administration) Explanation from Official Source:The NCIDQ aligns with AIA protocols, ensuring designers resolve discrepancies to maintain design integrity and contract compliance.

Objectives:

* Manage construction phase conflicts (IDPX Objective 3.5).

NEW QUESTION # 82

On a multi-tenant floor, what is the usable area when calculating square footage according to Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) standards?



- A. Tenant 1, Tenant 2, Electrical/Telephone 5, and Elevator Lobby 3
- B. Tenant 1, Tenant 2, and Electrical/Telephone 5
- C. Tenant 1 and Tenant 2
- D. Tenant 1, Tenant 2, and Elevator Lobby 3

Answer: C

Explanation:

The NCIDQ IDPX exam tests the designer's knowledge of BOMA (Building Owners and Managers Association) standards for calculating usable area in multi-tenant buildings. Usable area is the space a tenant can actually occupy, excluding common areas that serve the entire floor.

* BOMA Standards Overview: According to the BOMA Office Standard (ANSI/BOMA Z65.1-2017), usable area is measured from the finished surface of the tenant side of demising partitions, excluding common areas such as elevator lobbies, electrical/telephone rooms, washrooms, and stairwells that serve all tenants.

* Analysis of the Floor Plan (from previous context): The floor plan includes Tenant 1, Tenant 2, Elevator Lobby 3, Electrical/Telephone 5, washrooms, and stairwells.

* Tenant 1 and Tenant 2: These are the primary tenant spaces, which are considered usable areas for the respective tenants.

* Elevator Lobby 3: This is a common area serving all tenants, so it is not included in the usable area of any specific tenant.

* Electrical/Telephone 5: This is a shared utility space for the building, also excluded from the usable area.

* Washrooms and Stairwells: These are common areas and are not part of the usable area.

* Option A (Tenant 1 and Tenant 2): This is the correct choice. The usable area includes only the spaces within Tenant 1 and Tenant 2, as these are the occupiable areas for the tenants, excluding all common areas.

* Option B (Tenant 1, Tenant 2, and Elevator Lobby 3): The elevator lobby is a common area and should not be included in the usable area of any tenant.

* Option C (Tenant 1, Tenant 2, and Electrical/Telephone 5): The electrical/telephone room is a common utility space and is excluded from the usable area.

* Option D (Tenant 1, Tenant 2, Electrical/Telephone 5, and Elevator Lobby 3): Both the electrical/telephone room and elevator lobby are common areas and should not be included in the usable area.

Verified Answer from Official Source:

The correct answer is verified from the BOMA Office Standard, as referenced in NCIDQ IDPX study materials.

"Usable area is the occupiable space within a tenant's demised premises, excluding common areas such as elevator lobbies, electrical/telephone rooms, washrooms, and stairwells that serve the entire floor." (ANSI

/BOMA Z65.1-2017, Office Buildings: Standard Methods of Measurement, Section on Usable Area) The BOMA Office Standard defines usable area as the space within the tenant's demised premises, excluding common areas like elevator lobbies and electrical/telephone rooms. Option A correctly identifies Tenant 1 and Tenant 2 as the usable areas, excluding all common spaces.

Objectives:

* Understand BOMA standards for space measurement (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Professional Practice).

* Apply space calculation methods to multi-tenant buildings (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Project Planning).

NEW QUESTION # 83

What is the PRIMARY reason to maintain a master submittal log on a project?

- A. Facilitate distribution and timely review
- B. Document the installation schedule
- C. Verify compliance with specifications
- D. Confirm adherence to the contract

Answer: A

Explanation:

The NCIDQ IDPX exam tests the designer's understanding of the submittal process during contract administration. A master submittal log is a tracking tool used to manage the submission, review, and approval of submittals (e.g., product data, shop drawings) throughout the project.

* Option A (Confirm adherence to the contract): While the submittal process itself helps confirm adherence to the contract, the master submittal log's primary role is not to confirm adherence but to manage the process of reviewing submittals.

* Option B (Document the installation schedule): The installation schedule is typically documented in the project schedule, not the submittal log. The log tracks submittal reviews, not installation timelines.

* Option C (Verify compliance with specifications): Verifying compliance with specifications is a goal of the submittal review process, but the master submittal log's primary purpose is to manage the workflow, not to perform the verification itself.

* Option D (Facilitate distribution and timely review): This is the correct choice. The primary purpose of a master submittal log is to track the status of all submittals, ensuring they are distributed to the appropriate parties (e.g., designer, owner) and reviewed in a timely manner. This helps keep the project on schedule by preventing delays in the approval process.

Verified Answer from Official Source:

The correct answer is verified from NCIDQ's official study materials on contract administration and submittal management.

"A master submittal log is maintained to facilitate the distribution and timely review of submittals, ensuring that the approval process does not delay the project schedule." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Contract Administration Section) The NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide specifies that the primary purpose of a master submittal log is to manage the distribution and review process, ensuring

efficiency and timeliness. This aligns with Option D, making it the correct answer.

Objectives:

* Understand the role of a master submittal log in contract administration (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Contract Administration).

* Apply project management tools to ensure timely reviews (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Project Management).

NEW QUESTION # 84

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