

# DA0-001模擬体験 & DA0-001試験復習

INPUT	第0章 CompTIA Data+ガイドンス	INPUT	第7章 グラフ等の活用
	0 CompTIA Data+ガイドンス		13 基本的なグラフ等
	第1章 データの概念		14 応用的なグラフ等
	1 データとは		第8章 データガバナンス、品質と管理
	2 データの種類、形式		15 データガバナンス
	第2章 データ収集とクレンジング		16 データの品質管理
	3 データ収集		17 マスターデータ管理(MDM)
	4 データクレンジング		第9章 BIツール、プログラミング言語
	第3章 データ操作		18 一般的なツール類
	5 各種データ操作		19 クエリ(SQLのSELECT文)
	6 Excelでの操作		20 クエリ(デモ)
	第4章 基本的な分析		21 おわりに
	7 中心傾向と散らばりの測定		OUTPUT
8 基本的な分析の種類		レベルチェックテスト(25問×2回)	
第5章 応用的な分析		模擬試験(90問×2回)	
9 仮説検定とp値			
10 推測統計を用いた分析			
第6章 分析結果の可視化			
11 レポート			
12 ダッシュボード			

P.S.TopexamがGoogle Driveで共有している無料の2026 CompTIA DA0-001ダンプ: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1fma7SEHa6wGCEXQ-DhWPx0GTcCBsomgh>

Topexamのシニア専門家チームはCompTIAのDA0-001試験に対してトレーニング教材を研究できました。Topexamが提供した教材を勉強ツールとしてCompTIAのDA0-001認定試験に合格するのはとても簡単です。Topexamも君の100%合格率を保証いたします。

CompTIA Data+認定を取得することの重要な利点の1つは、データ管理分野でのキャリアを促進する機会です。この認定は多くの雇用主によって認識されており、この認定を保持していない他の候補者に対して競争上の優位性を提供します。さらに、認定された専門家は、同様の役割において、認定されていない専門家よりも高い給与を獲得することを期待できます。

>> DA0-001模擬体験 <<

## CompTIA DA0-001試験復習、DA0-001的中合格問題集

Topexamは、すべてのユーザーから賞賛されている効果的なDA0-001研究ブレンダンプを候補者に提供するための信頼できるプラットフォームです。より良い仕事を見つけるために、多くの候補者がDA0-001試験の準備に一生懸命勉強しています。ほとんどの人がDA0-001試験に合格するのは簡単なことではありません。したがって、当社のウェブサイトは効率的で便利な学習プラットフォームを提供できるため、最短時間でCompTIAのDA0-001証明書を取得できます。CompTIA Data+ Certification Exam試験の質問を20~30時間学習するだけで、DA0-001試験に自信を持って合格することができます。

CompTIA DA0-001 (CompTIA Data+認定)試験は、データ管理と分析の専門知識を証明することを望むプロフェッショナルにとっての人気のある認定試験です。この試験は、データ管理の概念、ツール、技術に関する受験者の知識、およびデータを意味のある方法で分析および解釈する能力をテストするように設計されています。

## CompTIA Data+ Certification Exam 認定 DA0-001 試験問題 (Q32-Q37):

### 質問 # 32

A data analyst for a media company needs to determine the most popular movie genre. Given the table below:

Which of the following must be done to the Genre column before this task can be completed?

- A. Merge
- B. Concatenate
- C. Delimit
- D. Append

正解: C

解説:

Explanation

Delimiting is the process of splitting a column of data into multiple columns based on a separator or delimiter character. Delimiting can help separate data that is combined or concatenated in one column into distinct values or categories. For example, if a column contains text values that are separated by commas, such as

"Comedy, Suspense", delimiting can split this column into two columns, one for "Comedy" and one for

"Suspense". Delimiting is different from other options, such as appending, merging, or concatenating, which are methods of combining or joining data from multiple columns or sources. In this case, the data analyst needs to determine the most popular movie genre based on the Genre column in the table. However, this column contains multiple genres for each movie, separated by commas. Therefore, the data analyst must delimit this column before this task can be completed. Therefore, the correct answer is D.

References: Split text into different columns with functions - Office Support, How to Split Text in Excel (Using Formulas & Split Function)

### 質問 # 33

#### SIMULATION

The director of operations at a power company needs data to help identify where company resources should be allocated in order to monitor activity for outages and restoration of power in the entire state. Specifically, the director wants to see the following:

\* County outages

\* Status

\* Overall trend of outages

#### INSTRUCTIONS:

Please, select each visualization to fit the appropriate space on the dashboard and choose an appropriate color scheme. Once you have selected all visualizations, please, select the appropriate titles and labels, if applicable. Titles and labels may be used more than once.

If at any time you would like to bring back the initial state of the simulation, please click the Reset All button.

正解:

解説:

Poweroutages

Explanation:

This is a simulation question that requires you to create a dashboard with visualizations that meet the director's needs. Here are the steps to complete the task:

Drag and drop the visualization that shows the county outages on the top left space of the dashboard. This visualization is a map of the state with different colors indicating the number of outages in each county. You can choose any color scheme that suits your preference, but make sure that the colors are consistent and clear. For example, you can use a gradient of red to show the counties with more outages and green to show the counties with less outages.

Drag and drop the visualization that shows the status of the outages on the top right space of the dashboard. This visualization is a pie chart that shows the percentage of outages that are active, restored, or pending. You can choose any color scheme that suits your preference, but make sure that the colors are distinct and easy to identify. For example, you can use red for active, green for restored, and yellow for pending.

Drag and drop the visualization that shows the overall trend of outages on the bottom space of the dashboard. This visualization is a line graph that shows the number of outages over time. You can choose any color scheme that suits your preference, but make sure that the color is visible and contrasted with the background. For example, you can use blue for the line and white for the background.

Select appropriate titles and labels for each visualization. Titles and labels may be used more than once. For example, you can use "County Outages" as the title for the map, "Status" as the title for the pie chart, and "Trend" as the title for the line graph. You can also use "County", "Number of Outages", "Active", "Restored", "Pending", "Time", and "Number of Outages" as labels for the axes and legends of the visualizations.

**質問 # 34**

Which of the following contains alphanumeric values?

- A. 10.1#²
- **B. A3J7**
- C. 0
- D. 13.6

**正解: B**

解説:

Alphanumeric values are values that contain both letters and numbers, such as A3J7. The other options are numeric values, as they contain only numbers, such as 10.1E2, 13.6, and 1347. Reference: Guide to CompTIA Data+ and Practice Questions - Pass Your Cert

**質問 # 35**

What analytics suite is offered by Microsoft and directly integrates with SQL Server Databases?

- A. Domo.
- B. Qlik.
- **C. Power BI.**
- D. Dataroma.

**正解: C**

解説:

Power BI is a collection of software services, apps, and connectors that work together to turn your unrelated sources of data into coherent, visually immersive, and interactive insights. Your data may be an Excel spreadsheet, or a collection of cloud-based and on-premises hybrid data warehouses.

**質問 # 36**

A survey asks participants to rate a company on a scale of one to ten. Which of the following best describes the rating variable?

- **A. Ordinal**
- B. Categorical
- C. Continuous
- D. Nominal

**正解: A**

解説:

The rating variable in a survey where participants rate a company on a scale of one to ten is best described as ordinal. This is because the ratings are ranked in order, with each number representing a position on a scale of satisfaction or quality. The numbers are not just labels (which would be nominal), nor do they represent a continuous spectrum (which would be continuous). They also do not fit the definition of categorical, as that implies non-ordered groups or categories. In an ordinal scale, the order of the values is significant and meaningful.

Reference:

Qualtrics explains that ordinal scales have answer sets that occur in a logical and systematic order, providing qualitative data. Zonka Feedback describes a 1 to 10 rating scale survey, indicating that the numbers represent a ranking from most negative to most positive experience, which aligns with the characteristics of an ordinal scale.

**質問 # 37**

.....

**DA0-001試験復習**: [https://www.topexam.jp/DA0-001\\_shiken.html](https://www.topexam.jp/DA0-001_shiken.html)

