

2026 Microsoft DP-100 Study Plan & Pass Guaranteed Quiz Realistic Designing and Implementing a Data Science Solution on Azure Test Centres



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Step 1: Reviewing the Exam Topics

The best way to start the preparation process is to visit the official website of the certification exam. The official site is the most reliable source for the right information regarding the test. It is recommended that you download a detailed list of the exam objectives from the webpage and thoroughly study it before attempting the actual test.

>> DP-100 Study Plan <<

DP-100 Test Centres, Exam DP-100 Cram

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Microsoft Designing and Implementing a Data Science Solution on Azure Sample Questions (Q38-Q43):

NEW QUESTION # 38

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the

review screen.

An IT department creates the following Azure resource groups and resources:

Resource group	Resources
ml_resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none">an Azure Machine Learning workspace named amlworkspacean Azure Storage account named amlworkspace12345an Application Insights instance named amlworkspace54321an Azure Key Vault named amlworkspace67890an Azure Container Registry named amlworkspace09876
general_compute	<p>A virtual machine named mlvm with the following configuration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Operating system: Ubuntu LinuxSoftware installed: Python 3.6 and Jupyter NotebooksSize: NC6 (6 vCPUs, 1 vGPU, 56 Gb RAM)

The IT department creates an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)-based inference compute target named aks-cluster in the Azure Machine Learning workspace. You have a Microsoft Surface Book computer with a GPU. Python 3.6 and Visual Studio Code are installed.

You need to run a script that trains a deep neural network (DNN) model and logs the loss and accuracy metrics.

Solution: Install the Azure ML SDK on the Surface Book. Run Python code to connect to the workspace. Run the training script as an experiment on the aks-cluster compute target.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No**

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 39

You define a datastore named ml-data for an Azure Storage blob container. In the container, you have a folder named train that contains a file named data.csv. You plan to use the file to train a model by using the Azure Machine Learning SDK.

You plan to train the model by using the Azure Machine Learning SDK to run an experiment on local compute.

You define a DataReference object by running the following code:

```
from azureml.core import workspace, datastore, environment
from azureml.train.estimator import Estimator
ws = Workspace.from_config()
ml_data = Datastore.get(ws, datastore_name='ml-data')
data_ref = ml_data.path('train').as_download(path_on_compute='train_data')
estimator = Estimator(source_directory='experiment_folder',
                      script_params={'--data-folder': data_ref},
                      compute_target='local',
                      entry_script='training.py')
run = experiment.submit(config=estimator)
run.wait_for_completion(show_output=True)
```

You need to load the training data.

Which code segment should you use?

- A.

```
import pandas as pd

data = pd.read_csv('./data.csv')
```
- B.**

```
import os
import argparse
import pandas as pd

parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument('--data-folder', type=str, dest='data_folder')
data_folder = args.data_folder
data = pd.read_csv(os.path.join(data_folder, 'ml-data', 'train_data', 'data.csv'))
```
- C.

```

import os
import argparse
import pandas as pd

parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument('--data-folder', type=str, dest='data_folder')
data_folder = args.data_folder
data = pd.read_csv(os.path.join(data_folder, 'train', 'data.csv'))

import os
import argparse
import pandas as pd

parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument('--data-folder', type=str, dest='data_folder')
data_folder = args.data_folder
data = pd.read_csv(os.path.join(data_folder, 'data.csv'))

```

- D.
- E.

```

import os
import argparse
import pandas as pd

parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument('--data-folder', type=str, dest='data_folder')
data_folder = args.data_folder
data = pd.read_csv(os.path.join('ml_data', data_folder, 'data.csv'))

```

Answer: D

Explanation:

Example:

```

data_folder = args.data_folder
# Load Train and Test data
train_data = pd.read_csv(os.path.join(data_folder, 'data.csv'))

```

Reference:

<https://www.element61.be/en/resource/azure-machine-learning-services-complete-toolbox-ai-Perform-Feature-Engineering-Testlet-1-Case-study-Overview> You are a data scientist in a company that provides data science for professional sporting events. Models will use global and local market data to meet the following business goals:

- * Understand sentiment of mobile device users at sporting events based on audio from crowd reactions.
- * Assess a user's tendency to respond to an advertisement.
- * Customize styles of ads served on mobile devices.
- * Use video to detect penalty events

Current environment

- * Media used for penalty event detection will be provided by consumer devices. Media may include images and videos captured during the sporting event and shared using social media. The images and videos will have varying sizes and formats.
- * The data available for model building comprises of seven years of sporting event media. The sporting event media includes; recorded video transcripts or radio commentary, and logs from related social media feeds captured during the sporting events.
- * Crowd sentiment will include audio recordings submitted by event attendees in both mono and stereo formats.

Penalty detection and sentiment

- * Data scientists must build an intelligent solution by using multiple machine learning models for penalty event detection.
- * Data scientists must build notebooks in a local environment using automatic feature engineering and model building in machine learning pipelines.
- * Notebooks must be deployed to retrain by using Spark instances with dynamic worker allocation.
- * Notebooks must execute with the same code on new Spark instances to recode only the source of the data.
- * Global penalty detection models must be trained by using dynamic runtime graph computation during training.
- * Local penalty detection models must be written by using BrainScript.
- * Experiments for local crowd sentiment models must combine local penalty detection data.
- * Crowd sentiment models must identify known sounds such as cheers and known catch phrases. Individual crowd sentiment models will detect similar sounds.
- * All shared features for local models are continuous variables.
- * Shared features must use double precision. Subsequent layers must have aggregate running mean and standard deviation metrics available.

Advertisements

During the initial weeks in production, the following was observed:

- * Ad response rated declined.
- * Drops were not consistent across ad styles.

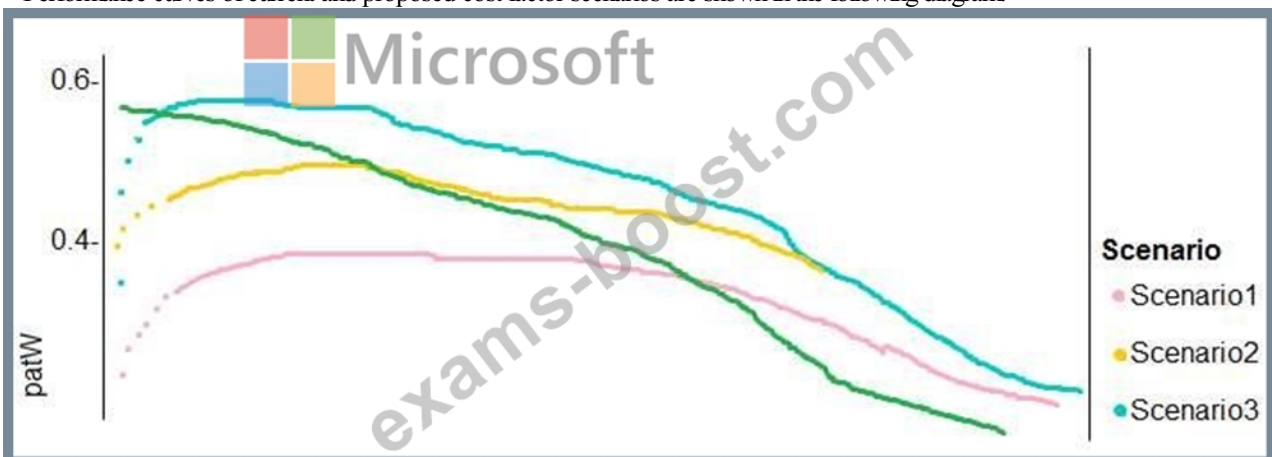
- * The distribution of features across training and production data are not consistent Analysis shows that, of the 100 numeric features on user location and behavior, the 47 features that come from location sources are being used as raw features. A suggested experiment to remedy the bias and variance issue is to engineer 10 linearly uncorrelated features.
- * Initial data discovery shows a wide range of densities of target states in training data used for crowd sentiment models.
- * All penalty detection models show inference phases using a Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD) are running too slow.
- * Audio samples show that the length of a catch phrase varies between 25%-47% depending on region
- * The performance of the global penalty detection models shows lower variance but higher bias when comparing training and validation sets. Before implementing any feature changes, you must confirm the bias and variance using all training and validation cases.
- * Ad response models must be trained at the beginning of each event and applied during the sporting event.
- * Market segmentation models must optimize for similar ad response history.
- * Sampling must guarantee mutual and collective exclusivity between local and global segmentation models that share the same features.
- * Local market segmentation models will be applied before determining a user's propensity to respond to an advertisement.
- * Ad response models must support non-linear boundaries of features.
- * The ad propensity model uses a cut threshold is 0.45 and retrain occur if weighted Kappa deviated from 0.1 +/- 5%.
- * The ad propensity model uses cost factors shown in the following diagram:

		Actual	
		1	0
Predicted	0	1	2
	1	2	1

* The ad propensity model uses proposed cost factors shown in the following diagram:

		Actual	
		1	0
Predicted	0	1	5
	1	5	1

* Performance curves of current and proposed cost factor scenarios are shown in the following diagram:



NEW QUESTION # 40

You need to define an evaluation strategy for the crowd sentiment models.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions



Answer Area

- Add new features for retraining supervised models.
- Filter labeled cases for retraining using the shortest distance from centroids.
- Evaluate the changes in correlation between model error rate and centroid distance
- Impute unavailable features with centroid aligned models
- Filter labeled cases for retraining using the longest distance from centroids.
- Remove features before retraining supervised models.



Answer:

Explanation:

Question		Answer Choise					
Which H value should you select based on the data?		<div data-bbox="1018 1144 1417 1205">▼</div> <table border="1"><tr><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>5</td></tr></table>	1	2	3	4	5
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
What H value displays the poorest training result?		<div data-bbox="1018 1518 1417 1579">▼</div> <table border="1"><tr><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>5</td></tr></table>	1	2	3	4	5
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							

Explanation

Answer Area

Add new features for retraining supervised models.

Evaluate the changes in correlation between model error rate and centroid distance

Filter labeled cases for retraining using the shortest distance from centroids.



Scenario:

Experiments for local crowd sentiment models must combine local penalty detection data.

Crowd sentiment models must identify known sounds such as cheers and known catch phrases. Individual crowd sentiment models will detect similar sounds.

Note: Evaluate the changed in correlation between model error rate and centroid distance In machine learning, a nearest centroid classifier or nearest prototype classifier is a classification model that assigns to observations the label of the class of training samples whose mean (centroid) is closest to the observation.

References:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nearest_centroid_classifier

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/studio-module-reference/sweep-clustering>

NEW QUESTION # 41

You are evaluating a completed binary classification machine learning model.

You need to use the precision as the valuation metric.

Which visualization should you use?

- A. box plot
- **B. Binary classification confusion matrix**
- C. coefficient of determination
- D. Gradient descent

Answer: B

Explanation:

References:

<https://machinelearningknowledge.ai/confusion-matrix-and-performance-metrics-machine-learning/>

NEW QUESTION # 42

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You train a classification model by using a logistic regression algorithm.

You must be able to explain the model's predictions by calculating the importance of each feature, both as an overall global relative importance value and as a measure of local importance for a specific set of predictions.

You need to create an explainer that you can use to retrieve the required global and local feature importance values.

Solution: Create a TabularExplainer.

Does the solution meet the goal?

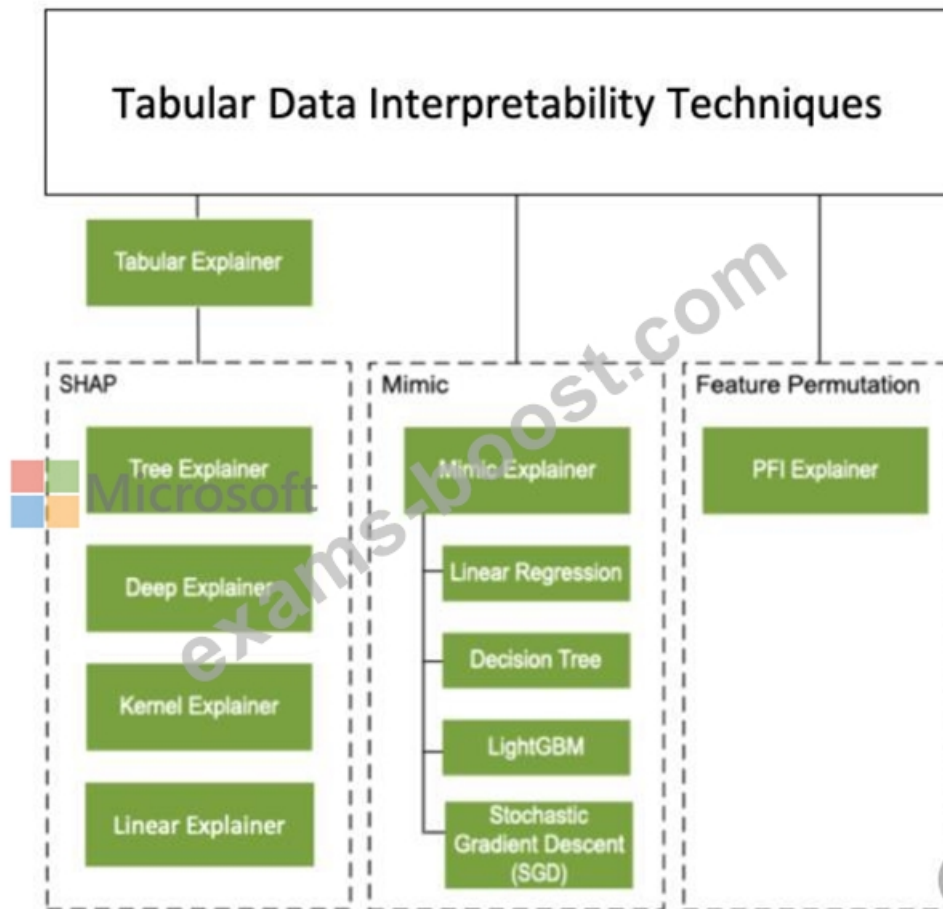
- A. Yes
- **B. No**

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead use Permutation Feature Importance Explainer (PFI).

Note 1:



Note 2: Permutation Feature Importance Explainer (PFI): Permutation Feature Importance is a technique used to explain classification and regression models. At a high level, the way it works is by randomly shuffling data one feature at a time for the entire dataset and calculating how much the performance metric of interest changes. The larger the change, the more important that feature is. PFI can explain the overall behavior of any underlying model but does not explain individual predictions.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/how-to-machine-learning-interpretability>

NEW QUESTION # 43

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