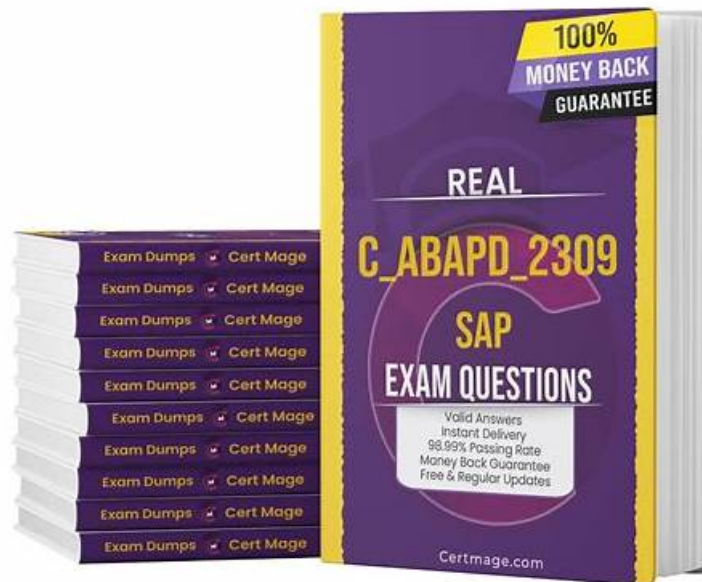


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SAP C_ABAPD_2309 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	ABAP core data services and data modeling: It focuses on Core Data Services (CDS) views, SAP HANA database tables, foreign key relationships, and annotations.
Topic 2	Object-oriented design: It measures your knowledge about encapsulation, upcast, inheritance, polymorphism, and interfaces. Moreover, the topic evaluates your knowledge about constructor calls, Exception classes, and singleton pattern.
Topic 3	Core ABAP programming: This topic covers ABAP data types, the ABAP dictionary, modularization, exceptions SAP HANA database tables, and logical expressions, operator precedence.
Topic 4	ABAP RESTful Application Programming Model: This topic explains the ABAP Restful Application Programming model, ABAP development, and the architecture of the ABAP Restful Application Programming model.

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SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud Sample Questions (Q80-Q85):

NEW QUESTION # 80

What are some features of a unique secondary key? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. It is created when a table is filled.
- B. It is updated when the modified table is read again.
- C. It is updated when the table is modified.
- D. It is created with the first read access of a table.

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Explanation

A unique secondary key is a type of secondary key that ensures that the key combination of all the rows in a table is unique. A unique secondary key has two purposes: firstly, to speed up access to the table, and secondly, to enforce data integrity¹.

It is created with the first read access of a table: This is true. A unique secondary key is created when an internal table is filled for the first time using the statement READ TABLE or a similar statement. The system assigns a name and an index to each row of the table based on the key fields²³.

It is updated when the modified table is read again: This is false. A unique secondary key does not need to be updated when the internal table content changes, because it already ensures data uniqueness. The system uses a lazy update strategy for non-unique secondary keys, which means that it delays updating them until they are actually accessed²³.

You cannot do any of the following:

It is created when a table is filled: This is false. As explained above, a unique secondary key is created only with the first read access of a table²³.

It is updated when the modified table is read again: This is false. As explained above, a unique secondary key does not need to be updated when the internal table content changes²³.

References: 1: Improving Internal Table Performance Using Secondary Keys - SAP Learning 2: [Secondary Key - ABAP Keyword Documentation - SAP Online Help] 3: [Secondary Table Key - ABAP Keyword Documentation - SAP Online Help]

NEW QUESTION # 81

/DMO/I_Connection is a CDS view.

What variable type is connection full based on the following code? DATA connection full TYPE

/DMD/I_Connection.

- A. Structure
- B. Internal Table
- C. Simple variable

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

Based on the following code, the variable type of connection_full is a structure. A structure is a complex data type that consists of a group of related data objects, called components, that have their own data types and names. A structure can be defined using the

TYPES statement or based on an existing structure type, such as a CDS view entity or a CDS DDIC-based view. In this case, the variable connection_full is declared using the TYPE addition, which means that it has the same structure type as the CDS view entity /DMO/I_Connection.

The CDS view entity /DMO/I_Connection is a data model view that defines a data model based on the database table /DMO/Connection. The CDS view entity /DMO/I_Connection has the following components: carrid, connid, airpfrom, airpto, distance, and fltime. Therefore, the variable connection_full has the same components as the CDS view entity /DMO/I_Connection, and each component has the same data type and length as the corresponding field in the database table /DMO/Connection.

References: CDS Data Model Views - ABAP Keyword Documentation, DATA - ABAP Keyword Documentation, Structure Types - ABAP Keyword Documentation

NEW QUESTION # 82

Which extensibility type does SAP recommend you use to enhance the existing UI for an SAP Fiori app?

- A. Developer
- B. Classic
- C. Side-by-side
- D. Key user

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

According to the SAP clean core extensibility and ABAP cloud topic, SAP recommends using developer extensibility to enhance the existing UI for an SAP Fiori app. Developer extensibility allows you to use the UI adaptation editor in SAP Web IDE to modify the UI layout, add or remove fields, and bind them to the data model. You can also use the SAPUI5 framework to create custom controls, views, and controllers. Developer extensibility is based on the in-app extensibility concept, which means that the extensions are part of the same application and are deployed together with the app. Developer extensibility requires developer skills and access to the source code of the app. References: SAP Learning Hub, SAP S/4HANA Cloud Extensibility - In-App Extensibility, SAP Fiori: Extensibility

NEW QUESTION # 83

For what kind of applications would you consider using on-stack developer extensions? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Applications that access SAP S/4HANA data using complex SQL
- B. Applications that integrate data from several different systems
- C. Applications that run separate from SAP S/4HANA
- D. Applications that provide APIs for side by side SAP BTP apps

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Explanation

On-stack developer extensibility is a type of extensibility that allows you to create development projects directly on the SAP S/4HANA Cloud technology stack. It gives you the opportunity to develop cloud-ready and upgrade-stable custom ABAP applications and services inside the SAP S/4HANA Cloud, public edition system. You can use the ABAP Development Tools in Eclipse to create and deploy your on-stack extensions.

On-stack developer extensibility is suitable for the following kinds of applications:

Applications that provide APIs for side by side SAP BTP apps. On-stack developer extensibility allows you to create OData services or RESTful APIs based on CDS view entities or projection views. These services or APIs can expose SAP S/4HANA data and logic to other applications that run on the SAP Business Technology Platform (SAP BTP) or other platforms. This way, you can create a loosely coupled integration between your SAP S/4HANA system and your side by side SAP BTP apps.

Applications that access SAP S/4HANA data using complex SQL. On-stack developer extensibility allows you to use ABAP SQL to access SAP S/4HANA data using complex queries, such as joins, aggregations, filters, parameters, and code pushdown techniques. You can also use ABAP SQL to perform data manipulation operations, such as insert, update, delete, and upsert. This way, you can create applications that require advanced data processing and analysis on SAP S/4HANA data.

The other kinds of applications are not suitable for on-stack developer extensibility, as they have different requirements and challenges. These kinds of applications are:

Applications that integrate data from several different systems. On-stack developer extensibility is not meant for creating applications that integrate data from multiple sources, such as other SAP systems, third-party systems, or cloud services. This is because on-stack developer extensibility does not support remote access or data replication, and it may cause performance or security issues. For this kind of applications, you should use side by side extensibility, which allows you to create applications that run on the SAP BTP and communicate with the SAP S/4HANA system via public APIs or events.

Applications that run separate from SAP S/4HANA. On-stack developer extensibility is not meant for creating applications that run independently from the SAP S/4HANA system, such as standalone apps, microservices, or web apps. This is because on-stack developer extensibility requires a tight coupling with the SAP S/4HANA system, and it may limit the scalability, flexibility, and portability of the applications. For this kind of applications, you should use side by side extensibility, which allows you to create applications that run on the SAP BTP and leverage the cloud-native features and services of the platform.

References: Developer Extensibility in SAP S/4HANA Cloud ABAP Environment, SAP S/4HANA Extensibility - Simplified Guide for Beginners

NEW QUESTION # 84

You have the following CDS definition:

```
define view entity ENTITY as select from Z_SOURCE1 as _Source1
association to SPROJECTION as _Source2
???

{
  key carrier_id as Carrier,
  key connection_id as Connection,
  cityfrom as DepartureCity,
  cityto as ArrivalCity,
  _Source2
}
```

Which of the following ON conditions must you insert in place of "???"?

- A. ON Sprojection.carrier_id=Z_Source2.carrier_id
- B. ON Sprojection. Carrier Source2.carrier
- C. ON Sprojection Camer=Source2 carrier_id
- D. ON Z_Source1.camer_id = 7_Source2 carrier_id

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct ON condition that must be inserted in place of "???" is:

ON Sprojection.carrier_id=Z_Source2.carrier_id

This ON condition specifies the join condition between the CDS view Sprojection and the database table Z_Source2. The join condition is based on the field carrier_id, which is the primary key of both the CDS view and the database table. The ON condition ensures that only the records that have the same value for the carrier_id field are joined together¹.

The other options are not valid ON conditions, because:

* A. ON Z_Source1.camer_id = 7_Source2 carrier_id is not valid because Z_Source1 and 7_Source2 are not valid data sources in the given code. There is no CDS view or database table named Z_Source1 or

7_Source2. The correct names are Z_Source1 and Z_Source2. Moreover, the field camer_id is not a valid field in the given code. There is no field named camer_id in any of the data sources. The correct name is carrier_id.

* B. ON Sprojection Camer=Source2 carrier_id is not valid because Sprojection and Source2 are not valid data sources in the given code. There is no CDS view or database table named Sprojection or Source2. The correct names are Sprojection and Z_Source2. Moreover, the field Camer is not a valid field in the given code. There is no field named Camer in any of the data sources. The correct name is carrier_id. Furthermore, the ON condition is missing the dot (.) operator between the data source name and the field name, which is required to access the fields of the data source¹.

* C. ON Sprojection. Carrier Source2.carrier is not valid because Carrier and carrier are not valid fields in the given code. There is no field named Carrier or carrier in any of the data sources. The correct name is carrier_id. Moreover, the ON condition is missing the dot (.) operator between the data source name and the field name, which is required to access the fields of the data source¹.

References: 1: ON Condition - ABAP Keyword Documentation

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