

更新するDP-600問題例 &合格スムーズDP-600日本語認定対策 |素晴らしいDP-600認定資格



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顧客様と販売者の間での信頼性は苦労かつ大切なことだと良く知られます。誠意をみなぎるMicrosoft DP-600試験備考資料は我々チームの専業化を展示されるし、最完全の質問と再詳細の解説でもって試験に合格するのを助けるます。同時的に、皆様の認可は我々仕事の一番良い評価です。

Microsoft DP-600 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Implement and manage semantic models: This section of the exam measures the skills of architects and focuses on designing and optimizing semantic models to support enterprise-scale analytics. It evaluates understanding of storage modes and implementing star schemas and complex relationships, such as bridge tables and many-to-many joins. Architects must write DAX-based calculations using variables, iterators, and filtering techniques. The use of calculation groups, dynamic format strings, and field parameters is included. The section also includes configuring large semantic models and designing composite models. For optimization, candidates are expected to improve report visual and DAX performance, configure Direct Lake behaviors, and implement incremental refresh strategies effectively.

トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prepare data: This section of the exam measures the skills of engineers and covers essential data preparation tasks. It includes establishing data connections and discovering sources through tools like the OneLake data hub and the real-time hub. Candidates must demonstrate knowledge of selecting the appropriate storage type—lakehouse, warehouse, or eventhouse—depending on the use case. It also includes implementing OneLake integrations with Eventhouse and semantic models. The transformation part involves creating views, stored procedures, and functions, as well as enriching, merging, denormalizing, and aggregating data. Engineers are also expected to handle data quality issues like duplicates, missing values, and nulls, along with converting data types and filtering. Furthermore, querying and analyzing data using tools like SQL, KQL, and the Visual Query Editor is tested in this domain.
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain a data analytics solution: This section of the exam measures the skills of administrators and covers tasks related to enforcing security and managing the Power BI environment. It involves setting up access controls at both workspace and item levels, ensuring appropriate permissions for users and groups. Row-level, column-level, object-level, and file-level access controls are also included, alongside the application of sensitivity labels to classify data securely. This section also tests the ability to endorse Power BI items for organizational use and oversee the complete development lifecycle of analytics assets by configuring version control, managing Power BI Desktop projects, setting up deployment pipelines, assessing downstream impacts from various data assets, and handling semantic model deployments using XMLA endpoint. Reusable asset management is also a part of this domain.

>> DP-600問題例 <<

Microsoft DP-600: Implementing Analytics Solutions Using Microsoft Fabric試験を高品質のDP-600問題例で準備できます

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Microsoft Implementing Analytics Solutions Using Microsoft Fabric 認定 DP-600 試験問題 (Q22-Q27):

質問 # 22

Case Study 2 - Litware, Inc

Overview

Litware, Inc. is a manufacturing company that has offices throughout North America. The analytics team at Litware contains data engineers, analytics engineers, data analysts, and data scientists.

Existing Environment

Fabric Environment

Litware has been using a Microsoft Power BI tenant for three years. Litware has NOT enabled any Fabric capacities and features.

Available Data

Litware has data that must be analyzed as shown in the following table.

The Product data contains a single table and the following columns.

The customer satisfaction data contains the following tables:

- Survey
- Question
- Response

For each survey submitted, the following occurs:

- One row is added to the Survey table.
- One row is added to the Response table for each question in the survey.
- The Question table contains the text of each survey question. The third question in each survey response is an overall satisfaction score. Customers can submit a survey after each purchase.

User Problems

The analytics team has large volumes of data, some of which is semi-structured. The team wants to use Fabric to create a new data

store.

Product data is often classified into three pricing groups: high, medium, and low. This logic is implemented in several databases and semantic models, but the logic does NOT always match across implementations.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Litware plans to enable Fabric features in the existing tenant. The analytics team will create a new data store as a proof of concept (PoC). The remaining Litware users will only get access to the Fabric features once the PoC is complete. The PoC will be completed by using a Fabric trial capacity. The following three workspaces will be created:

- AnalyticsPOC: Will contain the data store, semantic models, reports pipelines, dataflow, and notebooks used to populate the data store
- DataEngPOC: Will contain all the pipelines, dataflows, and notebooks used to populate OneLake
- DataSciPOC: Will contain all the notebooks and reports created by the data scientists. The following will be created in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:
 - A data store (type to be decided)
 - A custom semantic model
 - A default semantic model

Interactive reports

The data engineers will create data pipelines to load data to OneLake either hourly or daily depending on the data source. The analytics engineers will create processes to ingest, transform, and load the data to the data store in the AnalyticsPOC workspace daily. Whenever possible, the data engineers will use low-code tools for data ingestion. The choice of which data cleansing and transformation tools to use will be at the data engineers' discretion.

All the semantic models and reports in the Analytics POC workspace will use the data store as the sole data source.

Technical Requirements

The data store must support the following:

- Read access by using T-SQL or Python
- Semi-structured and unstructured data
- Row-level security (RLS) for users executing T-SQL queries

Files loaded by the data engineers to OneLake will be stored in the Parquet format and will meet Delta Lake specifications.

Data will be loaded without transformation in one area of the AnalyticsPOC data store. The data will then be cleansed, merged, and transformed into a dimensional model. The data load process must ensure that the raw and cleansed data is updated completely before populating the dimensional model. The dimensional model must contain a date dimension. There is no existing data source for the date dimension. The Litware fiscal year matches the calendar year. The date dimension must always contain dates from 2010 through the end of the current year.

The product pricing group logic must be maintained by the analytics engineers in a single location. The pricing group data must be made available in the data store for T-SQL queries and in the default semantic model. The following logic must be used:

- List prices that are less than or equal to 50 are in the low pricing group.
- List prices that are greater than 50 and less than or equal to 1,000 are in the medium pricing group.
- List prices that are greater than 1,000 are in the high pricing group.

Security Requirements

Only Fabric administrators and the analytics team must be able to see the Fabric items created as part of the PoC.

Litware identifies the following security requirements for the Fabric items in the AnalyticsPOC workspace:

- Fabric administrators will be the workspace administrators.
- The data engineers must be able to read from and write to the data store. No access must be granted to datasets or reports.
- The analytics engineers must be able to read from, write to, and create schemas in the data store. They also must be able to create and share semantic models with the data analysts and view and modify all reports in the workspace.
- The data scientists must be able to read from the data store, but not write to it. They will access the data by using a Spark notebook
- The data analysts must have read access to only the dimensional model objects in the data store. They also must have access to create Power BI reports by using the semantic models created by the analytics engineers.
- The date dimension must be available to all users of the data store.
- The principle of least privilege must be followed.

Both the default and custom semantic models must include only tables or views from the dimensional model in the data store. Litware already has the following Microsoft Entra security groups:

FabricAdmins: Fabric administrators

- AnalyticsTeam: All the members of the analytics team
- DataAnalysts: The data analysts on the analytics team
- DataScientists: The data scientists on the analytics team
- DataEngineers: The data engineers on the analytics team
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Report Requirements

The data analysts must create a customer satisfaction report that meets the following requirements:

- Enables a user to select a product to filter customer survey responses to only those who have purchased that product.
- Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected date.
- Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store.
- Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year.
- Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store.
- Minimizes the execution time of report queries.

Hotspot Question

You need to resolve the issue with the pricing group classification.

How should you complete the T-SQL statement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

正解:

解説:

質問 # 23

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a semantic model named Model1.

You discover that the following query performs slowly against Model1.

You need to reduce the execution time of the query.

Solution: You replace line 4 by using the following code:

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

正解: B

解説:

Topic 1, Litware, Inc. Case Study

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* Data Engineers: The data engineers on the analytics team

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* Displays the average overall satisfaction score of all the surveys submitted during the last 12 months up to a selected date

* Shows data as soon as the data is updated in the data store

* Ensures that the report and the semantic model only contain data from the current and previous year

* Ensures that the report respects any table-level security specified in the source data store

* Minimizes the execution time of report queries

質問 # 24

You need to ensure that Contoso can use version control to meet the data analytics requirements and the general requirements. What should you do?

- A. Store all the semantic models and reports in Data Lake Gen2 storage.
- B. Modify the settings of the Research division workspaces to use an Azure Repos repository.
- **C. Modify the settings of the Research workspaces to use a GitHub repository.**
- D. Store all the semantic models and reports in Microsoft OneDrive.

正解: **C**

質問 # 25

You have a Microsoft Power BI semantic model.

You plan to implement calculation groups.

You need to create a calculation item that will change the context from the selected date to month-to-date (MTD).

How should you complete the DAX expression? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

□ 正解:

解説:

□ Explanation:

To create a calculation item that changes the context from the selected date to month-to-date (MTD), the appropriate DAX expression involves using the CALCULATE function to alter the filter context and the DATESMTD function to specify the month-to-date context.

The correct completion for the DAX expression would be:

- * In the first dropdown, select CALCULATE.
- * In the second dropdown, select SELECTEDMEASURE.

This would create a DAX expression in the form:

```
CALCULATE(  
    SELECTEDMEASURE(),  
    DATESMTD('Date'[DateColumn])  
)
```

質問 # 26

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a Microsoft Power BI report named Report 1. Report1 includes a Python visual. Data displayed by the visual is grouped automatically and duplicate rows are NOT displayed.

You need all rows to appear in the visual. What should you do?

- A. Modify the Sort Column By property for all columns.
- B. Reference the columns in the Python code by index.
- C. Modify the Summarize By property for all columns.
- **D. Add a unique field to each row.**

正解: **D**

解説:

To ensure all rows appear in the Python visual within a Power BI report, option C, adding a unique field to each row, is the correct solution. This will prevent automatic grouping by unique values and allow for all instances of data to be represented in the visual.

References = For more on Power BI Python visuals and how they handle data, please refer to the Power BI documentation.

質問 # 27

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