

実際のSalesforce-MuleSoft-Associate関連資格知識 & 合格スムーズSalesforce-MuleSoft-Associate受験料 |一生懸命にSalesforce-MuleSoft-Associate的中率Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Associate



無料でクラウドストレージから最新のTopexam Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate PDFダンプをダウンロードする: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1mlJ1SrJWzUEA6jKFQLDQkxHGd3SKYoSn>

当社のSalesforce-MuleSoft-Associateテストトレントは、チャレンジに取り組み、Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate試験に合格するのに役立つ新しい方法を探し続けています。そして、Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate認定テストは長い間集中しており、教材の設計で大量のリソースと経験を蓄積してきました。あなたが楽しみにしているSalesforce-MuleSoft-Associate試験の証明書を取得するのを助けるために、熟練した意欲的なスタッフがたくさんいます。私たちはプロのチームとSalesforce-MuleSoft-Associate学習ツールを信頼しており、心から信頼してください。

Salesforce Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	Recognize common integration problems, use cases, and technical solutions: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Integration Architect and focuses on recognizing integration scenarios and choosing appropriate technologies. It distinguishes between enterprise system types and compares traditional versus modern integration approaches. Candidates are expected to deconstruct complex business problems into core use cases and identify suitable technologies to support them. A solid understanding of technology classes and their application in business scenarios is tested, along with knowledge of how to break down an integration solution into its system components.
トピック 2	Identify the roles, responsibilities, and lifecycle of an integration project: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Integration Architect and covers the foundational responsibilities within a MuleSoft integration project. It explores why integration initiatives often fail, introducing the IT delivery gap and MuleSoft's framework to bridge it. The content emphasizes the importance of an API-led delivery model that supports both producers and consumers. It also outlines common delivery methodologies, best practices from DevOps, and lifecycle stages—design, implementation, and management—within MuleSoft's product-centric approach. Furthermore, it defines the roles and duties of team members typically involved in such projects.
トピック 3	Describe the components and benefits of Anypoint Platform for API management: This section of the exam is designed for Integration Architects and focuses on MuleSoft's approach to API management. It outlines the primary components of Anypoint Platform that facilitate full lifecycle API development, including Universal API Management. The content highlights how the platform supports API-led connectivity and compares it with traditional API management approaches, emphasizing its superiority in delivering scalable and manageable enterprise APIs.

トピック 4	• Explain the common technical complexities and patterns in integration development: This section tests the expertise of a Platform Specialist and explores various technical patterns and complexities found in integration development. It includes a comparative review of interaction patterns such as batch, stream, and multicast, as well as integration composition styles like orchestration and choreography. The section emphasizes the use of design-first API development, observability practices, and log management. It also introduces architecture concepts such as microservices versus monolithic deployment, hybrid and cloud infrastructure, and the roles of API gateways and service meshes.
--------	--

>> Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate関連資格知識 <<

Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate受験料、Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate的中率

SalesforceのSalesforce-MuleSoft-Associateの認定試験に受かることはIT業種に従事している皆さんの夢です。あなたは夢を実現したいのなら、プロなトレーニングを選んだらいいです。Topexamは専門的にIT認証トレーニング資料を提供するサイトです。Topexamはあなたのそばにいてさしあげて、あなたの成功を保障します。あなたの目標はどんなに高くても、Topexamはその目標を現実にすることができます。

Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Associate 認定 Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate 試験問題 (Q31-Q36):

質問 # 31

According to MuleSoft which deployment characteristic applies to a microservices application architecture?

- A. Core business capabilities are encapsulated in a single deployable application
- **B. Services exist as independent deployment artifacts and can be scaled independently of other services**
- C. A deployment to enhance one capability requires a redeployment of all capabilities
- D. All services of an application can be deployed together as single Java WAR file

正解: B

解説:

Microservices architecture is designed to enhance flexibility, scalability, and maintainability by decomposing applications into small, independent services. Here's a detailed explanation:

Independent Deployment:

Definition: Each microservice is developed, deployed, and managed independently. This allows teams to work on different services without interfering with each other.

Scalability: Services can be scaled independently based on demand, improving resource utilization and system resilience.

Benefits:

Flexibility: Enhances the ability to update or scale specific parts of an application without affecting the whole system.

Resilience: Isolates failures to individual services, preventing cascading failures across the entire application.

Technology Diversity: Allows the use of different technologies and languages best suited for each service.

Microservices Architecture: What are Microservices?

Benefits of Microservices: Microservices Characteristics

質問 # 32

An organization's IT team follows an API-led connectivity approach and must use Anypoint Platform to implement a System API that securely accesses customer data. The organization uses Salesforce as the system of record for all customer data and its most important objective is to reduce the overall development time to release the System API. The team's integration architect has identified four different approaches to access the customer data from within the implementation of the System API by using different Anypoint Connectors that all meet the technical requirements of the project. Which approach should the team choose to meet the organization's objective to reduce the time to develop and release the System API?

- **A. Use the Anypoint Connector for Salesforce to connect to the Salesforce APIs to directly access the customer data**
- B. Use the Anypoint Connector for FTP to download a file containing a recent near-real time extract of the customer data
- C. Use the Anypoint Connector for HTTP to connect to the Salesforce APIs to directly access the customer data
- D. Use the Anypoint Connector for Database to connect to a MySQL database to access a copy of the customer data

正解: A

解説:

In an API-led connectivity approach, using the most efficient method to access system data can significantly reduce development time. Here's why using the Anypoint Connector for Salesforce is the best approach:

Direct Access:

Salesforce APIs: The Anypoint Connector for Salesforce provides direct access to Salesforce APIs, allowing the System API to retrieve customer data efficiently and securely.

No Middleware: Directly accessing Salesforce eliminates the need for intermediary steps, reducing complexity and potential points of failure.

Reduced Development Time:

Out-of-the-Box Functionality: The connector offers pre-built operations and functionalities tailored for Salesforce, speeding up development.

Configuration Over Coding: Using the connector involves minimal configuration compared to coding custom integration logic, leading to faster implementation.

Security:

Built-in Security: The connector handles authentication and authorization, ensuring secure data access in line with Salesforce security protocols.

Alternative Approaches:

HTTP Connector: While functional, it requires more custom handling for Salesforce API interactions and error management.

Database Connector: Accessing a database copy of Salesforce data may involve data synchronization challenges and does not provide real-time data.

FTP Connector: Using FTP for data extracts is less efficient and introduces delays in accessing up-to-date information.

MuleSoft Documentation: Salesforce Connector

API-led Connectivity: MuleSoft API-led Connectivity

質問 # 33

CloudHub is an example of which cloud computing service model?

- A. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)
- **B. Platform as a Service (PaaS)**
- C. Software as a Service (SaaS)
- D. Monitoring as a Service (MaaS)

正解: B

解説:

CloudHub is MuleSoft's integration platform as a service (iPaaS) offering. It provides a platform for deploying and managing integration applications in the cloud. Here's a detailed explanation:

Platform as a Service (PaaS):

Definition: PaaS provides a cloud-based environment with everything required to support the complete lifecycle of building and deploying web applications and services without the complexity of managing the underlying hardware and software layers.

CloudHub Features:

Deployment: Simplifies the deployment of Mule applications to the cloud.

Management: Provides tools for managing application performance, scaling, and monitoring.

Connectivity: Offers out-of-the-box connectors and integration capabilities for various systems and services.

Benefits:

Scalability: Automatically scales applications based on demand.

Availability: Ensures high availability and reliability with built-in disaster recovery and failover capabilities.

Security: Provides robust security features to protect data and applications.

MuleSoft Documentation: CloudHub

Cloud Computing Models: PaaS Overview

質問 # 34

As part of a growth strategy a supplier signs a trading agreement with a large customer. The customer sends purchase orders to the supplier according to the ANSI X12 EDI standard and the supplier creates the orders in its ERP system using the information in the EDI document. The agreement also requires that the supplier provide a new RESTful API to process requests from the customer for current product inventory levels from the supplier's ERP system.

Which two fundamental integration use cases does the supplier need to deliver to provide an end-to-end solution for this business scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. Streaming data ingestion
- B. User interface integration
- C. Data mashups
- **D. Sharing data with external partners**
- **E. Synchronized data transfer**

正解: D、E

解説:

To deliver an end-to-end solution for the described business scenario, the supplier needs to address both EDI processing and providing real-time data through a RESTful API. Here's a detailed explanation:

Sharing Data with External Partners:

EDI Integration: The supplier needs to process ANSI X12 EDI purchase orders from the customer and convert them into a format suitable for the ERP system.

Partner Integration: Establishing secure and reliable data exchanges with the customer is crucial for seamless transactions.

Synchronized Data Transfer:

Real-Time API: Providing a RESTful API to allow the customer to query current product inventory levels from the supplier's ERP system.

Data Consistency: Ensuring that the data provided through the API is accurate and up-to-date, reflecting the current state of the ERP system.

MuleSoft Documentation: EDI Integration

REST API Design: Designing APIs

Data Synchronization: Real-Time Integration

質問 # 35

According to MuleSoft which principle is common to both Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) and API-led connectivity approaches*?

- A. Service interdependence
- **B. Service reusability**
- C. Service statefulness
- D. Service centralization

正解: B

解説:

Both Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) and API-led connectivity emphasize the principle of service reusability. Here's a detailed explanation:

Service Reusability:

Definition: Service reusability is the principle where services are designed to be reusable across different applications and use cases.

SOA: In SOA, services are modular components that can be reused in various business processes, reducing redundancy and promoting efficient service composition.

API-led Connectivity: This approach also stresses creating reusable APIs (System APIs, Process APIs, Experience APIs) that can be leveraged across multiple projects and applications.

Benefits:

Efficiency: Reduces development time and effort by reusing existing services.

Consistency: Ensures consistency in business logic and data access across different applications.

Scalability: Facilitates scaling by using standardized and reusable services/APIs.

MuleSoft Documentation: SOA vs. API-led Connectivity

Service Reusability: Principles of Service Reusability

質問 # 36

.....

我々 Topexam の Salesforce の Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate 試験のソフトウェアを使用し、あなたは Salesforce の Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associate 試験に合格することができます。あなたが本当にそれぞれの質問を把握するよう

P.S.TopexamがGoogle Driveで共有している無料の2026 Salesforce Salesforce-MuleSoft-Associateダンプ: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1mlJ1SrJWzUEA6jKFOLDQkxHGd3SKY0Sn>