

# NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25関連資格知識、NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25日本語版試験解答



無料でクラウドストレージから最新のJPNTTest NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25 PDFダンプをダウンロードする：<https://drive.google.com/open?id=106o7rJXVwgvhFcp7xS2mKtCiPmncTbnW>

あなたは弊社の商品を買ったら一年間に無料でアップサービスが提供されたNSE7\_SSE\_AD-25認定試験に合格するまで利用しても喜んでいきます。もしテストの内容が変われば、すぐにお客様に伝えます。弊社はあなた100%NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25合格率を保証いたします。

NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25のJPNTTest試験トレントを正常に支払った後、購入者は5~10分でシステムから送信されたメールを受け取ります。その後、候補者はリンクを開いてログインし、NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25テストトレントを使用してすぐに学習できます。時間は受験者にとって非常に重要であるため、誰もが効率的に学習できることを願っています。そのため、候補者は購入後すぐにNSE7\_SSE\_AD-25ガイドの質問を使用でき、当社製品の大きな利点になります。受験者がNSE7\_SSE\_AD-25テストトレントを習得し、NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25試験の準備を改善することは便利です。

>> NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25関連資格知識 <<

## NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25試験の準備方法 | 素敵なNSE7\_SSE\_AD-25関連資格知識試験 | 更新するFortinet NSE 7 - FortiSASE 25 Enterprise Administrator 日本語版試験解答

Fortinet NSE 7 - FortiSASE 25 Enterprise Administrator NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25は、技術的な精度の最高水準を高め、認定された主題と専門家のみを使用します。最新の正確なNSE7\_SSE\_AD-25試験トレントをクライアントに提供し、提供する質問と回答は実際の試験に基づいています。合格率が高く、約98%-100%であることをお約束します。また、NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25テストブレインダンプは高いヒット率を高め、試験を刺激してNSE7\_SSE\_AD-25試験の準備を整えることができます。あなたの成功は、NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25試験問題に縛られています。

### Fortinet NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>セキュアプライベートアクセス (SPA) : この領域には、SPAのユースケースの設計、SD-WANを使用したSPAの展開、タグ付けルールとアクセスプロキシ構成によるZTNAの実装が含まれます。</li></ul>
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>分析: このセクションでは、接続性やエンドポイントの問題のトラブルシューティング、ダッシュボードやログの分析、ユーザーのトラフィックやセキュリティイベントに関連するレポートの確認について説明します。</li></ul>

トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SASEの導入と管理: このセクションでは、支店およびリモートユーザー向けのFortiSASEの導入と管理、高度な検査機能の設定、エンドポイントプロファイルとコンプライアンスルールの管理について説明します。</li> </ul>
トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SASEアーキテクチャと統合: この領域では、FortiSASEを既存のネットワークに統合すること、コアSASEコンポーネントを特定すること、および高度な展開シナリオにおけるそれらの役割を評価することについて扱います。</li> </ul>

## Fortinet NSE 7 - FortiSASE 25 Enterprise Administrator 認定 NSE7\_SSE\_AD-25 試験問題 (Q59-Q64):

### 質問 # 59

Refer to the exhibit.

To allow access, which web filter configuration must you change on FortiSASE?

- A. content filter
- B. FortiGuard category-based filter
- C. URL Filter
- D. inline cloud access security broker (CASB) headers

正解: C

解説:

The exhibit indicates that the URL <https://www.bbc.com/> is being blocked due to containing a banned word ("fight"). To allow access to this specific URL, you need to adjust the URL filter settings on FortiSASE.

\* URL Filtering:

\* URL filtering allows administrators to define policies that block or allow access to specific URLs or URL patterns.

\* In this case, the URL filter is set to block any URL containing the word "fight."

\* Modifying URL Filter:

\* Navigate to the Web Filter configuration in FortiSASE.

\* Locate the URL filter settings.

\* Add an exception for the URL <https://www.bbc.com/> to allow access, even if it contains a banned word.

\* Alternatively, remove or adjust the banned word list to exclude the word "fight" if it's not critical to the security policy.

References:

FortiOS 7.6 Administration Guide: Provides details on configuring and managing URL filters.

FortiSASE 23.2 Documentation: Explains how to set up and modify web filtering policies, including URL filters.

### 質問 # 60

When configuring the DLP rule in FortiSASE using Regex format, what would be the correct order for the configuration steps?  
(Place the four correct steps in order)

正解:

解説:

Explanation:

1. DLP Data Pattern
2. DLP Dictionary
3. DLP Sensor
4. DLP Profile

The FortiSASE Data Loss Prevention (DLP) framework follows a hierarchical object-oriented structure.

When creating a custom DLP rule using Regular Expressions (Regex), the administrator must build the components from the most granular level upward to the policy level.

\* DLP Data Pattern: This is the first step where the actual Regex string is defined. The pattern specifies what specific data string (e.g., a specific credit card format or employee ID) the engine should look for.

\* DLP Dictionary: Once the pattern is created, it must be added to a Dictionary. The dictionary acts as a container that groups one or more data patterns together for easier management.

\* DLP Sensor: The dictionary is then linked to a DLP Sensor. Within the sensor, you define the "Rule" which specifies the dictionary

to use and the action to take (such as block, log, or quarantine) when a match occurs.

\* DLP Profile: Finally, the sensor is applied to a DLP Profile. This profile is the high-level object that is ultimately selected within a FortiSASE Security Policy to inspect traffic for sensitive data.

#### 質問 # 61

An administrator must restrict endpoints from certain countries from connecting to FortiSASE. Which configuration can achieve this?

- A. Configure a network lockdown policy on the endpoint profiles.
- **B. Configure geofencing to restrict access from the required countries.**
- C. Configure source IP anchoring to restrict access from the specified countries.
- D. Configure a geography address object as the source for a deny policy.

正解: B

解説:

Geofencing allows the administrator to restrict or allow access to FortiSASE services based on the geographic location of the endpoints, effectively blocking connections from specified countries.

#### 質問 # 62

Refer to the exhibit. Which two prerequisites must be met to use the feature shown in the exhibit? (Choose two.)

- A. The proxy and proxy user single sign-on (SSO) features must be configured in FortiSASE.
- **B. The relevant FortiGate ZTNA application gateway must be configured.**
- **C. The secure private access (SPA) feature must be configured in FortiSASE.**
- D. FortiClient must be installed on the user's device to access the private application.

正解: B、C

解説:

To use agentless private application access as shown, the Secure Private Access (SPA) feature must be enabled in FortiSASE, and the relevant FortiGate ZTNA application gateway must be configured to provide access to the private applications. Agentless access does not require FortiClient on the user device, and proxy/SSO configuration is not a prerequisite for this feature.

#### 質問 # 63

When deploying FortiSASE agent-based clients, which three features are available compared to an agentless solution? (Choose three.)

- A. ZTNA tags
- B. Anti-ransomware protection
- **C. Vulnerability scan**
- **D. SSL inspection**
- **E. Web filter**

正解: C、D、E

解説:

When deploying FortiSASE agent-based clients, several features are available that are not typically available with an agentless solution. These features enhance the security and management capabilities for endpoints.

\* Vulnerability Scan:

\* Agent-based clients can perform vulnerability scans on endpoints to identify and remediate security weaknesses.

\* This proactive approach helps to ensure that endpoints are secure and compliant with security policies.

\* SSL Inspection:

\* Agent-based clients can perform SSL inspection to decrypt and inspect encrypted traffic for threats.

\* This feature is critical for detecting malicious activities hidden within SSL/TLS encrypted traffic.

\* Web Filter:

\* Web filtering is a key feature available with agent-based clients, allowing administrators to control and monitor web access.

