

F5CAB3덤프샘플문제체험 & F5CAB3 Dumps



참고: ITDumpsKR에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 F5 F5CAB3 시험 문제집이 있습니다:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=1VL7heMvC0xhinCXQLRtZ0ilZT_sr0E9

ITDumpsKR는 한국어로 온라인상담과 메일상담을 받습니다. F5 F5CAB3덤프구매후 일년동안 무료업데이트서비스를 제공드리며F5 F5CAB3시험에서 떨어지는 경우F5 F5CAB3덤프비용 전액을 환불해드려 고객님의 부담을 덜어드립니다. 더는 고민고민 하지마시고 덤프 받아가세요.

F5 F5CAB3 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	Apply procedural concepts required to modify and manage virtual servers: This domain covers managing virtual servers including applying persistence, encryption, and protocol profiles, identifying iApp objects, reporting iRules, and showing pool configurations.
주제 2	Apply procedural concepts required to modify and manage pools: This domain addresses managing server pools including health monitors, load balancing methods, priority groups, and service port configurations.

>> F5CAB3덤프샘플문제 체험 <<

F5CAB3 Dumps & F5CAB3퍼펙트 최신 공부자료

ITDumpsKR의 F5인증 F5CAB3덤프는 최근 유행인 PDF버전과 소프트웨어버전 두가지 버전으로 제공됩니다.PDF버전을 먼저 공부하고 소프트웨어번으로 PDF버전의 내용을 얼마나 기억하였는지 테스트할수 있습니다. 두 버전을 모두 구입하시면 시험에서 고득점으로 패스가 가능합니다.

최신 F5-CA F5CAB3 무료샘플문제 (Q12-Q17):

질문 # 12

During high-demand traffic events, the BIG-IP Administrator needs to limit new connections per second. What should be applied?

- A. Connection limit
- B. Connection rate limit
- C. OneConnect profile
- D. HTTP Compression profile

정답: B

설명:

Connection rate limiting controls how many new connections per second are accepted, protecting backend resources.

질문 # 13

A BIG-IP Administrator configures an SSH pool with five members.
Which health monitor should be applied?

- A. TCP
- B. UDP
- C. HTTP
- D. HTTPS

정답: A

설명:

SSH is a TCP-based service. A TCP monitor validates service availability without requiring application-layer inspection.

질문 # 14

Refer to the exhibit.

The screenshot shows the configuration of a Virtual Server named 'SSH-Virtual-1'. The 'General Properties' tab is active. The 'Availability' section shows 'Available (Enabled)' with a green status icon. The 'Configuration' section shows 'Protocol' set to 'TCP', 'Protocol Profile (Client)' set to 'tcp', 'Protocol Profile (Server)' set to '(Use Client Profile)', 'HTTP Profile' set to 'http', 'FTP Profile' set to 'None', 'RTSP Profile' set to 'None', and 'SSH Proxy Profile' set to 'None'. A large red 'f5' logo is overlaid on the right side of the screenshot.

A BIG-IP Administrator creates a new Virtual Server to load balance SSH traffic. Users are unable to log on to the servers.
What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to resolve the issue? (Choose one answer)

- A. Set Destination Address/Mask to 0.0.0.0/0
- B. Set HTTP Profile to None
- C. Set Protocol to UDP
- D. Set Source Address to 10.1.1.2

정답: B

설명:

SSH is a Layer 4 TCP-based protocol that operates on TCP port 22 and does not use HTTP in any capacity. In the exhibit, the Virtual Server is configured with an HTTP Profile applied, which is inappropriate for SSH traffic and causes connection failures.

According to the BIG-IP Administration: Data Plane Configuration documentation:

- * An HTTP profile must only be applied to Virtual Servers handling HTTP or HTTPS traffic.
- * When an HTTP profile is attached, BIG-IP expects HTTP headers and attempts to parse application-layer data.
- * Non-HTTP protocols such as SSH, FTP (control), SMTP, and other raw TCP services will fail if an HTTP profile is enabled.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A. Set Protocol to UDPSSH uses TCP, not UDP. Changing the protocol would break SSH entirely.
- * B. Set Source Address to 10.1.1.2The source address setting controls client access restrictions and is unrelated to protocol parsing issues.
- * C. Set Destination Address/Mask to 0.0.0.0/0The destination address is already valid for a specific SSH service and does not impact protocol handling.

Correct Resolution:

The BIG-IP Administrator should remove the HTTP Profile (set it to None) so the Virtual Server functions as a pure Layer 4 TCP service, allowing SSH connections to pass through successfully.

질문 # 15

In a pool there are 2 pool members out of the 5 members that are older servers. The number of connections these can handle is less than the other 3 pool members. Which load balancing method would allow more traffic to be directed to the newer servers? (Choose one answer)

- A. Least Connections (member)
- **B. Weighted Least Connections (member)**
- C. Round Robin
- D. Global Availability

정답: B

설명:

When a pool contains servers with heterogeneous hardware capabilities (differing CPU, RAM, or connection limits), a static load balancing method like Round Robin is ineffective because it distributes requests equally, regardless of the server's capacity. To optimize traffic distribution for newer, more powerful servers, a dynamic or weighted method is required.

* Weighted Least Connections (member): This is the ideal method for this scenario. It combines two factors:

* Least Connections: It first checks the current active connection count to ensure traffic goes to the least busy server.

* Weight (Ratio): It allows the administrator to assign a "Ratio" value to each pool member. Newer servers can be assigned a higher ratio (e.g., 3) while older servers are assigned a lower ratio (e.g., 1).

The BIG-IP system uses these weights to disproportionately favor the newer servers even when connection counts are similar.

* Why other options are incorrect:

* Global Availability: This is primarily a GSLB (Global Server Load Balancing) or specific LTM priority group concept where traffic is sent to the first available member in a list until it fails, then moves to the next. It does not load balance based on capacity.

* Round Robin: This passes each new connection request to the next server in line, treating the old and new servers exactly the same.

* Least Connections (member): While this sends traffic to the server with the fewest active connections, it assumes all servers are equal. If an old server and a new server both have 10 connections, they are treated as equally capable of taking the 11th, which is not true in this scenario.

질문 # 16

All pool members are online and all other settings are default.

What might alter the load balancing behavior?

- **A. Adding a persistence profile**
- B. Enabling an HTTP fallback host
- C. Enabling SNAT Automap
- D. Adding a OneConnect profile

정답: A

설명:

Persistence overrides load balancing decisions by maintaining client-to-server affinity.

질문 # 17

.....

빨리 ITDumpsKR 덤프를 장바구니에 넣으시죠. 그러면 100프로 자신감으로 응시하셔서 한번에 안전하게 패스하실 수 있습니다. 단 한번으로 F5 F5CAB3 인증시험을 패스한다..... 여러분은 절대 후회할 일 없습니다.

F5CAB3 Dumps: <https://www.itdumpskr.com/F5CAB3-exam.html>

- 최근 인기시험 F5CAB3덤프샘플문제 체험 덤프자료 ☐ ☐ www.pass4test.net ☐에서“F5CAB3”를 검색하고 무료로 다운로드하세요F5CAB3시험패스자료
- 최신 F5CAB3덤프샘플문제 체험 덤프자료 ☐ ☐ www.itdumpskr.com <에서【F5CAB3】를 검색하고 무료 다운로드 받기F5CAB3시험대비 최신 덤프모음집
- 최신버전 F5CAB3덤프샘플문제 체험 완벽한 시험공부자료 ☐ ☒ www.koreadumps.com ☐ ☒에서▶▶ F5CAB3 ☐를 검색하고 무료 다운로드 받기F5CAB3인증덤프공부문제
- F5CAB3시험합격덤프 ☐ F5CAB3최신버전 인기 덤프자료 ☐ F5CAB3최신버전 공부문제 ☐ [www.itdumpskr.com]웹사이트에서【F5CAB3】를 열고 검색하여 무료 다운로드F5CAB3최신버전 덤프데모문제
- F5CAB3최신버전 덤프데모문제 ☐ F5CAB3합격보장 가능 시험 ☐ F5CAB3최신 인증시험 대비자료 ☐ 무료로 쉽게 다운로드하려면 《kr.fast2test.com》에서▶ F5CAB3 <를 검색하세요F5CAB3최신버전 공부문제
- F5CAB3덤프샘플문제 체험 덤프로 시험패스 도전! ☐ ☐ www.itdumpskr.com ☐의 무료 다운로드“F5CAB3”페이지가 지금 열립니다F5CAB3시험합격덤프
- 최신버전 F5CAB3덤프샘플문제 체험 인기 시험자료 ☐ ☐ kr.fast2test.com <을(를) 열고▶▶ F5CAB3 ☐ ☐ ☐를 입력하고 무료 다운로드를 받으십시오F5CAB3합격보장 가능 시험
- F5CAB3덤프샘플문제 체험 덤프로 시험패스 도전! ☐ ☐ www.itdumpskr.com <웹사이트에서《F5CAB3》를 열고 검색하여 무료 다운로드F5CAB3인증덤프공부문제
- F5CAB3덤프샘플문제 체험 덤프로 시험패스 도전! ☐ ☒ www.koreadumps.com ☐ ☒웹사이트에서[F5CAB3]를 열고 검색하여 무료 다운로드F5CAB3시험패스자료
- F5CAB3시험응시료 ☐ F5CAB3시험응시료 ☐ F5CAB3최고품질 예상문제모음 ☐ 지금【www.itdumpskr.com】을(를) 열고 무료 다운로드를 위해▶▶ F5CAB3 ☐를 검색하십시오F5CAB3시험대비 최신 덤프모음집
- F5CAB3유효한 인증덤프 ☐ F5CAB3최고품질 예상문제모음 ☐ F5CAB3높은 통과율 덤프공부자료 ☐ 무료로 다운로드하려면▶▶ kr.fast2test.com <로 이동하여[F5CAB3]를 검색하십시오F5CAB3최신버전 공부문제
- scalar.usc.edu, www.wonderlink.de, scalar.usc.edu, fortunetelleroracle.com, www.zazzle.com, scalar.usc.edu, fortunetelleroracle.com, blogfreely.net, www.flirtic.com, telegra.ph, Disposable vapes

그 외, ITDumpsKR F5CAB3 시험 문제집 일부가 지금은 무료입니다: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1VL7lneMvC0xhinCXQLRtZ0iZT_sr0E9

[id=1VL7lneMvC0xhinCXQLRtZ0iZT_sr0E9](https://drive.google.com/open?id=1VL7lneMvC0xhinCXQLRtZ0iZT_sr0E9)