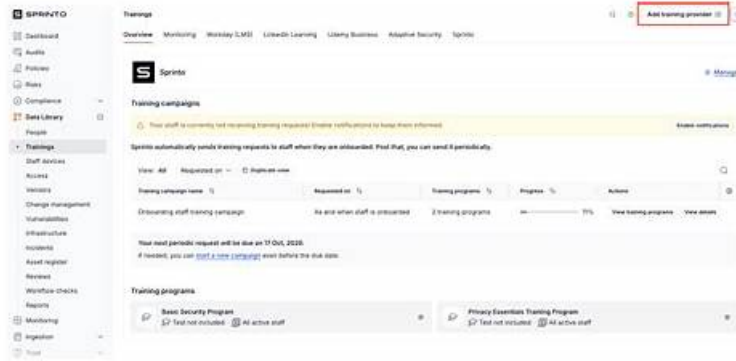


# Workday Workday-Pro-Integrations Exam Sims | Workday-Pro-Integrations Reliable Test Topics



BTW, DOWNLOAD part of TestkingPDF Workday-Pro-Integrations dumps from Cloud Storage: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1dGtvCAD8JyKpy9xqzvlgBrMKm8en8xUq>

Our TestkingPDF's Workday-Pro-Integrations exam training material is the leader of Workday-Pro-Integrations certification exam. Our Workday-Pro-Integrations exam training materials is the result of TestkingPDF's experienced IT experts with constant exploration, practice and research for many years. It has high accuracy and wide coverage. If you buy our Workday-Pro-Integrations Dumps PDF, we guarantee that we will provide one year free renewal service.

## Workday Workday-Pro-Integrations Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calculated Fields: This section of the exam measures the skills of Workday Integration Analysts and covers the creation, configuration, and management of calculated fields used to transform, manipulate, and format data in Workday integrations. It evaluates understanding of field types, dependencies, and logical operations that enable dynamic data customization within integration workflows.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>XSLT: This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Integration Developers and covers the use of Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations (XSLT) in Workday integrations. It focuses on transforming XML data structures, applying conditional logic, and formatting output for various integration use cases such as APIs and external file delivery.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Integrations: This section of the exam measures the skills of Integration Specialists and covers the full spectrum of integration techniques in Workday. It includes an understanding of core integration architecture, APIs, Workday Studio, and integration system user setup. The focus is on building scalable, maintainable, and secure integrations that ensure seamless system interoperability.</li> </ul>

>> Workday Workday-Pro-Integrations Exam Sims <<

## Workday Workday-Pro-Integrations Reliable Test Topics - Workday-Pro-Integrations Testdump

We all have same experiences that some excellent people around us further their study and never stop their pace even though they have done great job in their surrounding environment. So it is of great importance to make yourself competitive as much as possible. Facing the Workday-Pro-Integrations exam this time, your rooted stressful mind of the exam can be eliminated after getting help from our Workday-Pro-Integrations practice materials. They do not let go even the tenuous points about the Workday-Pro-Integrations exam as long as they are helpful and related to the exam. And let go those opaque technicalities which are useless and hard to understand, which means whether you are newbie or experienced exam candidate of this area, you can use our Workday-Pro-Integrations real questions with ease.

## Workday Pro Integrations Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q66-Q71):

### NEW QUESTION # 66

Refer to the following scenario to answer the question below.

You have configured a Core Connector: Worker integration, which utilizes the following basic configuration:

- \* Integration field attributes are configured to output the Position Title and Business Title fields from the Position Data section.
- \* Integration Population Eligibility uses the field Is Manager which returns true if the worker holds a manager role.
- \* Transaction Log service has been configured to Subscribe to specific Transaction Types: Position Edit Event. You launch your integration with the following date launch parameters (Date format of MM/DD/YYYY):
  - \* As of Entry Moment: 05/25/2024 12:00:00 AM
  - \* Effective Date: 05/25/2024
  - \* Last Successful As of Entry Moment: 05/23/2024 12:00:00 AM
  - \* Last Successful Effective Date: 05/23/2024

To test your integration you made a change to a worker named Jared Ellis who is assigned to the manager role for the IT Help Desk department. You perform an Edit Position on Jared and update the Job Profile of the position to a new value. Jared Ellis' worker history shows the Edit Position Event as being successfully completed with an effective date of 05/24/2024 and an Entry Moment of 05/24/2024 07:58:53 AM however Jared Ellis does not show up in your output.

What configuration element would have to be modified for the integration to include Jared Ellis in the output?

- A. Integration Field Attributes
- B. Integration Population Eligibility
- C. Date launch parameters
- D. Transaction log subscription

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The scenario describes a Core Connector: Worker integration configured to output specific fields (Position Title and Business Title) for workers who meet the Integration Population Eligibility criteria (Is Manager = true) and where the Transaction Log service is subscribed to the "Position Edit Event." The integration is launched with specific date parameters, and a test edit is made to Jared Ellis' position, who is a manager.

However, despite the edit being completed with an effective date of 05/24/2024 and an entry moment of 05/24/2024 07:58:53 AM, Jared does not appear in the output. Let's analyze why and determine the correct configuration element to modify.

In Workday integrations, the Core Connector: Worker uses change detection mechanisms to identify and process updates based on the Transaction Log and date launch parameters. The Transaction Log service captures events such as the "Position Edit Event" and records them with an Effective Date (when the change takes effect) and an Entry Moment (when the change was entered into the system). The integration's date launch parameters define the time window for which changes are retrieved:

\* As of Entry Moment: 05/25/2024 12:00:00 AM - This specifies the latest point in time for when changes were entered into Workday.

\* Effective Date: 05/25/2024 - This defines the date for which the changes are effective.

\* Last Successful As of Entry Moment: 05/23/2024 12:00:00 AM - This indicates the starting point for entry moments from the last successful run.

\* Last Successful Effective Date: 05/23/2024 - This indicates the starting point for effective dates from the last successful run.

For an incremental run (like this one, since "Last Successful" parameters are provided), Workday processes changes where the Entry Moment falls between the Last Successful As of Entry Moment (05/23/2024 12:00:00 AM) and the As of Entry Moment (05/25/2024 12:00:00 AM), and where the Effective Date falls between the Last Successful Effective Date (05/23/2024) and the Effective Date (05/25/2024).

Now, let's evaluate Jared Ellis' edit:

\* Entry Moment: 05/24/2024 07:58:53 AM - This falls within the range of 05/23/2024 12:00:00 AM to 05/25/2024 12:00:00 AM.

\* Effective Date: 05/24/2024 - This falls within the range of 05/23/2024 to 05/25/2024.

At first glance, Jared's edit seems to fit the date parameter window. However, the issue lies in the time component of the date launch parameters. Workday interprets these parameters with precision down to the second. The As of Entry Moment is set to 05/25/2024 12:00:00 AM (midnight), which is the very start of May

25, 2024. Jared's Entry Moment of 05/24/2024 07:58:53 AM is correctly within the range from 05/23/2024

12:00:00 AM to 05/25/2024 12:00:00 AM. However, the Transaction Log subscription to "Position Edit Event" relies on the change being fully processed and available in the log by the time the integration runs.

The integration might have run at a point where the effective date window or the subscription logic did not correctly capture the event due to a mismatch in how the Effective Date is evaluated against the Last Successful Effective Date. Specifically, if the integration

only processes changes with an Effective Date strictly after the Last Successful Effective Date (05/23/2024) up to the Effective Date (05/25/2024), and the logic excludes changes effective exactly on 05/24/2024 due to a boundary condition or a timing issue in the transaction log. Jared's change might not be picked up.

To resolve this, modifying the Date launch parameters is necessary. Adjusting the As of Entry Moment to a later time (e.g., 05/25/2024 11:59:59 PM) or ensuring the Effective Date range explicitly includes all changes effective on or after 05/23/2024 through 05/25/2024 would ensure Jared's edit is captured. This adjustment aligns the time window to include all relevant transactions logged before the integration run.

Let's evaluate the other options:

\* A. Integration Population Eligibility: This is set to "Is Manager = true," and Jared is a manager. This filter is working correctly and does not need modification.

\* B. Integration Field Attributes: These are configured to output Position Title and Business Title, and the edit was to the Job Profile (part of Position Data). The fields are appropriately configured, so this is not the issue.

\* D. Transaction Log Subscription: The subscription is set to "Position Edit Event," which matches Jared's edit. The subscription type is correct, so no change is needed here.

Thus, the issue stems from the date launch parameters not fully encompassing the timing of Jared's edit in the Transaction Log, making C. Date launch parameters the correct answer.

Workday Pro Integrations Study Guide References

\* Workday Integrations Study Guide: Core Connector: Worker- Section on "Change Detection Using Transaction Log" explains how Transaction Log subscriptions filter events based on date parameters.

\* Workday Integrations Study Guide: Launch Parameters- Details the role of "As of Entry Moment" and "Effective Date" in defining the scope of incremental runs.

\* Workday Integrations Study Guide: Incremental Processing- Describes how "Last Successful" parameters establish the baseline for detecting changes in subsequent runs.

## NEW QUESTION # 67

Refer to the following XML to answer the question below.

You need the integration file to format the ps:PositionID field to 10 characters and report any truncated values as an error.

How will you start your template match on ps:Position to use Document Transformation (DT) to do the transformation using ETV with your truncation validation?

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

In Workday integrations, Document Transformation (DT) using XSLT is employed to transform XML data, such as the output from a Core Connector or EIB, into a specific format for third-party systems. In this scenario, you need to transform the ps:Position\_ID field within the ps:Position element to a fixed length of 10 characters and report any truncation as an error using Workday's Extension for Transformation and Validation (ETV) attributes. The template must match the ps:Position element and apply the specified formatting and validation rules.

Here's why option D is correct:

Template Matching: The `<xsl:template match="ps:Position">` correctly targets the ps:Position element in the XML, as shown in the provided snippet, ensuring the transformation applies to the appropriate node.

ETV Attributes:

`etv:fixedLength="10"` specifies that the Pos\_ID field should be formatted to a fixed length of 10 characters. This ensures the output is truncated or padded (if needed) to meet the length requirement.

`etv:reportTruncation="error"` instructs the transformation to raise an error if the ps:Position\_ID value exceeds 10 characters and cannot be truncated without data loss, aligning with the requirement to report truncated values as errors.

XPath Selection: The `<xsl:value-of select="ps:Position_Data/ps:Position_ID"/>` correctly extracts the ps:Position\_ID value from the ps:Position\_Data child element, as shown in the XML structure (`<ps:Position_ID>P-00030</ps:Position_ID>`).

Output Structure: The `<Position><Pos_ID>...</Pos_ID></Position>` structure ensures the transformed data is wrapped in meaningful tags for the target system, maintaining consistency with Workday integration practices.

Why not the other options?

A.

xml

WrapCopy

`<xsl:template match="ps:Position">`

```

<Position>
<Pos_ID etv:fixedLength="10">
<xsl:value-of select="ps:Position_Data/ps:Position_ID"/>
</Pos_ID>
</Position>
</xsl:template>

```

This option includes `etv:fixedLength="10"` but omits `etv:reportTruncation="error"`. Without the truncation reporting, it does not meet the requirement to report truncated values as errors, making it incorrect.

B.

```

xml
WrapCopy
<xsl:template match="ps:Position">
<Position etv:fixedLength="10">
<Pos_ID etv:reportTruncation="error">
<xsl:value-of select="ps:Position_Data/ps:Position_ID"/>
</Pos_ID>
</Position>
</xsl:template>

```

This applies `etv:fixedLength="10"` to the Position element instead of Pos\_ID, and `etv:reportTruncation="error"` to Pos\_ID. However, ETV attributes like `fixedLength` and `reportTruncation` should be applied to the specific field being formatted (Pos\_ID), not the parent element (Position). This misplacement makes it incorrect.

C.

```

xml
WrapCopy
<xsl:template match="ps:Position">
<Position etv:fixedLength="10">
<Pos_ID etv:reportTruncation="error">
<xsl:value-of select="ps:Position_Data/ps:Position_ID"/>
</Pos_ID>
</Position>
</xsl:template>

```

Similar to option B, this applies `etv:fixedLength="10"` to Position and `etv:reportTruncation="error"` to Pos\_ID, which is incorrect for the same reason: ETV attributes must be applied to the specific field (Pos\_ID) requiring formatting and validation, not the parent element.

To implement this in XSLT for a Workday integration:

Use the template from option D to match `ps:Position`, apply `etv:fixedLength="10"` and `etv:reportTruncation="error"` to the Pos\_ID element, and extract the `ps:Position_ID` value using the correct XPath. This ensures the `ps:Position_ID` (e.g., "P-00030") is formatted to 10 characters and reports any truncation as an error, meeting the integration file requirements.

:

Workday Pro Integrations Study Guide: Section on "Document Transformation (DT) and ETV" - Details the use of ETV attributes like `fixedLength` and `reportTruncation` for formatting and validating data in XSLT transformations.

Workday Core Connector and EIB Guide: Chapter on "XML Transformations" - Explains how to use XSLT templates to transform position data, including ETV attributes for length and truncation validation.

Workday Integration System Fundamentals: Section on "ETV in Integrations" - Covers the application of ETV attributes to specific fields in XML for integration outputs, ensuring compliance with formatting and error-reporting requirements.

## NEW QUESTION # 68

What is the task used to upload a new XSLT file for a pre-existing document transformation integration system?

- A. Edit Integration Service Attachment
- B. Edit Integration Attachment Service
- C. Edit Integration Attachment
- **D. Edit XSLT Attachment Transformation**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

In Workday, when you need to upload a new XSLT (Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations) file to modify or replace an existing transformation within a pre-existing document transformation integration system, the specific task required is "Edit XSLT Attachment Transformation." This task allows users to update the XSLT file that governs how XML data is transformed within the

integration system without creating an entirely new transformation object.

Here's why this is the correct answer:

- \* Workday's integration systems often rely on XSLT to transform XML data into the desired format for downstream systems or processes. When an XSLT file has already been associated with an integration system (e.g., as part of an Enterprise Interface Builder (EIB) or a Document Transformation Connector), updating it requires accessing the existing transformation configuration.
- \* The "Edit XSLT Attachment Transformation" task enables users to upload a revised version of the XSLT file. This action replaces the previous file while maintaining the integration system's configuration, ensuring continuity without necessitating additional changes to the system itself.
- \* This task is distinct from other options because it specifically targets the transformation logic (XSLT) rather than broader integration components or services.

Let's examine why the other options are incorrect:

- \* A. Edit Integration Attachment: This task is used to manage generic attachments associated with an integration, such as input files or supplementary documents, but it does not specifically address XSLT transformations. It lacks the precision required for updating transformation logic.
- \* B. Edit Integration Attachment Service: This is not a recognized task in Workday's integration framework. It appears to be a conflation of terms and does not align with the documented processes for managing XSLT files.
- \* D. Edit Integration Service Attachment: While this might suggest modifying an attachment related to an integration service, it is not the correct task for handling XSLT files in a document transformation context. Workday documentation consistently points to "Edit XSLT Attachment Transformation" for this purpose.

The process typically involves:

- \* Navigating to the integration system in Workday (e.g., via the "Search" bar by entering the integration system name).
- \* Using the related actions menu to select "Integration System" > "Edit XSLT Attachment Transformation."
- \* Uploading the new XSLT file, which must comply with Workday's size limitations (e.g., 30 MB for attachments) and be properly formatted.
- \* Saving the changes, which updates the transformation logic without altering other integration configurations.

This approach ensures that transformations remain aligned with business requirements, such as reformatting data for compatibility with external systems, while leveraging Workday's secure and efficient integration tools.

Workday Pro Integrations Study Guide: "Configure Integration System - TRANSFORMATION" section, which details the use of XSLT files in document transformations and the associated tasks.

Workday Documentation: "Enterprise Interface Builder (EIB)" and "Document Transformation Connector" sections, where the "Edit XSLT Attachment Transformation" task is outlined for updating XSLT files.

Workday Community: Guidance on managing XSLT attachments, confirming this task as the standard method for updating pre-existing transformations.

## NEW QUESTION # 69

Refer to the scenario. You are configuring a Core Connector: Worker integration with the Data Initialization Service (DIS) enabled, scheduled to run once daily. The integration must extract only active worker records with changes to compensation, home address, or business title since the last 24 hours. It uses Workday's change detection to avoid full extracts.

During testing, the Core Connector: Worker DIS output unexpectedly includes terminated workers, even though the change detection date parameters are correctly defined for a Full-Diff extract. The requirements specify that only active workers should be included in the output.

What configuration step should you modify to ensure the integration excludes terminated workers?

- A. Configure Integration Attributes for Integration System step to enable Include Inactive Workers in Full File.
- **B. Configure Integration Population Eligibility step to filter out terminated employees.**
- C. Configure Integration Field Overrides step to use the correct Eligibility Criterion to filter out terminated employees.
- D. Configure Integration Transaction Log step to subscribe to everything except termination transactions.

## Answer: B

Explanation:

This scenario addresses an issue where a Core Connector: Worker integration - with DIS enabled and Full-Diff mode configured - unexpectedly includes terminated workers in the output, despite a requirement to include only active workers.

The correct step to address this issue is the configuration of Integration Population Eligibility.

From the Workday Pro: Integrations - Core Connector Configuration Guide, the relevant extract states:

"The Integration Population Eligibility step allows users to define which workers or populations are eligible to be included in the integration output. This includes filtering by worker status, organization, supervisory org, or other eligibility criteria. If this is not configured to exclude terminated workers, the integration will include all workers who meet the event conditions, regardless of their current status." Even though the integration uses change detection and the correct launch parameters, Workday still considers any worker with a qualifying change, including those terminated, unless they are explicitly excluded via eligibility rules.

Therefore, to prevent terminated workers from appearing in the output, you must set a filter in the Integration Population Eligibility step to include only active workers (e.g., using Worker.Status = Active or similar criteria).

Incorrect Options Explained:

- A . Configure Integration Attributes... Include Inactive Workers in Full File This option would cause inactive (e.g., terminated) workers to be included when enabled. It doesn't help filter them out.
- B . Configure Integration Transaction Log... subscribe to everything except termination Subscription controls which events trigger processing but does not control population eligibility. Terminated workers with address changes prior to termination could still appear if eligibility is not defined.
- D . Configure Integration Field Overrides... use Eligibility Criterion Field Overrides change data mappings or formats, not population eligibility. It cannot exclude terminated workers.

Reference:

Workday Pro: Integrations Curriculum - Core Connector: Worker Configuration and Population Eligibility Workday Community: Integration System Configuration > Integration Population Eligibility Workday Training Materials: Core Connector Deployment Best Practices

### NEW QUESTION # 70

What attribute(s) can go into the `<xsl:stylesheet>` element?

- A. XSLT Version & Encoding
- **B. XSLT Version & Namespaces**
- C. Namespaces & Encoding
- D. XML Version & Namespaces

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The `<xsl:stylesheet>` element is the root element in an XSLT document. It must include:

XSLT Version - This defines the XSLT specification version being used (e.g., `version="1.0"` or `version="2.0"`).

Namespaces - XSLT operates within an XML namespace (`xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"`), which is required to define the transformation rules.

Breakdown of Answer Choices:

A . XSLT Version & Namespaces  (Correct)

The `<xsl:stylesheet>` element requires both the XSLT version and the namespace declaration for proper execution.

Example:

xml

CopyEdit

`<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0" xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">` B . XSLT Version & Encoding  (Incorrect)  
Encoding (`encoding="UTF-8"`) is a property of the XML declaration (`<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>`), not an attribute of `<xsl:stylesheet>`.

C . XML Version & Namespaces  (Incorrect)

XML version (`<?xml version="1.0"?>`) is part of the XML prolog, not an attribute of `<xsl:stylesheet>`.

D . Namespaces & Encoding  (Incorrect)

Encoding is not an attribute of `<xsl:stylesheet>`.

Final Correct Syntax:

`<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0" xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">` This ensures that the XSLT file is processed correctly.

Workday Pro Integrations Study Guide Reference:

ReportWriterTraining.pdf - Chapter 9: Working With XML and XSLT covers XSLT basics, including the required attributes for `<xsl:stylesheet>`.

Workday\_Advanced\_Business\_Process\_part\_2.pdf - Chapter 5: Web Services and Integrations details how Workday uses XSLT for transformations .

### NEW QUESTION # 71

.....

The pass rate of Workday-Pro-Integrations study materials are 98.95%, if you buy Workday-Pro-Integrations study material from us, we can ensure you pass the exam successfully. Besides you can get Workday-Pro-Integrations exam dumps in ten minutes after your payment. You can use the Workday-Pro-Integrations exam dumps freely, if you have any questions in the process of your

