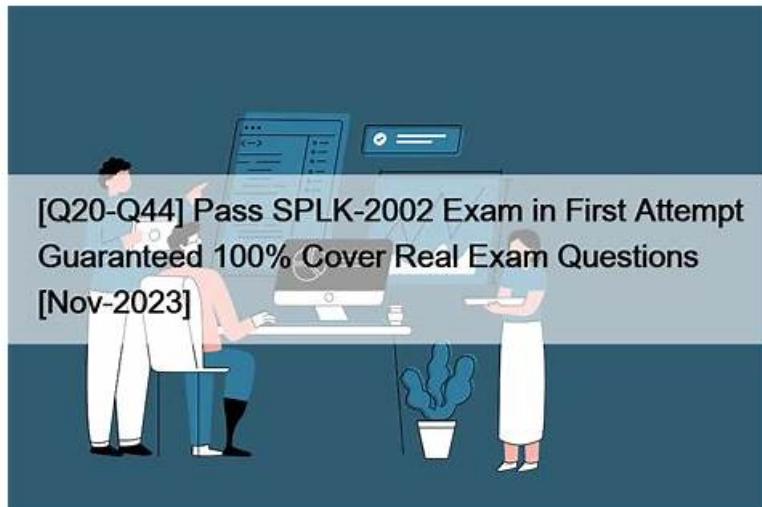


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Splunk Enterprise Certified Architect Sample Questions (Q45-Q50):

NEW QUESTION # 45

To activate replication for an index in an indexer cluster, what attribute must be configured in indexes.conf on all peer nodes?

- A. replicate = 0
- B. repFactor = auto
- C. repFactor = 0
- D. replicate = auto

Answer: B

Explanation:

To activate replication for an index in an indexer cluster, the repFactor attribute must be configured in indexes.conf on all peer nodes. This attribute specifies the replication factor for the index, which determines how many copies of raw data are maintained by the cluster. Setting the repFactor attribute to auto will enable replication for the index. The replicate attribute in indexes.conf is not a

valid Splunk attribute. The repFactor attribute in outputs.conf and the replicate attribute in deploymentclient.conf are not related to replication for an index in an indexer cluster. For more information, see [Configure indexes for indexer clusters in the Splunk documentation](#).

NEW QUESTION # 46

Which of the following options can improve reliability of syslog delivery to Splunk? (Select all that apply.)

- A. Use a network load balancer to direct syslog traffic to active backend syslog listeners.
- B. Use one or more syslog servers to persist data with a Universal Forwarder to send the data to Splunk indexers.
- C. Use TCP syslog.
- D. Configure UDP inputs on each Splunk indexer to receive data directly.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

Explanation

Syslog is a standard protocol for sending log messages from various devices and applications to a central server. Syslog can use either UDP or TCP as the transport layer protocol. UDP is faster but less reliable, as it does not guarantee delivery or order of the messages. TCP is slower but more reliable, as it ensures delivery and order of the messages. Therefore, to improve the reliability of syslog delivery to Splunk, it is recommended to use TCP syslog.

Another option to improve the reliability of syslog delivery to Splunk is to use one or more syslog servers to persist data with a Universal Forwarder to send the data to Splunk indexers. This way, the syslog servers can act as a buffer and store the data in case of network or Splunk outages. The Universal Forwarder can then forward the data to Splunk indexers when they are available. Using a network load balancer to direct syslog traffic to active backend syslog listeners is not a reliable option, as it does not address the possibility of data loss or duplication due to network failures or Splunk outages.

Configuring UDP inputs on each Splunk indexer to receive data directly is also not a reliable option, as it exposes the indexers to the network and increases the risk of data loss or duplication due to UDP limitations.

NEW QUESTION # 47

(Which of the following is not facilitated by the deployer?)

- A. Deployment of baseline app configurations.
- B. **Replication of knowledge objects.**
- C. Migration of app and user configurations into the search head cluster.
- D. Distribute non-replicated, non-runtime configuration updates.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Per the Search Head Clustering (SHC) Deployer Administration Guide, the deployer is responsible for distributing configuration bundles, apps, and baseline settings to all members of a Search Head Cluster (SHC). However, the replication of knowledge objects (Option A) is not handled by the deployer.

Knowledge object replication—covering items such as saved searches, dashboards, lookups, and alerts—is managed internally within the Search Head Cluster using the captain node. The captain coordinates replication among all SHC members using a mechanism called Knowledge Object Replication Framework, which ensures that user-created or runtime configuration changes (e.g., dashboards saved in Splunk Web) are automatically shared across members.

In contrast, the deployer's primary responsibilities include:

- * Deploying and updating baseline app configurations (Option B).
- * Distributing non-replicated, non-runtime configuration updates like props, transforms, and inputs (Option C).
- * Assisting in the initial migration of apps and configurations into a cluster during setup (Option D).

Therefore, while the deployer handles static configuration management, knowledge object replication is performed dynamically by the SHC itself under captain control, making Option A the correct answer.

References (Splunk Enterprise Documentation):

- * Search Head Clustering: How the Deployer Works
- * Managing Knowledge Object Replication in Search Head Clusters
- * Splunk Enterprise Admin Manual - Deployer vs. Captain Responsibilities
- * Distributing Apps and Configurations with the Deployer

NEW QUESTION # 48

When using ingest-based licensing, what Splunk role requires the license manager to scale?

- A. There are no roles that require the license manager to scale
- B. Deployment clients
- C. Search peers
- D. Search heads

Answer: A

Explanation:

When using ingest-based licensing, there are no Splunk roles that require the license manager to scale, because the license manager does not need to handle any additional load or complexity. Ingest-based licensing is a new licensing model that allows customers to pay for the data they ingest into Splunk, regardless of the data source, volume, or use case. Ingest-based licensing simplifies the licensing process and eliminates the need for license pools, license stacks, license slaves, and license warnings. The license manager is still responsible for enforcing the license quota and generating license usage reports, but it does not need to communicate with any other Splunk instances or monitor their license usage. Therefore, option C is the correct answer. Option A is incorrect because search peers are indexers that participate in a distributed search. They do not affect the license manager's scalability, because they do not report their license usage to the license manager. Option B is incorrect because search heads are Splunk instances that coordinate searches across multiple indexers. They do not affect the license manager's scalability, because they do not report their license usage to the license manager. Option D is incorrect because deployment clients are Splunk instances that receive configuration updates and apps from a deployment server. They do not affect the license manager's scalability, because they do not report their license usage to the license manager¹²

1: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/9.1.2/Admin/AboutSplunklicensing> 2:

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/9.1.2/Admin/HowSplunklicensingworks>

NEW QUESTION # 49

Where does the Splunk deployer send apps by default?

- A. etc/apps/<appname>/default
- B. etc/shcluster/<app-name>/default
- C. etc/deploy-apps/<app-name>/default
- D. etc/slave-apps/<app-name>/default

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Splunk deployer sends apps to the search head cluster members by default to the path etc/shcluster/< app-name>/default. The deployer is a Splunk component that distributes apps and configurations to members of a search head cluster.

Splunk's documentation recommends placing the configuration bundle in the

\$SPLUNK_HOME/etc/shcluster/apps directory on the deployer, which then gets distributed to the search head cluster members. However, it should be noted that within each app's directory, configurations can be under default or local subdirectories, with local taking precedence over default for configurations. The reference to etc/shcluster/<app-name>/default is not a standard directory structure and might be a misunderstanding. The correct path where the deployer pushes configuration bundles is \$SPLUNK_HOME/etc/shcluster/apps

NEW QUESTION # 50

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