

2026 Reliable GDPR Exam Question - Latest PECB Free GDPR Brain Dumps: PECB Certified Data Protection Officer



PECB GDPR PECB Certified Data Protection Officer

Questions & Answers PDF
(Demo Version – Limited Content)

For More Information – Visit link below:

<https://p2pexam.com/>

Visit us at: <https://p2pexam.com/gdpr>

BONUS!!! Download part of PassSureExam GDPR dumps for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1ZVeg1ntS7IZ4VYnuQV8y3WISvzOOesPr>

We are dedicated to providing our clients with the most current and accurate PECB Certified Data Protection Officer study material. That is why we provide 1 year of free GDPR questions updates if the PECB certification test content changes after your purchase. With this option, our clients can confidently use the most up-to-date and dependable GDPR preparatory material.

Our PDF format is great for those who prefer to print out the questions. PECB GDPR dumps come in a downloadable PDF format that you can print out and prepare at your own pace. The PDF works on all smart devices, which means you can go through PECB GDPR Dumps at your convenience. The ability to print out the GDPR PDF dumps enables users who find it easier and more comfortable than working on a computer.

>> Reliable GDPR Exam Question <<

Free GDPR Brain Dumps, New GDPR Real Test

The superb GDPR practice braindumps have been prepared extracting content from the most reliable and authentic exam study sources by our professional experts. As long as you have a look at them, you will find that there is no question of inaccuracy and outdated information in them. And our GDPR Study Materials are the exact exam questions and answers you will need to pass the exam. What is more, you will find that we always update our GDPR exam questions to the latest.

PECB Certified Data Protection Officer Sample Questions (Q56-Q61):

NEW QUESTION # 56

Question:

Which of the following scenarios does NOT require conducting a DPIA?

- A. When an organization installs AI-driven video analytics to track employees' work patterns.
- B. When a hospital collects and processes genetic and health data of its patients.
- C. When an organization collects public social media profiles for ad personalization.
- D. When an organization processes data to comply with legal obligations under applicable Union law.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Under Article 35(1) of GDPR, a DPIA is not required when processing is based on a legal obligation under EU or national law.

* Option A is correct because legal obligations provide a lawful basis for processing, making DPIAs unnecessary unless explicitly required by law.

* Option B is incorrect because health and genetic data are special categories of data, requiring a DPIA under Article 35(3)(b).

* Option C is incorrect because profiling and behavioral analysis require a DPIA, as per Article 35(3)(a).

* Option D is incorrect because workplace surveillance with AI requires a DPIA, as it involves automated monitoring.

References:

* GDPR Article 35(1) (DPIA requirement for high-risk processing)

* Recital 91 (Health data and large-scale profiling require DPIAs)

NEW QUESTION # 57

Question:

Based on Article 58 of GDPR, what powers must the supervisory authority have?

- A. To appoint a single DPO in a group of undertakings.
- B. To assign the tasks of the controller or the processor and monitor their implementation.
- C. To approve all privacy policies before they are implemented.
- D. To obtain access to any premises of the controller and processor, including data processing equipment.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Under Article 58 of GDPR, supervisory authorities have investigative and corrective powers, including the ability to access premises and equipment used for personal data processing.

* Option B is correct because supervisory authorities can investigate controllers and processors, including accessing IT systems.

* Option A is incorrect because supervisory authorities do not appoint DPOs; controllers and processors must do this themselves.

* Option C is incorrect because supervisory authorities do not manage controllers' or processors' tasks.

* Option D is incorrect because supervisory authorities do not pre-approve privacy policies.

References:

* GDPR Article 58(1)(f) (Supervisory authorities can access premises and data)

* Recital 129 (Authorities must have investigation powers)

NEW QUESTION # 58

Scenario 5:

Repond is a German employment recruiting company. Their services are delivered globally and include consulting and staffing solutions. In the beginning, Repond provided its services through an office in Germany. Today, they have grown to become one of the largest recruiting agencies, providing employment to more than 500,000 people around the world. Repond receives most applications through its website. Job searchers are required to provide the job title and location. Then, a list of job opportunities is provided. When a job position is selected, candidates are required to provide their contact details and professional work experience records. During the process, they are informed that the information will be used only for the purposes and period determined by Repond. Repond's experts analyze candidates' profiles and applications and choose the candidates that are suitable for the job position. The list of the selected candidates is then delivered to Repond's clients, who proceed with the recruitment process. Files of candidates that are not selected are stored in Repond's databases, including the personal data of candidates who withdraw the consent on which the processing was based. When the GDPR came into force, the company was unprepared.

The top management appointed a DPO and consulted him for all data protection issues. The DPO, on the other hand, reported the progress of all data protection activities to the top management. Considering the level of sensitivity of the personal data processed by Recpond, the DPO did not have direct access to the personal data of all clients, unless the top management deemed it necessary. The DPO planned the GDPR implementation by initially analyzing the applicable GDPR requirements. Recpond, on the other hand, initiated a risk assessment to understand the risks associated with processing operations. The risk assessment was conducted based on common risks that employment recruiting companies face. After analyzing different risk scenarios, the level of risk was determined and evaluated. The results were presented to the DPO, who then decided to analyze only the risks that have a greater impact on the company. The DPO concluded that the cost required for treating most of the identified risks was higher than simply accepting them. Based on this analysis, the DPO decided to accept the actual level of the identified risks. After reviewing policies and procedures of the company, Recpond established a new data protection policy. As proposed by the DPO, the information security policy was also updated. These changes were then communicated to all employees of Recpond. Based on this scenario, answer the following question:

Question:

Which statement regarding the material scope of the GDPR is incorrect?

- A. The GDPR applies to the processing of personal data wholly or partly by automated means.
- B. The GDPR applies to the processing of personal data by a company established in the EEA, even if the data subjects are located outside the EEA.
- **C. The GDPR applies to the processing of personal data in the course of an activity that falls outside the scope of Union law.**
- D. The GDPR does not apply to the processing of personal data by Member States when carrying out activities that fall within the scope of the Treaty on European Union (TEU).

Answer: C

Explanation:

The material scope of the GDPR is outlined in Article 2. It applies to the processing of personal data by automated means and to non-automated processing if the data is part of a filing system. The GDPR does not apply to activities outside the scope of Union law, such as national security activities, which are excluded under Recital 16.

* Option B is correct because the GDPR does not apply to activities falling outside the scope of Union law, such as law enforcement operations covered by the Law Enforcement Directive (EU 2016/680).

* Option A is incorrect because automated processing is explicitly covered by GDPR.

* Option C is incorrect because data processing by Member States under TEU (e.g., national security and defense) is excluded.

* Option D is incorrect because GDPR applies to controllers/processors established in the EEA, even if data subjects are outside the EEA (Article 3(1)).

References:

* GDPR Article 2(2)(a) (Exclusion of activities outside EU law)

* GDPR Article 3(1) (Territorial scope)

* Recital 16 (GDPR does not apply to national security)

NEW QUESTION # 59

Question:

What is the role of the European Data Protection Board (EDPB)?

- A. To supervise and monitor the application of GDPR within the EU.
- B. To conduct audits on organizations suspected of GDPR violations.
- **C. To advise the European Commission regarding data protection issues in the EU.**
- D. To negotiate and adopt EU laws as per the proposals from the European Commission.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Under Article 70 of GDPR, the EDPB is responsible for ensuring consistency in GDPR application and advising the European Commission on data protection matters.

* Option B is correct because the EDPB provides opinions and guidelines on GDPR implementation.

* Option A is incorrect because supervision and enforcement are the responsibility of national supervisory authorities, not the EDPB.

* Option C is incorrect because EU laws are adopted by the European Parliament and Council, not the EDPB.

* Option D is incorrect because the EDPB does not conduct audits; national data protection authorities do.

References:

* GDPR Article 70(1)(b) (EDPB's advisory role)

* Recital 139 (EDPB ensures consistency in GDPR application)

NEW QUESTION # 60

Question:

What is the main purpose of conducting a DPIA?

- A. To extensively assess the impacts of the identified risks on individuals.
- B. To measure the potential consequences of the identified risks on the organization.
- C. To eliminate all risks associated with processing personal data.
- D. To identify the causes of the identified risks.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Under Article 35 of GDPR, a DPIA's primary goal is to assess the risks to individuals' rights and freedoms arising from data processing.

* Option B is incorrect because DPIAs focus on evaluating and mitigating risks to data subjects.

* Option A is incorrect because DPIAs are not just about identifying causes but about assessing and mitigating risks.

* Option C is incorrect because GDPR prioritizes risks to individuals, not just organizations.

* Option D is incorrect because eliminating all risks is not possible—DPIAs aim to manage and minimize risks.

References:

* GDPR Article 35(1) (DPIA requirement for high-risk processing)

* Recital 84 (DPIAs help protect individuals' rights)

NEW QUESTION # 61

.....

In recent years, some changes are taking place in this line about the new points are being constantly tested in the GDPR real exam. So our experts highlight the new type of questions and add updates into the GDPR practice materials, and look for shifts closely when they take place. At the same time, as we can see that the electronic devices are changing our life day by day, our GDPR study questions are also developed to apply all kinds of electronic devices.

Free GDPR Brain Dumps: <https://www.passsureexam.com/GDPR-pass4sure-exam-dumps.html>

What is more, our GDPR study guide also provides you the latest simulating exam to enhance your exam skills. To be the salt of earth in the world and get a well-paid job with more promising future, you should pass PECB GDPR exam. We assume you that passing the Free GDPR Brain Dumps - PECB Certified Data Protection Officer exam won't be a burden. In fact, most of the people dedicated to get an exam certification are office workers, they have knowledge of the importance of taking the GDPR exam because of years' of working experience in the office.

But it also has the special advantage that the Exam GDPR Quizzes online version can be used when you are not online. As long as you use it for the first time in a networked environment, you can use the online version of our GDPR learning guide from anywhere without network connection.

Quiz 2026 GDPR: PECB Certified Data Protection Officer Fantastic Reliable Exam Question

Preventing Object Items from Being Serialized, what is more, our GDPR Study Guide also provides you the latest simulating exam to enhance your exam skills.

To be the salt of earth in the world and get a well-paid job with more promising future, you should pass PECB GDPR exam. We assume you that passing the PECB Certified Data Protection Officer exam won't be a burden.

In fact, most of the people dedicated to get an exam certification are office workers, they have knowledge of the importance of taking the GDPR exam because of years' of working experience in the office.

If you pay close attention to our GDPR VCE Torrent we guarantee you 100% pass exam at first shot.

- GDPR Free Braindumps ☐ GDPR Latest Exam Book ☐ GDPR Latest Guide Files ☐ Simply search for ► GDPR ◀ for free download on ► www.prepawaypdf.com ◀ ☐ GDPR Exam Introduction
- GDPR 100% Exam Coverage ☐ GDPR Certification ☐ Examinations GDPR Actual Questions ☐ Download ✓ GDPR

- ☑✓ for free by simply entering ☐ www.pdfvce.com ☐ website ☐GDPR Certification
- Test GDPR Discount Voucher ☐ GDPR Certification ☐ GDPR Exams Collection ☐ { www.pdfdumps.com } is best website to obtain ➡ GDPR ☐ for free download ☐GDPR Exam Study Solutions
- 2026 PECB Fantastic Reliable GDPR Exam Question ☐ Search on ✓ www.pdfvce.com ☐✓ for 「 GDPR 」 to obtain exam materials for free download ☐GDPR Reliable Test Forum
- GDPR Exam Introduction ☐ GDPR Valid Mock Test ☐ Test GDPR Discount Voucher ☐ Search for ➤ GDPR ☐ and obtain a free download on ➡ www.practicevce.com ☐ ☐GDPR Free Braindumps
- GDPR Exam Study Solutions ✓ GDPR Free Braindumps ☐ GDPR Accurate Test ☐ Open website ☀ www.pdfvce.com ☐☀☐ and search for ☐ GDPR ☐ for free download ☐GDPR 100% Exam Coverage
- Test GDPR Discount Voucher ☐ Answers GDPR Free ☐ Test GDPR Discount Voucher ☐ Copy URL ▶ www.practicevce.com ◀ open and search for 「 GDPR 」 to download for free ☐Examinations GDPR Actual Questions
- GDPR Latest Test Materials ☐ Examinations GDPR Actual Questions ☐ GDPR Valid Mock Test ☐ Open website { www.pdfvce.com } and search for { GDPR } for free download ☐Discount GDPR Code
- {2026} PECB GDPR Dumps - A Direction Toward Certain Success ☐ Open ➡ www.troytecdumps.com ☐ and search for [GDPR] to download exam materials for free ☐Test GDPR Discount Voucher
- Answers GDPR Free ☐ Discount GDPR Code ☐ GDPR 100% Exam Coverage ☐ Open▷ www.pdfvce.com ◁ and search for ☐ GDPR ☐ to download exam materials for free ☐GDPR Certification
- Answers GDPR Free ☐ Answers GDPR Free ☐ Exam GDPR Overview ☐ Search for 《 GDPR 》 and download it for free on 「 www.pdfdumps.com 」 website ☐Discount GDPR Code
- myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, building.lv, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, github.com, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, practicalmind.net, pct.edu.pk, Disposable vapes

BTW, DOWNLOAD part of PassSureExam GDPR dumps from Cloud Storage: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1ZVeg1ntS7lZ4VYnuQV8y3WISvzOOesPr>