Quiz C_IBP_2502 - SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply Chain Marvelous New Test Guide

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It is universally accepted that in this competitive society in order to get a good job we have no choice but to improve our own capacity and explore our potential constantly, and try our best to get the related C_IBP_2502 certification is the best way to show our professional ability, however, the exam is hard nut to crack and there are so many C_IBP_2502 Preparation questions related to the exam, it seems impossible for us to systematize all of the key points needed for the exam by ourselves.

SAP C_IBP_2502 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Model Sales & Operations Processes: This section targets operations managers and evaluates knowledge of sales and operations planning. It covers the alignment of supply and demand, scenario planning, and decision-making processes to optimize operational efficiency. Candidates will be assessed on their ability to configure models that support strategic business goals.
Topic 2	• Analytics and Reporting: his section evaluates the expertise of reporting specialists in generating and interpreting reports within SAP. It covers key analytical tools and reporting functions that provide insights into planning performance. Candidates will be assessed on their ability to extract, analyze, and present data effectively to support business decisions.
Topic 3	• Solution Architecture & Data Integration: his exam section is aimed at solution architects who work with SAP data integration. It covers the fundamental concepts of integrating external data sources with SAP, ensuring seamless data flow between systems. Candidates need to understand how to maintain system architecture for optimized performance and reliability.
Topic 4	• Master Data: This section is relevant to master data specialists and focuses on managing essential data for planning activities. It includes an understanding of product, location, and resource master data within SAP. Candidates will be tested on how to maintain accurate and consistent data to support planning functions.
Topic 5	• Key Figures & Attributes: This section of the exam measures the skills of supply chain analysts and focuses on the key figures and attributes used in planning. It covers how to define and configure key figures to ensure accurate data representation and decision-making. Candidates are also tested on their ability to manage attributes that support various planning scenarios.

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It is a universally accepted fact that the C_IBP_2502 exam is a tough nut to crack for the majority of candidates, but there are still a lot of people in this field who long to gain the related certification so that a lot of people want to try their best to meet the challenge of the C_IBP_2502 Exam. A growing number of people know that if they have the chance to pass the exam, they will change their present situation and get a more decent job in the near future.

SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply Chain Sample Questions (Q21-Q26):

NEW QUESTION # 21
You need to work in two separate sessions for two different SAP IBP tenants. What can help you differentiate the appearance of their user interfaces? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Set a separate theme for the Home page in the Web UI
- B. Add the system name and tenant information from the About section to the Home pages
- C. Have a different set of tiles in the Home group of apps
- D. Define a different default planning area via the User Preferences

Answer: A,C

Explanation:
SAP IBP supports multiple tenants (e.g., development, test, production), and users may need to distinguish between them when working in parallel sessions, typically via the Fiori-based Web UI. Customization of the UI is a key feature to enhance usability.
* Option A: Define a different default planning area via the User PreferencesThis is incorrect. While users can set a default planning area in their preferences, this affects functionality (e.g., which planning area loads first), not the visual appearance of the UI. It doesn't help differentiate tenants visually.
* Option B: Have a different set of tiles in the Home group of appsThis is correct. In the SAP IBP Fiori launchpad, the Home page displays app tiles (e.g., Planner Workspaces, Manage Analytics Stories). Administrators or users with appropriate roles can customize the tile layout per tenant, creating distinct sets of tiles. This visual difference helps users identify which tenant they're in, as per SAP IBP' s Fiori UI customization options.
* Option C: Set a separate theme for the Home page in the Web UIThis is correct. SAP Fiori supports theming (e.g., colors, logos) via the UI Theme Designer or tenant-specific settings. By applying a unique theme to each tenant's Web UI, users can visually distinguish them. This is a standard SAP capability leveraged in IBP to enhance user experience.
* Option D: Add the system name and tenant information from the About section to the Home pagesThis is incorrect. The "About" section provides system details (e.g., tenant ID), but there's no standard feature to dynamically display this on the Home page as a customizable UI element. Manual workarounds (e.g., custom tiles) are possible but not a native option.
Thus, B and C are practical, supported methods to differentiate tenant UIs in SAP IBP's Webinterface.

NEW QUESTION # 22
Which of the following checks for master data and key figures does the Check Mode algorithm trigger? Note:
There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. It checks whether the location resource specified in the master data forms a cycle in the supply chain network
- B. It checks whether the heuristic detects cycles formed by nodes (such as location products) in the supply chain network
- C. It reports input key figures for which no related master data exists
- D. It checks whether the location products specified in the master data are connected by customer sourcing rules within the supply chain network
- E. It checks whether the sourcing in the Production Source Item master data type exists

Answer: B,D,E

Explanation:
The Check Mode algorithm in SAP IBP validates planning area consistency, focusing on master data and key figure integrity, as per SAP IBP's configuration documentation.
* Option A: It checks whether the location products specified in the master data are connected by customer sourcing rules within the supply chain networkThis is correct. Check Mode ensures Location-Product combinations are linked via sourcing rules (e.g., SOURCECUSTOMER), validating network connectivity.
* Option B: It reports input key figures for which no related master data existsThis is incorrect.

While important, this is a data load check, not a core Check Mode function, which focuses on structural consistency.
* Option C: It checks whether the location resource specified in the master data forms a cycle in the supply chain networkThis is incorrect. Location resources (e.g., capacity) don't form cycles; cycles involve sourcing relationships, not resources.
* Option D: It checks whether the heuristic detects cycles formed by nodes (such as location products) in the supply chain networkThis is correct. Check Mode identifies cycles (e.g., A # B # A) in Location-Product sourcing, ensuring heuristic feasibility, per SAP IBP's documentation.
* Option E: It checks whether the sourcing in the Production Source Item master datatype exists This is correct. It verifies that Production Source Items have valid sourcing definitions, a key consistency check, per SAP IBP's supply planning rules.
Thus, A, D, and E are triggered by Check Mode, per SAP IBP's official validation scope.

NEW QUESTION # 23
You have set up a planning area, and data is now available. You adjust the necessary time profile settings and run a consistency check. Which settings can you change and still run a successful consistency check? Note:
There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Add a new time profile level to the time profile
- B. Change the past and future horizon of the level in the time profile
- C. Change the description of an attribute in the time profile
- D. Change the numbering hierarchy of the period IDs in the time profile

Answer: B,C

Explanation:
The consistency check in SAP IBP ensures the planning area's configuration (e.g., time profile, key figures) is valid. Changes to the time profile must maintain structural integrity, as per SAP IBP'sconfiguration rules.
* Option A: Add a new time profile level to the time profileThis is incorrect. Adding a new level (e.g., quarter) requires updating key figure planning levels and data, potentially breaking consistency until fully aligned.
* Option B: Change the numbering hierarchy of the period IDs in the time profileThis is incorrect.
Altering period ID numbering (e.g., PERIODID0 to PERIODID1) disrupts existing data mappings, causing consistency check failures.
* Option C: Change the past and future horizon of the level in the time profileThis is correct.
Adjusting the horizon (e.g., extending from 12 to 24 months) affects data visibility but not structural consistency, allowing a successful check, per SAP IBP's time profile documentation.
* Option D: Change the description of an attribute in the time profileThis is correct. The description (e.g., "Week" to "Weekly") is metadata and doesn't impact data integrity, ensuring a successful consistency check, per SAP IBP's configuration flexibility.
Thus, C and D are safe changes, per SAP IBP's official consistency check behavior.

NEW QUESTION # 24
You are modeling co-products in SAP Integrated Business Planning for Supply Chain. What are some of the properties of co-production you need to be aware of? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. The number of co-products that can be defined in the supply model is unlimited
- B. The output coefficient is time-dependent and should be modeled as a time series
- C. Co-production can be modeled only by supply optimizer and finite heuristics
- D. The relationship between main product and co-product is specified in the production source ofsupply

Answer: A,D

Explanation:
Co-products in SAP IBP represent items produced simultaneously with a main product (e.g., in chemical manufacturing). They are modeled in supply planning, typically via the Production Source of Supply master data.
* Option A: The number of co-products that can be defined in the supply model is unlimitedThis is correct. SAP IBP's Production Source Item allows multiple co-products to be linked to a main product via output coefficients. There's no hardcoded limit, though practical constraints (e.g., performance) may apply, as per SAP IBP's supply planning documentation.
* Option B: The output coefficient is time-dependent and should be modeled as a time seriesThis is incorrect. The output coefficient (e.g., 1 unit of main product yields 0.5 units of co-product) is a static attribute in the Production Source Item master data, not a time-dependent key figure by default. Time- series modeling is possible but not required.
* Option C: The relationship between main product and co-product is specified in the production source of supplyThis is correct. In SAP IBP, the Production Source of Supply (e.g., Production Source Header and Item) defines the main product and co-products,

including output ratios, as a core feature of supply planning, per official documentation.
* Option D: Co-production can be modeled only by supply optimizer and finite heuristicsThis is incorrect. Co-products are supported by both infinite heuristics (e.g., calculating unconstrained supply) and finite methods (optimizer, heuristics), not limited to finite planning.
Thus, A and C accurately describe co-production properties in SAP IBP, per its supply modeling capabilities.

NEW QUESTION # 25
What is an example of a commonly used time-independent key figure?

- A. Any attribute as a key figure
- B. A special key figure marked as an aggregate key figure (aggregate constraint)
- C. A currency conversion key figure, such as Exchange Rate
- D. A unit of measure key figure, such as UoM Conversion Factor

Answer: A

Explanation:
In SAP IBP, key figures can be time-dependent (e.g., forecast quantities over weeks) or time-independent (static values not tied to time periods). Time-independent key figures are often used for constants or attributes in planning calculations.
* Option A: A special key figure marked as an aggregate key figure (aggregate constraint)This is incorrect. Aggregate key figures (e.g., summing demand across products) are typically time-dependent, as they reflect data over a planning horizon, not static values.
* Option B: A unit of measure key figure, such as UoM Conversion FactorThis is incorrect in this context. While UoM Conversion Factor is time-independent (e.g., 1 kg = 1000 g), it's technically a master data attribute, not a key figure in SAP IBP's standard terminology. Key figures are editable or calculated, whereas UoM factors are static settings.
* Option C: Any attribute as a key figureThis is correct. In SAP IBP, attributes (e.g., Product Category, Customer Priority) can be configured as time-independent key figures via the "Attribute as Key Figure" feature. For example, a Product's "Safety Stock Target" could be a static key figure used across all periods, a common practice in supply planning, as per SAP IBP's configuration options.
* Option D: A currency conversion key figure, such as Exchange RateThis is incorrect. Exchange rates can vary over time (e.g., monthly rates), making them time-dependent in most cases. Even if static, they're typically master data or external inputs, not a "commonly used" key figure example in SAP IBP.
Thus, C is the best example of a commonly used time-independent key figure, aligning with SAP IBP's flexibility to model attributes as static key figures.

NEW QUESTION # 26
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