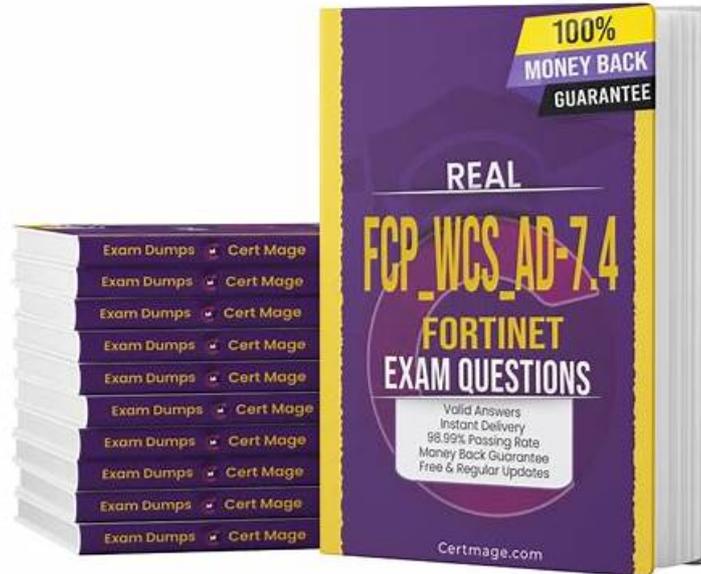


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Fortinet FCSS_SASE_AD-24 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SIA, SSA, and SPA" This section focuses on the skills of Security Administrators in designing security profiles for content inspection and deploying SD-WAN and Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA) using SASE. Understanding these concepts is crucial for securing access to applications and data across the network.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SASE Deployment: This domain assesses the capabilities of Cloud Security Architects in deploying SASE solutions. It includes implementing various user onboarding methods, configuring administration settings, and applying security posture checks and compliance rules to ensure a secure environment.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SASE Architecture and Components: This section measures the skills of Network Security Engineers and covers the architecture and components of FortiSASE. It includes integrating FortiSASE into a hybrid network, identifying its components, and constructing deployment cases to effectively implement SASE solutions.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analytics: This domain evaluates the skills of Data Analysts in utilizing analytics within FortiSASE. It involves identifying potential security threats using traffic logs, configuring dashboards and logging settings, and analyzing reports for user traffic and security issues to enhance overall security posture.

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Fortinet FCSS - FortiSASE 24 Administrator Sample Questions (Q46-Q51):

NEW QUESTION # 46

Refer to the exhibit.

A company has a requirement to inspect all the endpoint internet traffic on FortiSASE, and exclude Google Maps traffic from the FortiSASE VPN tunnel and redirect it to the endpoint physical Interface.

Which configuration must you apply to achieve this requirement?

- A. Change the default DNS server configuration on FortiSASE to use the endpoint system DNS.
- B. Configure a static route with the Google Maps FQDN on the endpoint to redirect traffic
- C. Exempt the Google Maps FQDN from the endpoint system proxy settings.
- **D. Configure the Google Maps FQDN as a split tunneling destination on the FortiSASE endpoint profile.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

To meet the requirement of inspecting all endpoint internet traffic on FortiSASE while excluding Google Maps traffic from the FortiSASE VPN tunnel and redirecting it to the endpoint's physical interface, you should configure split tunneling. Split tunneling allows specific traffic to bypass the VPN tunnel and be routed directly through the endpoint's local interface.

Split Tunneling Configuration:

Split tunneling enables selective traffic to be routed outside the VPN tunnel.

By configuring the Google Maps Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) as a split tunneling destination, you ensure that traffic to Google Maps bypasses the VPN tunnel and uses the endpoint's local interface instead.

Implementation Steps:

Access the FortiSASE endpoint profile configuration.

Add the Google Maps FQDN to the split tunneling destinations list.

This configuration directs traffic intended for Google Maps to bypass the VPN tunnel and be routed directly through the endpoint's physical network interface.

Reference:

FortiOS 7.2 Administration Guide: Provides details on split tunneling configuration.

FortiSASE 23.2 Documentation: Explains how to set up and manage split tunneling for specific destinations.

NEW QUESTION # 47

An organization wants to block all video and audio application traffic but grant access to videos from CNN Which application override action must you configure in the Application Control with Inline-CASB?

- A. Exempt
- B. Permit
- **C. Allow**
- D. Pass

Answer: C

Explanation:

(<https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortisase/24.4.75/sia-agent-based-deployment-guide/568255/configuring-application-control-profile>)

NEW QUESTION # 48

Which two statements describe a zero trust network access (ZTNA) private access use case?
(Choose two.)

- A. All FortiSASE user-based deployments are supported.
- **B. All TCP-based applications are supported.**
- **C. The security posture of the device is secure.**
- D. Data center redundancy is offered.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA) private access use cases focus on providing secure and controlled access to private applications without exposing them to the public internet. The following two statements accurately describe ZTNA private access use cases:

The security posture of the device is secure (Option A):

ZTNA enforces strict access controls based on the principle of least privilege. Before granting access to private applications, ZTNA evaluates the security posture of the device (e.g., whether it is patched, compliant, and free of malware). Only devices that meet the required security standards are granted access, ensuring that the device is secure before allowing private access.

All TCP-based applications are supported (Option C):

ZTNA supports all TCP-based applications, enabling secure access to a wide range of private applications, including legacy systems and custom-built applications. This flexibility makes ZTNA suitable for organizations with diverse application environments.

NEW QUESTION # 49

Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA) within FortiSASE restricts access to applications based on user identity and device posture.
Response:

- **A. True**
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 50

Which role does FortiSASE play in supporting zero trust network access (ZTNA) principles?

- A. It offers hardware-based firewalls for network segmentation.
- B. It enables VPN connections for remote employees.
- **C. It can identify attributes on the endpoint for security posture check.**
- D. It integrates with software-defined network (SDN) solutions.

Answer: C

Explanation:

FortiSASE supports zero trust network access (ZTNA) principles by identifying attributes on the endpoint for security posture checks. ZTNA principles require continuous verification of user and device credentials, as well as their security posture, before granting access to network resources.

Security Posture Check:

FortiSASE can evaluate the security posture of endpoints by checking for compliance with security policies, such as antivirus status, patch levels, and configuration settings.

This ensures that only compliant and secure devices are granted access to the network.

Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA):

ZTNA is based on the principle of "never trust, always verify," which requires continuous assessment of user and device

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