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Cisco 300-410 Exam, also known as Implementing Cisco Enterprise Advanced Routing and Services, is a certification exam that validates one's knowledge and skills in implementing advanced routing technologies and services in enterprise-level networks. 300-410 exam is a part of the Cisco Certified Specialist - Enterprise Advanced Infrastructure Implementation certification track and is designed for network professionals who want to enhance their knowledge and skills in routing technologies and services.

>>> 300-410 Study Demo <<<

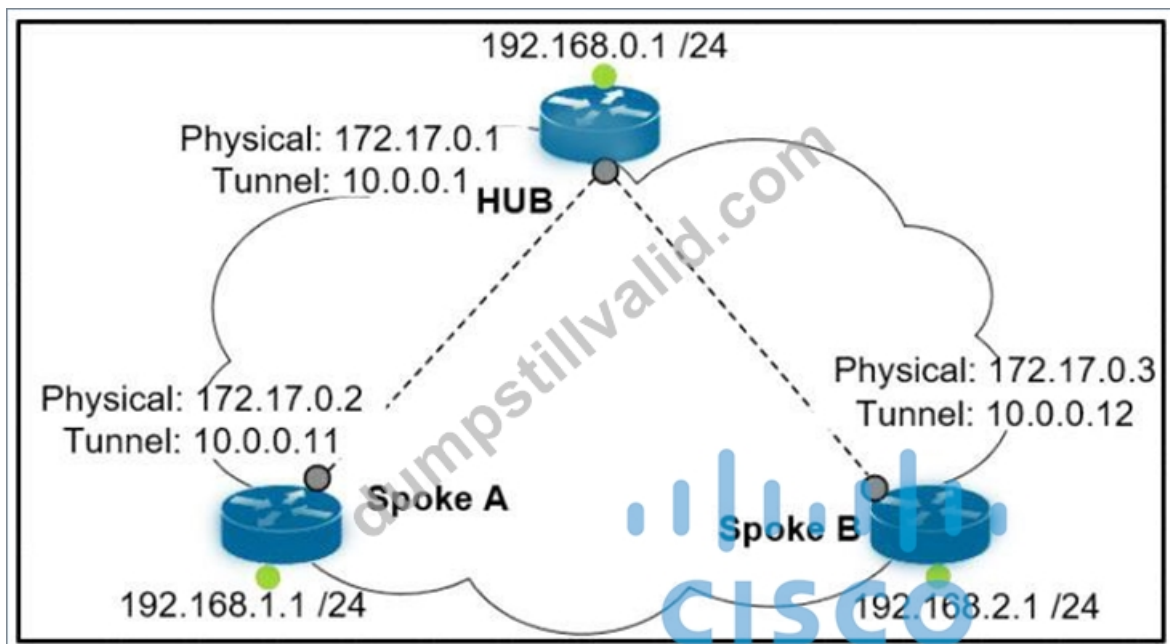
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Cisco Implementing Cisco Enterprise Advanced Routing and Services Sample Questions (Q441-Q446):

NEW QUESTION # 441

Refer to the exhibit.



Which interface configuration must be configured on the spoke A router to enable a dynamic DMVPN tunnel with the spoke B router?

- A. `interface Tunnel0`
`description mGRE – DMVPN Tunnel`
`ip address 10.0.0.11 255.255.255.0`
`ip nhrp map multicast dynamic`
`ip nhrp network-id 1`
`tunnel source 10.0.0.1`
`tunnel destination FastEthernet 0/0`
`tunnel mode gre multipoint`
- B. `interface Tunnel0`
`ip address 10.0.0.11 255.255.255.0`
`ip nhrp network-id 1`
`tunnel source FastEthernet 0/0`
`tunnel mode gre multipoint`
`ip nhrp nhs 10.0.0.1`
`ip nhrp map 10.0.0.1 172.17.0.1`
- C. `interface Tunnel0`
`ip address 10.1.0.11 255.255.255.0`
`ip nhrp network-id 1`
`tunnel source 1.1.1.10`
`ip nhrp map 10.0.0.11 172.17.0.2`
`tunnel mode gre`
- D. `interface Tunnel0`
`ip address 10.0.0.11 255.255.255.0`
`ip nhrp map multicast static`
`ip nhrp network-id 1`
`tunnel source 10.0.0.1`
`tunnel mode gre multipoint`

- A. Option A
- **B. Option B**
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

The command `ip nhrp map multicast dynamic` should be only used on Hub router, not spoke. If we are running dynamic routing protocols based on multicast (like RIP, OSPF, EIGRP ...) we have to add the command `ip nhrp map multicast dynamic` in Hub to replicate all multicast traffic to all dynamic entries in the NHRP table (multicast will be proceeded as unicast traffic) - The tunnel source `FastEthernet0/0` is equivalent to `tunnel source 172.17.0.2`, which is the NBMA address of Spoke A.

NEW QUESTION # 442

LAB SIMULATION 2

Guidelines

This is a lab item in which tasks will be performed on virtual devices.

- * Refer to the Tasks tab to view the tasks for this lab item.
- * Refer to the Topology tab to access the device console(s) and perform the tasks.
- * Console access is available for all required devices by clicking the device icon or using the tab(s) above the console window.
- * All necessary preconfigurations have been applied.
- * Do not change the enable password or hostname for any device.
- * Do not replace existing routing policies or configurations.
- * Save your configurations to NVRAM before moving to the next item.
- * Click Next at the bottom of the screen to submit this lab and move to the next question.
- * When Next is clicked, the lab closes and cannot be reopened.

Topology

EIGRP ASN 101



Topology Diagram

Tasks

A network is configured with CoPP to protect the CORE router route processor for stability and DDoS protection. As a company policy, a class named `class-default` is preconfigured and must not be modified or deleted. Troubleshoot CoPP to resolve the issues introduced during the maintenance window to ensure that:

1. Dynamic routing policies are under `CoPP-CRITICAL` and are allowed only from the 10.10.x.x range.
2. Telnet, SSH, and ping are under `CoPP-IMPORTANT` and are allowed strictly to/from 10.10.x.x to the CORE router (Hint: you can verify using `Loopback1`).
3. All devices ping (UDP) any CORE router interface successfully to/from the 10.10.x.x range and do not allow any other IP address.

4. All devices run a successful traceroute (UDP) to any interface on the CORE router to/from the 10.10.x.x range, are under CoPP-NORMAL, and do not allow any other IP address traceroute is to be under CoPP-NORMAL (Hint: Traceroute port range 33434 33464).

Answer:

Explanation:

```
CORE#config t

CORE(config)# access-list 120 permit eigrp 10.10.0.0 0.0.255.255 any
CORE(config)# access-list 120 permit eigrp any 10.10.0.0 0.0.255.255
CORE(config)# access-list 121 permit icmp 10.10.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 10.10.13.1
CORE(config)# access-list 121 permit tcp 10.10.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 10.10.13.1 eq telnet
CORE(config)# access-list 121 permit tcp 10.10.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 10.10.13.1 eq 22
CORE(config)# access-list 122 permit udp 10.10.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 10.10.1.1 range 33434 33464
CORE(config)# access-list 122 permit udp 10.10.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 10.10.12.1 range 33434 33464
CORE(config)# access-list 122 permit udp 10.10.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 10.10.13.1 range 33434 33464
CORE(config)# end
```

NEW QUESTION # 443

Refer to the exhibit.

```
R1#show ip ssh
SSH Disabled – version 1.99
%Please create RSA keys to enable SSH (and of atleast 768 bits for SSH v2).
Authentication timeout: 120 secs; Authentication retries: 3
Minimum expected Diffie Hellman key size: 1024 bits
IOS Keys in SECSH format (ssh-rsa, base64 encoded) : NONE
R1#
```

An engineer is trying to connect to a device with SSH but cannot connect. The engineer connects by using the console and finds the displayed output when troubleshooting. Which command must be used in configuration mode to enable SSH on the device?

- A. **crypto key generate rsa**
- B. ip ssh enable
- C. ip ssh version 2
- D. no ip ssh disable

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 444

Drag and Drop the IPv6 First-Hop Security features from the left onto the definitions on the right.

IPv6 DHCPv6 Guard	Block a malicious host and permit the router from a legitimate route.
IPv6 Binding Table	Block reply and advertisement messages from unauthorized DHCP servers and relay agents.
IPv6 Source Guard	Create a binding table that is based on NS and NA messages.
IPv6 RA Guard	Filter inbound traffic on Layer 2 switch ports that are not in the IPv6 binding table.
IPv6 ND Inspection	Create IPv6 neighbors connected to the device from information sources such as MDP snooping.

Answer:

Explanation:

IPv6 DHCPv6 Guard	IPv6 RA Guard
IPv6 Binding Table	IPv6 DHCPv6 Guard
IPv6 Source Guard	IPv6 ND Inspection
IPv6 RA Guard	IPv6 Source Guard
IPv6 ND Inspection	IPv6 Binding Table

NEW QUESTION # 445

Refer to the exhibit.

R1#show policy-map control-plane

Control Plane

Service-policy input: CoPP-BGP

Class-map: BGP (match all)

2716 packets, 172071 bytes

5 minute offered rate 0000 bps, drop rate 0000 bps

Match: access-group name BGP

drop

Class-map: class-default (match-any)

5212 packets, 655966 bytes

5 minute offered rate 0000 bps, drop rate 0000 bps

Match: any

What is the result of applying this configuration?

- A. The router can form BGP neighborships with any device that is matched by the access list named "BGP".
- B. The router cannot form BGP neighborships with any other device.
- C. The router can form BGP neighborships with any other device.
- D. The router cannot form BGP neighborships with any device that is matched by the access list named "BGP".

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

after bgp session are UP.I configured the CoPP to drop 10.3.3.3 bgp traffic (R3).

R3 bgp traffic that matched the ACL 100 is dropped and the state is in IDLE

access-list 100 permit tcp host 10.3.3.3 any eq bgp

access-list 100 permit tcp host 10.3.3.3 eq bgp any

!

class-map match-all class-bgp

match access-group 100

!

policy-map policy-bgp

class class-bgp

drop

!

control-plane

service-policy input policy-bgp

!

The 10.3.3.3 neighbor goes to IDLE

NEW QUESTION # 446

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