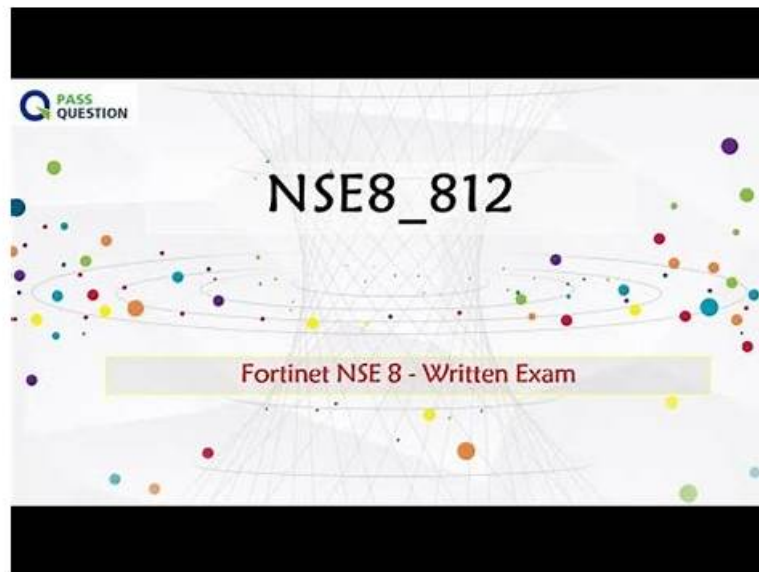


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Fortinet NSE 8 - Written Exam (NSE8_812) Sample Questions (Q58-Q63):

NEW QUESTION # 58

Refer to the exhibits.

You are configuring a Let's Encrypt certificate to enable SSL protection to your website. When FortiWeb tries to retrieve the certificate, you receive a certificate status failed, as shown below.

Based on the Server Policy settings shown in the exhibit, which two configuration changes will resolve this issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure a TXT record of the domain and point to the IP address of the Virtual Server.
- **B. Disable Redirect HTTP to HTTPS in the Server Policy.**
- **C. Remove the Web Protection Profile from this Server Policy.**
- D. Enable HTTP service in the Server Policy.

Answer: B,C

NEW QUESTION # 59

Refer to the exhibits.

A customer wants to deploy 12 FortiAP 431F devices on high density conference center, but they do not currently have any PoE switches to connect them to. They want to be able to run them at full power while having network redundancy. From the FortiSwitch models and sample retail prices shown in the exhibit, which build of materials would have the lowest cost, while fulfilling the customer's requirements?

- A. 2x FortiSwitch 124E-FPOE
- B. 1x FortiSwitch 248EFPOE
- **C. 2x FortiSwitch 248E-FPOE**
- D. 2x FortiSwitch 224E-POE

Answer: C

Explanation:

The customer wants to deploy 12 FortiAP 431F devices on a high density conference center, but they do not have any PoE switches to connect them to. They want to be able to run them at full power while having network redundancy. PoE switches are switches that can provide both data and power to connected devices over Ethernet cables, eliminating the need for separate power adapters or outlets. PoE switches are useful for deploying devices such as wireless access points, IP cameras, and VoIP phones in locations where power outlets are scarce or inconvenient. The FortiAP 431F is a wireless access point that supports PoE+ (IEEE 802.3at) standard, which can deliver up to 30W of power per port. The FortiAP 431F has a maximum power consumption of 25W when running at full power. Therefore, to run 12 FortiAP 431F devices at full power, the customer needs PoE switches that can provide at least 300W of total PoE power budget (25W x 12). The customer also needs network redundancy, which means that they need at least two PoE switches to connect the FortiAP devices in case one switch fails or loses power. From the FortiSwitch models and sample retail prices shown in the exhibit, the build of materials that has the lowest cost while fulfilling the customer's requirements is 2x FortiSwitch 248E-FPOE. The FortiSwitch 248E-FPOE is a PoE switch that has 48 GE ports with PoE+ capability and a total PoE power budget of 370W. It also has 4x 10 GE SFP+ uplink ports for high-speed connectivity. The sample retail price of the FortiSwitch 248E-FPOE is \$1,995, which means that two units will cost \$3,990. This is the lowest cost among the other options that can meet the customer's requirements. Option A is incorrect because the FortiSwitch 248EFPOE is a non-PoE switch that has no PoE capability or power budget. It cannot provide power to the FortiAP devices over Ethernet cables. Option B is incorrect because the FortiSwitch 224E-POE is a PoE switch that has only 24 GE ports with PoE+ capability and a total PoE power budget of 185W. It cannot provide enough ports or power to run 12 FortiAP devices at full power. Option D is incorrect because the FortiSwitch 124E-FPOE is a PoE switch that has only 24 GE ports with PoE+ capability and a total PoE power budget of 185W. It cannot provide enough ports or power to run 12 FortiAP devices at full power. References:

https://www.fortinet.com/content/dam/fortinet/assets/data-sheets/FortiSwitch_Secure_Access_Series.pdf

https://www.fortinet.com/content/dam/fortinet/assets/data-sheets/FortiAP_400_Series.pdf

NEW QUESTION # 60

Refer to the exhibit.

A customer has deployed a FortiGate 200F high-availability (HA) cluster that contains a TPM chip. The exhibit shows output from the FortiGate CLI session where the administrator enabled TPM.

Following these actions, the administrator immediately notices that both FortiGate high availability (HA) status and FortiManager

status for the FortiGate are negatively impacted.
What are the two reasons for this behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. TPM functionality is not yet compatible with FortiGate HA D The administrator needs to manually enter the hex private data encryption key in FortiManager
- B. The FortiGate has not finished the auto-update process to synchronize the new configuration to FortiManager yet.
- C. The private-data-encryption key entered on the primary did not match the value that the TPM expected.
- D. Configuration for TPM is not synchronized between FortiGate HA cluster members.

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

The two reasons for the negative impact on the FortiGate HA status and FortiManager status after enabling TPM are:

The private-data-encryption key entered on the primary unit did not match the value that the TPM expected. This could happen if the TPM was previously enabled and then disabled, and the key was changed in between. The TPM will reject the new key and cause an error in the configuration synchronization.

Configuration for TPM is not synchronized between FortiGate HA cluster members. Each cluster member must have the same private-data-encryption key to form a valid HA cluster and synchronize their configurations. However, enabling TPM on one unit does not automatically enable it on the other units, and the key must be manually entered on each unit. To resolve these issues, the administrator should disable TPM on all units, clear the TPM data, and then enable TPM again with the same private-data-encryption key on each unit. References: <https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/6.4.0/cookbook/103437/inbound-ssl-inspection> <https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/6.4.0/cookbook/103438/application-detection-on-ssl-offloaded-traffic>

NEW QUESTION # 61

A FortiGate running FortiOS 7.2.0 GA is configured in multi-vdom mode with a vdom set to vdom type Admin and another vdom set to vdom type Traffic.

Which two GUI sections are available on both VDOM types? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiClient configuration
- B. Interface configuration
- C. Packet capture
- D. Certificates
- E. Security Fabric topology and external connectors

Answer: B,C

NEW QUESTION # 62

Refer to the exhibit.

A customer has deployed a FortiGate 300E with virtual domains (VDOMs) enabled in the multi-VDOM mode. There are three VDOMs: Root is for management and internet access, while VDOM 1 and VDOM 2 are used for segregating internal traffic. AccountVlnk and SalesVlnk are standard VDOM links in Ethernet mode.

Given the exhibit, which two statements below about VDOM behavior are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. OSPF routing can be configured between VDOM 1 and Root VDOM without any configuration changes to AccountVlnk
- B. You can apply OSPF routing on the VDOM link in either PPP or Ethernet mode
- C. The VDOM links are in Ethernet mode because they have IP addressed assigned on both sides.
- D. Traffic on AccountVlnk and SalesVlnk will not be accelerated.
- E. Root VDOM is an Admin type VDOM, while VDOM 1 and VDOM 2 are Traffic type VDOMs.

Answer: B,D

NEW QUESTION # 63

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