

Reliable CTFL-AcT Dumps Questions & CTFL-AcT Valid Exam Syllabus



P.S. Free & New CTFL-AcT dumps are available on Google Drive shared by GetValidTest: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1NkyF6kr1IOGyq8FZDrUp7tOXTdV6BDTZ>

God is fair, and everyone is not perfect. As we all know, the competition in the IT industry is fierce. So everyone wants to get the IT certification to enhance their value. I think so, too. But it is too difficult for me. Fortunately, I found GetValidTest's ISQI CTFL-AcT exam training materials on the Internet. With it, I would not need to worry about my exam. GetValidTest's ISQI CTFL-AcT Exam Training materials are really good. It is wide coverage, and targeted. If you are also one of the members in the IT industry, quickly add the GetValidTest's ISQI CTFL-AcT exam training materials to your shoppingcart please. Do not hesitate, do not hovering. GetValidTest's ISQI CTFL-AcT exam training materials are the best companion with your success.

The CTFL-AcT certification exam covers the fundamental concepts of acceptance testing, including the principles, processes, and techniques used in acceptance testing. CTFL-AcT exam also covers the different types of acceptance testing, such as alpha testing, beta testing, and user acceptance testing. CTFL-AcT Exam also covers the tools and methodologies used in acceptance testing, such as test cases, test scripts, and test plans.

>> **Reliable CTFL-AcT Dumps Questions** <<

Free PDF Quiz ISQI - The Best Reliable CTFL-AcT Dumps Questions

The social environment is constantly changing, and our CTFL-AcT guide quiz is also advancing with the times. The content of CTFL-AcT exam materials is constantly updated. You can save a lot of time for collecting real-time information. In order to ensure that you can see the updated CTFL-AcT practice prep as soon as possible, our system sends the updated information to your email address first timing. In order to avoid the omission of information, please check your email regularly.

ISQI CTFL-AcT (ISTQB Foundation Level - Acceptance Testing) Exam is a globally recognized certification that validates the knowledge and skills of software testers in the field of acceptance testing. CTFL-AcT exam is designed for individuals who have a basic understanding of software development and testing concepts and are interested in pursuing a career in acceptance testing.

The ISTQB Foundation Level - Acceptance Testing certification exam covers a wide range of topics related to acceptance testing, including the principles of acceptance testing, the testing process, and the different types of acceptance testing. CTFL-AcT Exam

also covers tools and techniques used in acceptance testing, such as test design, test execution, and defect management. ISTQB Foundation Level - Acceptance Testing certification exam is designed to test the candidate's ability to apply these concepts in real-world scenarios.

ISQI ISTQB Foundation Level - Acceptance Testing Sample Questions (Q24-Q29):

NEW QUESTION # 24

Which one of the following statements regarding ATDD / BDD is true?

- A. In Acceptance-Test Driven Development (ATDD), test cases are written prior to the acceptance criteria.
- **B. In both Acceptance-Test Driven Development (ATDD) and Behavior-Driven Development (BDD), test cases provide examples of product use.**
- C. In both Acceptance-Test Driven Development (ATDD) and Behavior-Driven Development (BDD), acceptance test cases are written by a test automation engineer as test automation code.
- D. Behavior-Driven Development (BDD) considers acceptance test design as an activity to be handled by the test team after requirements have been finalized.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 25

Which one of the following sentences describes BEST a major advantage when business analysts and testers review the acceptance criteria together?

- **A. A shared vision between the business analyst and the tester on acceptance criteria facilitates the design of acceptance test cases.**
- B. The review of acceptance criteria helps to verify that acceptance test cases cover business processes, business rules and business risks.
- C. A joint review ensures that non-functional quality criteria are taken into account.
- D. The review of acceptance criteria is a good practice to improve the quality of test reports.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Collaboration between business analysts and testers is essential in defining and reviewing acceptance criteria.

When both roles work together, they ensure the criteria are not only aligned with business goals but also testable and clearly specified.

Option A is correct because shared understanding of acceptance criteria allows testers to design test cases that truly validate business expectations, reducing misinterpretations and increasing confidence in the product.

Other options:

B is valid but not the best - non-functional requirements are important but often handled separately.

C is partially correct but assumes acceptance test cases already exist, whereas the review often happens earlier in the process.

D focuses on test reporting, which is downstream from criteria definition and test case design.

A). A shared vision between the business analyst and the tester on acceptance criteria facilitates the design of acceptance test cases.

NEW QUESTION # 26

Which one of the following statements describes an exploratory test charter BEST?

- A. The test charter is elaborated during the testing session according to test execution results.
- B. Each exploratory test charter is based on a previously defined list of activities that would be interesting to test.
- **C. Indicating that the tester should take the role of a novice user can be part of an exploratory test charter.**
- D. Acceptance testers use the exploratory test charter during the testing session to define the test oracle.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 27

You recently became an acceptance tester in a cross-discipline project, because your predecessor left the company overnight. The

15 project team members are located in different time zones. Everybody seems to work hard on their tasks, but nobody can give you with an overview on the project.

What one of the following actions is BEST to encourage the team members to work closer together?

- A. You establish a test management tool to make sure everybody has Access to the requirements and their related test cases.
- **B. You organize a workshop with all team members to establish common understanding and to lay the foundation for fruitful trusting collaboration**
- C. You write a long e-mail summarizing your understanding of the project goals, its current difficulties and indicate the steps required to solve the problem.
- D. Knowing about the importance of the personal interactions, you travel from site to site to meet with every project team member and collect their vision

Answer: B

Explanation:

In cross-functional, globally distributed teams, establishing collaboration, communication, and trust is key. A workshop (even virtual) is a proven method for initiating alignment, especially when a new team member joins, and project coordination is weak.

Option A promotes transparency and collective understanding, crucial for building team cohesion.

Option B is too passive and one-directional. Long emails rarely solve coordination problems in Agile or collaborative contexts.

Option C is about tool setup, not team integration or communication - tools are supportive but not substitutes for human connection.

Option D is not efficient; traveling to meet each team member is impractical and doesn't guarantee a shared team vision.

A). You organize a workshop with all team members to establish common understanding and to lay the foundation for fruitful trusting collaboration.

NEW QUESTION # 28

Which of the following is the BEST example of a Gherkin-style test for a web-based banking application?

- **A. GIVEN I have \$5000 on my personal account X AND I have \$200 on my personal account Y WHEN I transfer \$1000 from X to Y THEN I should have balance \$4000 on my personal account X AND I should have balance \$1200 on my personal account Y**
- B. GIVEN I have \$5000 on my personal account X WHEN I have \$600 on my personal account Y THEN I have \$5600 in total on my personal accounts X and Y
- C. GIVEN I have \$5000 on my personal account X AND I have \$200 on my personal account Y WHEN I click 'Make transfer' button AND I enter '3000' into 'Amount' field AND I enter 'X' into 'From which account' field AND I enter 'Y' into 'To which account' field AND I click 'Confirm transaction' button THEN I should have balance \$2000 on my personal account X AND I should have balance \$3200 on my personal account Y
- D. GIVEN I have \$5000 on my personal account X and \$600 on my personal account Y WHEN I transfer \$500 from Y to X THEN I should have balance \$4500 on X and balance \$1100 on Y

Answer: A

Explanation:

The best Gherkin-style acceptance tests are business-oriented, behavior-driven, and avoid unnecessary technical or UI details. They describe actions in a way stakeholders can understand, focusing on system behavior rather than implementation mechanics.

Option A follows Gherkin conventions:

GIVEN clearly describes the system state (account balances).

WHEN describes a user action (transferring funds).

THEN describes a verifiable outcome (account balances updated correctly).

Option B includes unnecessary UI actions like clicking buttons or field names, which are implementation-specific and violate the abstraction level expected of acceptance tests.

Option C uses appropriate structure but introduces incorrect balances in the THEN step (possibly a typo; \$4500 on X is wrong if funds were transferred from Y to X).

Option D uses improper syntax - WHEN is misused as another GIVEN, and THEN describes a computation rather than a system behavior.

Exact Reference - ISTQB CTFL Acceptance Testing Syllabus (Section 2.2.2):

"Acceptance criteria in BDD are best captured through Gherkin scenarios that are understandable by business stakeholders and focus on expected outcomes, not implementation details."

