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The RedHat is committed to making the RedHat EX200 certification exam journey simple, smart, and easiest. The mock Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA exams that will give you real-time environment for RedHat EX200 exam preparation. To keep you updated with latest changes in the EX200 Test Questions, we offer one-year free updates in the form of new questions according to the requirement of EX200 real exam. Updated EX200 PDF dumps ensure the accuracy of learning materials and guarantee success of in your first attempt.

RedHat EX200 Exam is a hands-on, performance-based exam that requires candidates to perform real-world tasks on live systems. EX200 exam is designed to assess the candidate's ability to perform essential system administration tasks, such as configuring network interfaces, managing storage, managing users and groups, and managing processes. EX200 exam is conducted in a controlled environment, and candidates are provided with a virtual machine environment to complete the exam.

The RHCSA certification is highly valued by employers and IT professionals alike. It is recognized as a standard for measuring the competency of IT professionals who work with Red Hat Enterprise Linux systems. Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA certification provides a competitive edge to IT professionals who want to advance their careers and take on more challenging roles in the industry. The RHCSA exam is a rigorous test that requires extensive preparation, but the rewards of achieving this certification are well worth the effort.

What Are Exam Topics for RHCSA Certification Test?

The RHCSA certification exam assesses a candidate's knowledge and competency in a vast range of IT areas. Thus, the student must demonstrate their aptitude in the following domains:

- **File Systems** — Here, candidates need to mount and use ext4 and xfs file systems, use NFS to increase & decrease file systems, broaden logical volumes, design & implement set-GID directories for collaboration, compress disks, maintain layered storage, and finally, assess and rectify file permission issues.
- **Local Storage** — This area checks a candidate's ability to make and delete partitions on MBR and GPT disks, remove physical volumes, designate physical volumes to volume groups, create and erase logical volumes, set up systems so they mount file systems according to their universally unique ID (UUID) or label when they boot, add extra partitions and logical volumes, and lastly, change to another system non-destructively.
- **Running Systems** — In this section, skills such as booting and rebooting a system perfectly, booting systems into another target manually, gaining access to a system by intervening in the boot process, killing memory intensive processes, scheduling a process, managing tuning profiles, finding as well as analyzing system log files and journals, saving system journals, stopping and checking the condition of network services, and transferring files safely among systems will all be tested.
- **Containers** — This last domain checks if candidates can do things such as withdraw container images from a remote registry, inspect container images, use commands such as skopeo and podman to carry out container management, list running containers, and connect persistent storage to a container.
- **Users and Groups** — In this next segment, examinees must be skilled at configuring and customizing local user accounts, changing passwords for such accounts, tweaking local groups as well as group memberships, and also setting up superuser access.
- **Basic Networking** — Here, students have to demonstrate they can set up IPv4 and IPv6 addresses, operate with hostname

resolution, tweak networking solutions to launch on their own at boot, and also restrict network access with the help of Firewall.

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RedHat Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA Sample Questions (Q113-Q118):

NEW QUESTION # 113

SIMULATION

Make a swap partition having 100MB. Make Automatically Usable at System Boot Time.

Answer:

Explanation:

See explanation below.

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Use fdisk /dev/hda ->To create new partition.

Type n-> For New partition

It will ask for Logical or Primary Partitions. Press l for logical.

It will ask for the Starting Cylinder: Use the Default by pressing Enter Key.

Type the Size: +100M ->You can Specify either Last cylinder or Size here.

Press P to verify the partitions lists and remember the partitions name. Default System ID is 83 that means Linux Native.

Type t to change the System ID of partition.

Type Partition Number

Type 82 that means Linux Swap.

Press w to write on partitions table.

Either Reboot or use partprobe command.

mkswap /dev/hda? ->To create Swap File system on partition.

swapon /dev/hda? ->To enable the Swap space from partition.

free -m ->Verify Either Swap is enabled or not.

vi /etc/fstab/dev/hda? swap swap defaults 0 0

Reboot the System and verify that swap is automatically enabled or not.

NEW QUESTION # 114

Debugging SELinux

A web server running on non-standard port 82 encounters issues while serving content. Debug and resolve the problem to meet the following conditions:

- The web server on the system can serve HTML files hosted in /var/www/html (Note: Do not delete or modify existing file contents)
- The web server can serve content on port 82
- The web server can start automatically at system boot

Answer:

Explanation:

Check which package provides the semanage command

[root@node1 ~]# yum provides "*semange"

Install the semanage command

[root@node1 ~]# yum -y install policycoreutils-python-utils

[root@node1 ~]# semanage port -l |grep http

```
[root@node1 ~]# semanage port -a -t http_port_t -p tcp 82
# Alternatively, you can use man semanage port, then search for EXAMPLE.
[root@node1 ~]# systemctl restart httpd
[root@node1 ~]# systemctl enable httpd
# Verification, seeing the source code indicates correctness (mandatory operation)
[root@node1 ~]# curl http://node1.domain250.example.com:82
```

NEW QUESTION # 115

Part 1 (on Node1 Server)

Task 7 [Accessing Linux File Systems]

Find all the files owned by user natasha and redirect the output to /home/alex/files.

Find all files that are larger than 5MiB in the /etc directory and copy them to /find/largefiles.

Answer:

Explanation:

```
[root@node1 ~]# find / -name natasha -type f > /home/natasha/files
[root@node1 ~]# cat /home/natasha/files
/var/spool/mail/natasha
/mnt/shares/natasha
[root@node1 ~]# mkdir /find
[root@node1 ~]# find /etc -size +5M > /find/largefiles
[root@node1 ~]# cat /find/largefiles
/etc/selinux/targeted/policy/policy.31
/etc/udev/hwdb.bin
```

NEW QUESTION # 116

Create a user named alex, and the user id should be 1234, and the password should be alex111.

Answer:

Explanation:

see explanation below.

Explanation

```
# useradd -u 1234 alex
# passwd alex
alex111
alex111
OR
echo alex111|passwd -stdin alex
```

NEW QUESTION # 117

SIMULATION

According the following requirements, configure autofs service and automatically mount to user's home directory in the ldap domain.

- Instructor.example.com (192.168.0.254) has shared /home/guests/ldapuserX home directory to your system by over NFS export, X is your hostname number.

- LdapuserX's home directory is exist in the instructor.example.com: /home/ guests/ldapuserX
- LdapuserX's home directory must be able to automatically mount to /home/ guests/ldapuserX in your system.
- Home directory have write permissions for the corresponding user.

However, you can log on to the ldapuser1 - ldapuser99 users after verification. But you can only get your corresponding ldapuser users. If your system's hostname is server1.example.com, you can only get ldapuser1's home directory.

Answer:

Explanation:

See explanation below.

Explanation/Reference:

```
Explanation: mkdir -p /home/guests
cat /etc/auto.master:
/home/guests /etc/auto.ldap
cat /etc/auto.ldap:
ldapuser1 -rw instructor.example.com:/home/guests/ldapuser1
automatically mount all the user's home directory #* -rw instructor.example.com:/home/guests/&
```

NEW QUESTION # 118

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