

FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Fragen & Antworten & FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Studienführer & FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Prüfungsvorbereitung



2025 Die neuesten Pass4Test FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 PDF-Versionen Prüfungsfragen und FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Fragen und Antworten sind kostenlos verfügbar: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1fw3ckW_gzQXtWPJ0iNnmUfW2IRLueTa

Sie brauchen nicht die komplizierte Ordnungsarbeit machen. Sie brauchen nicht für eine lange Zeit warten. Auf unserer Webseite können Sie die neueste und zuverlässigste Prüfungsunterlagen für Fortinet FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 erhalten. Unterschiedliche Versionen bieten Ihnen unterschiedliche Erfindungen. Was zweifellos ist, dass alle Versionen von Fortinet FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 sind effektiv. Bezahlen Sie mit gesichertem Zahlungsmittel Paypal! Dann können Sie gleich die Fortinet FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Prüfungsunterlagen herunterladen und benutzen!

Fortinet FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	VPN: In this section, the focus is on how to configure SSL VPNs for secure network access and implement meshed or redundant IPsec VPNs.
Thema 2	Deployment and System Configuration: This section covers how to set up initial configurations, implement Fortinet Security Fabric, and configure an FGCP HA cluster; diagnose resources and connectivity.
Thema 3	Routing: This section covers how to set up packet routing with static routes and configure SD-WAN for efficient traffic load balancing.
Thema 4	- Firewall Policies and Authentication: This topic covers how to set firewall policies, configure SNAT - DNAT, implement authentication methods, and deploy FSSO.
Thema 5	Content Inspection: This section covers how to inspect encrypted traffic, configure inspection modes, apply web filtering, manage applications, set antivirus modes, and implement IPS for security.

>> FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Quizfragen Und Antworten <<

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Wenn Sie in kurzer Zeit mit weniger Mühe sich ganz effizient auf die Fortinet FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Zertifizierungsprüfung vorbereiten, benutzen Sie doch schnell die Schulungsunterlagen zur Fortinet FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Zertifizierungsprüfung. Sie werden von der Praxis bewährt. Viele Kandidaten haben bewiesen, dass man mit der Hilfe von Pass4Test die Prüfung 100% bestehen können. Mit Pass4Test können Sie Ihr Ziel erreichen und die beste Effekte erzielen.

Fortinet FCP - FortiGate 7.4 Administrator FCP_FGT_AD-7.4 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q29-Q34):

29. Frage

Refer to the exhibit.

ID	Name	Source	Destination	Criteria	Members
IPv4 3					
1	Critical-DIA	4 LOCAL_SUBNET	Slack-Slack Dropbox-Web Bloomberg		port1 port2
2	Non-Critical-DIA	4 LOCAL_SUBNET	Addicting Games Social Media	Bandwidth	port2
3	Default-Internet	4 LOCAL_SUBNET	4 REMOTE_SUBNET	Latency	port1 port2
Implicit 1					
	sd-wan	4 all	4 all	Source-Destination IP	☐ any

Which algorithm does SD-WAN use to distribute traffic that does not match any of the SD-WAN rules?

- A. Traffic is sent to the link with the lowest latency.
- B. All traffic from a source IP is sent to the same interface
- C. All traffic from a source IP to a destination IP is sent to the same interface.
- D. Traffic is distributed based on the number of sessions through each interface.

Antwort: C

Begründung:

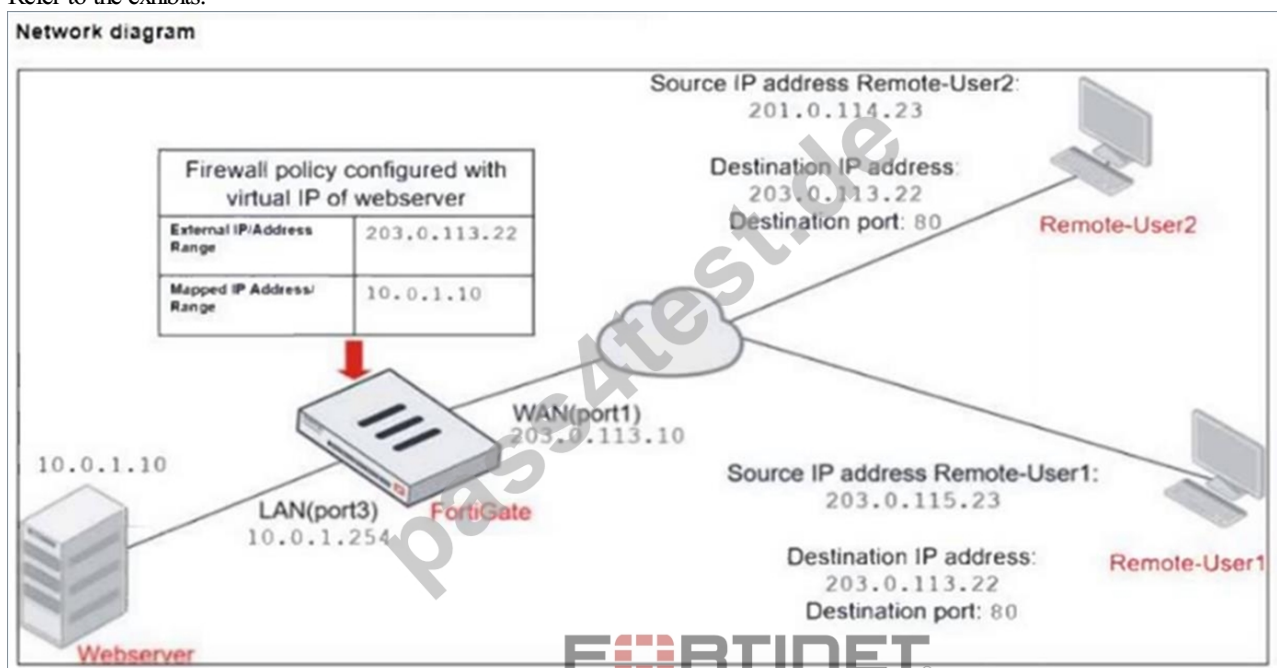
For traffic that does not match any of the defined SD-WAN rules, the default implicit SD-WAN rule is applied. By default, the FortiGate uses a "source-destination IP-based" algorithm, which means all traffic from a specific source IP to a specific destination IP is sent through the same interface. This ensures that a consistent path is used for traffic between the same source and destination IP addresses. Options B, C, and D do not apply because the default algorithm does not prioritize by latency, session count, or source IP alone.

References:

* FortiOS 7.4.1 Administration Guide: SD-WAN Load Balancing Algorithms

30. Frage

Refer to the exhibits.



Firewall address object

Firewall policies

ID	Name	Source	Destination	Schedule	Service	Action
WAN (port1) → LAN (port3) 2						
4	Deny	Deny_IP	all	always	ALL	DENY
3	Allow_access	all	Webserver	always	ALL	ACCEPT

The exhibits show a diagram of a FortiGate device connected to the network, and the firewall configuration.

An administrator created a Deny policy with default settings to deny Webserver access for Remote-User2.

The policy should work such that Remote-User1 must be able to access the Webserver while preventing Remote-User2 from accessing the Webserver.

Which two configuration changes can the administrator make to the policy to deny Webserver access for Remote-User2? (Choose two.)

- A. Set the Destination address as Webserver in the Deny policy.
- B. Disable match-vip in the Deny policy.
- C. Set the Destination address as Deny_IP in the Allow_access policy.
- D. Enable match-vip in the Deny policy.

Antwort: A,D

Begründung:

To deny access to the web server for Remote-User2 while allowing Remote-User1 to access the same web server, two configuration changes can be made:

Enable match-vip in the Deny policy:

By enabling the match-vip option in the Deny policy, the FortiGate will check for virtual IP (VIP) objects during policy matching.

This setting allows the firewall policy to correctly identify and block traffic directed to a specific mapped IP address, such as the web server, when using a VIP configuration.

Set the Destination address as Webserver in the Deny policy:

Setting the Destination address to "Webserver" in the Deny policy ensures that the policy specifically targets traffic attempting to reach the web server. This configuration helps to precisely control which traffic should be blocked, focusing the Deny policy on the intended destination.

Reference:

FortiOS 7.4.1 Administration Guide: Deny matching with a policy with a virtual IP applied FortiOS 7.4.1 Administration Guide: Configuring Policies with VIPs

31. Frage

What are two features of collector agent advanced mode? (Choose two.)

- A. In advanced mode, FortiGate can be configured as an LDAP client and group filters can be configured on FortiGate.
- B. Advanced mode supports nested or inherited groups.
- C. In advanced mode, security profiles can be applied only to user groups, not individual users.
- D. Advanced mode uses the Windows convention -NetBios: Domain\Username.

Antwort: A,D

Begründung:

Advanced mode allows for configuration as an LDAP client and supports group filtering directly on the FortiGate, as well as nested or inherited groups.

32. Frage

Refer to the exhibit.

```
id=65308 trace_id=6 func=print_pkt_detail line=5895 msg="vd-root:0 received a packet(proto=1, 10.0.1.10:21637  
->10.200.1.254:2048) tun_id=0.0.0.0 from port3. type=8, code=0, id=21637, seq=2."  
id=65308 trace_id=6 func=init_ip_session_common line=6076 msg="allocate a new session-00025d45, tun_id=0.0.0.  
0"  
id=65308 trace_id=6 func=vf_ip_route_input_common line=2605 msg="find a route: flag=04000000 gw=10.200.1.254  
via port1"  
id=65308 trace_id=6 func=fw_forward_handler line=738 msg="Denied by forward policy check (policy 0)"
```

Why did FortiGate drop the packet?

- A. It failed the RPF check.
- B. The next-hop IP address is unreachable.
- C. It matched an explicitly configured firewall policy with the action DENY
- D. It matched the default implicit firewall policy

Antwort: D

Begründung:

The debug trace output shows that the packet was "Denied by forward policy check (policy 0)." In FortiGate, policy ID 0 corresponds to the default implicit deny policy. This means that if a packet does not match any configured firewall policies, it is denied by the default implicit policy.

Reference:

FortiOS 7.4.1 Administration Guide: Firewall Policies

33. Frage

Why does FortiGate keep TCP sessions in the session table for some seconds even after both sides (client and server) have terminated the session?

- A. To remove the NAT operation.
- B. To finish any inspection operations.
- C. To generate logs
- D. To allow for out-of-order packets that could arrive after the FIN/ACK packets.

Antwort: D

Begründung:

To allow for out-of-order packets that could arrive after the FIN/ACK packets.

TCP provides the ability for one end of a connection to terminate its output while still receiving data from the other end. This is called a half-close. FortiGate unit implements a specific timer before removing an entry in the firewall session table.

When a session is closed by both sides, FortiGate keeps it in the session table for a few seconds more, to allow any out-of-order packets that could arrive after the FIN/ACK packet. This is the state value. One of the reasons FortiGate keeps TCP sessions in the session table for several seconds, even after both sides have terminated the session, is indeed to allow for out-of-order packets that could arrive after the FIN/ACK packets. This helps in handling potential network delays and ensuring that all relevant packets are

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