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Fortinet FCSS_EFW_AD-7.6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• VPN: This section of the exam measures the skills of a VPN Solutions Engineer and covers the implementation of various virtual private network technologies. It includes configuring IPsec VPN using IKE version 2 protocols and implementing Automatic Discovery VPN solutions to establish on-demand secure tunnels between multiple sites within an enterprise network infrastructure.
Topic 2	• Security Profiles: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Threat Prevention Specialist and covers the configuration and management of comprehensive security profiling systems. It includes implementing SSL • SSH inspection, combining web filtering and application control mechanisms, integrating intrusion prevention systems, and utilizing the Internet Service Database to create layered security protections for organizational networks.
Topic 3	• Central Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Security Operations Manager and covers the implementation of centralized management systems for coordinated control and oversight of distributed Fortinet security infrastructures across enterprise environments.
Topic 4	• Routing: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Network Infrastructure Engineer and covers the implementation of dynamic routing protocols for enterprise network traffic management. It includes configuring both OSPF and BGP routing protocols to ensure efficient and reliable data transmission across complex organizational networks.
Topic 5	• System Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Network Security Architect and covers the implementation and integration of core Fortinet infrastructure components. It includes deploying the Security Fabric, enabling hardware acceleration, configuring high availability operational modes, and designing enterprise networks utilizing VLANs and VDOM technologies to meet specific organizational requirements.

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Quiz 2025 Valid FCSS_EFW_AD-7.6 Dumps - FCSS - Enterprise Firewall 7.6 Administrator Realistic Exam Dump

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Fortinet FCSS - Enterprise Firewall 7.6 Administrator Sample Questions (Q19-Q24):

NEW QUESTION # 19
Refer to the exhibit, which contains a partial VPN configuration.

```
config vpn ipsec phase1-interface
edit tunnel
set type dynamic
set interface "port1"
set ike-version 2
set keylife 28800
set peertype any
set net-device disable
set proposal aes128-sha256 aes256-sha256
set dpd on-idle
set add-route enable
set psksecret fortinet
next
end
```


What can you conclude from this VPN IPsec phase 1 configuration?

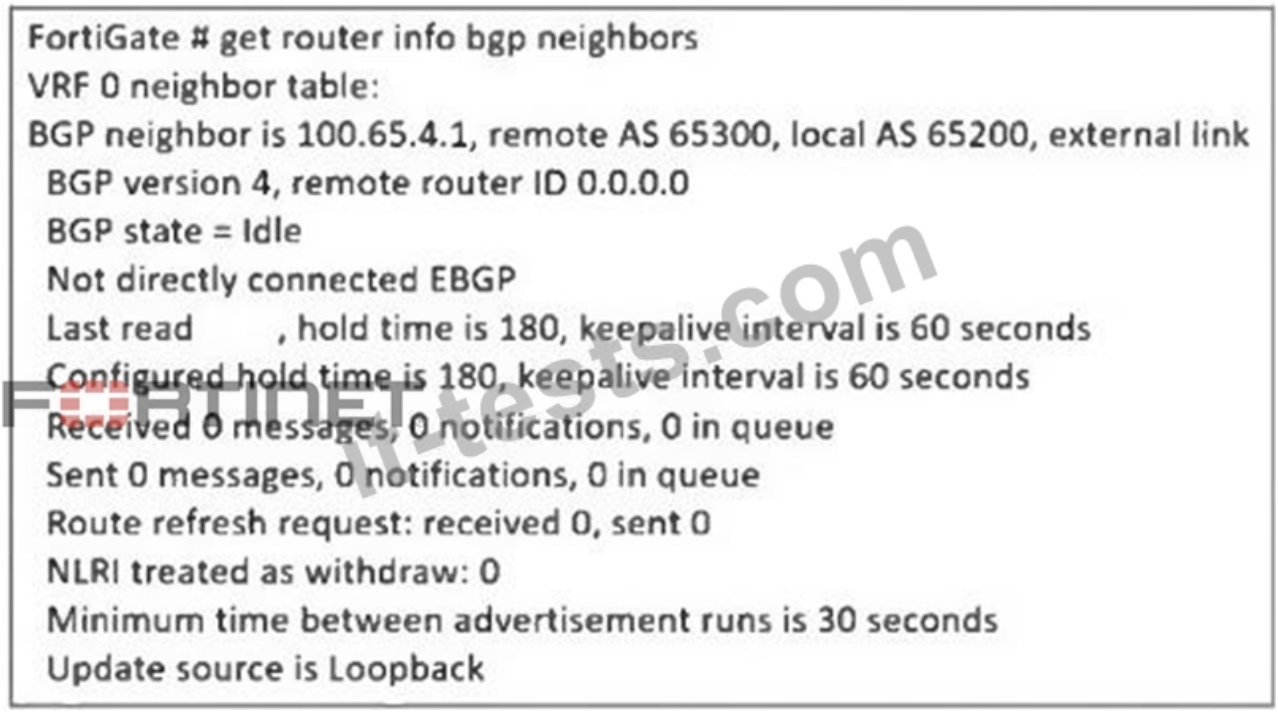
- A. Peer IDs are unencrypted and exposed, creating a security risk.
- B. This configuration is the best for networks with regular traffic intervals, providing a balance between connectivity assurance and resource utilization.
- C. A separate interface is created for each dial-up tunnel, which can be slower and more resource intensive, especially in large networks.
- D. FortiGate will not add a route to its routing or forwarding information base when the dynamic tunnel is negotiated.

Answer: B

Explanation:
This IPsec Phase 1 configuration defines a dynamic VPN tunnel that can accept connections from multiple peers. The settings chosen here suggest a configuration optimized for networks with intermittent traffic patterns while ensuring resources are used efficiently.
Key configurations and their impact:
set type dynamic # This allows multiple peers to establish connections dynamically without needing predefined IP addresses.
set ike-version 2 # Uses IKEv2, which is more efficient and supports features like EAP authentication and reduced rekeying overhead.
set dpd on-idle # Dead Peer Detection (DPD) is triggered only when the tunnel is idle, reducing unnecessary keep-alive packets and improving resource utilization.
set add-route enable # FortiGate automatically adds the route to the routing table when the tunnel is established, ensuring connectivity when needed.
set proposal aes128-sha256 aes256-sha256 # Uses strong encryption and hashing algorithms, ensuring a secure connection.
set keylife 28800 # Sets a longer key lifetime (8 hours), reducing the frequency of rekeying, which is beneficial for stable

connections.
Because DPD is set to on-idle, the tunnel will not constantly send keep-alive messages but will still ensure connectivity when traffic is detected. This makes the configuration ideal for networks with regular but non- continuous traffic, balancing security and resource efficiency.

NEW QUESTION # 20
Refer to the exhibit, which contains a partial command output.



The administrator has configured BGP on FortiGate. The status of this new BGP configuration is shown in the exhibit.
What configuration must the administrator consider next?

- A. Configure a static route to 100.65.4.1.
- B. Enable ebgp-enforce-multihop.
- C. Contact the remote peer administrator to enable BGP
- D. Configure the local AS to 65300.

Answer: B

Explanation:
From the BGP neighbor status output, the key issue is that BGP is stuck in the "Idle" state, meaning the FortiGate is unable to establish a BGP session with its peer 100.65.4.1 (Remote AS 65300).
The output also shows:
"Not directly connected EBGP" # This means the BGP peer is not on the same subnet, requiring multihop BGP.
"Update source is Loopback" # Since a loopback interface is used, FortiGate must be configured to allow BGP neighbors over multiple hops.
To resolve this issue, the administrator must enable ebgp-enforce-multihop, which allows BGP sessions to be established even when the neighbors are not directly connected.

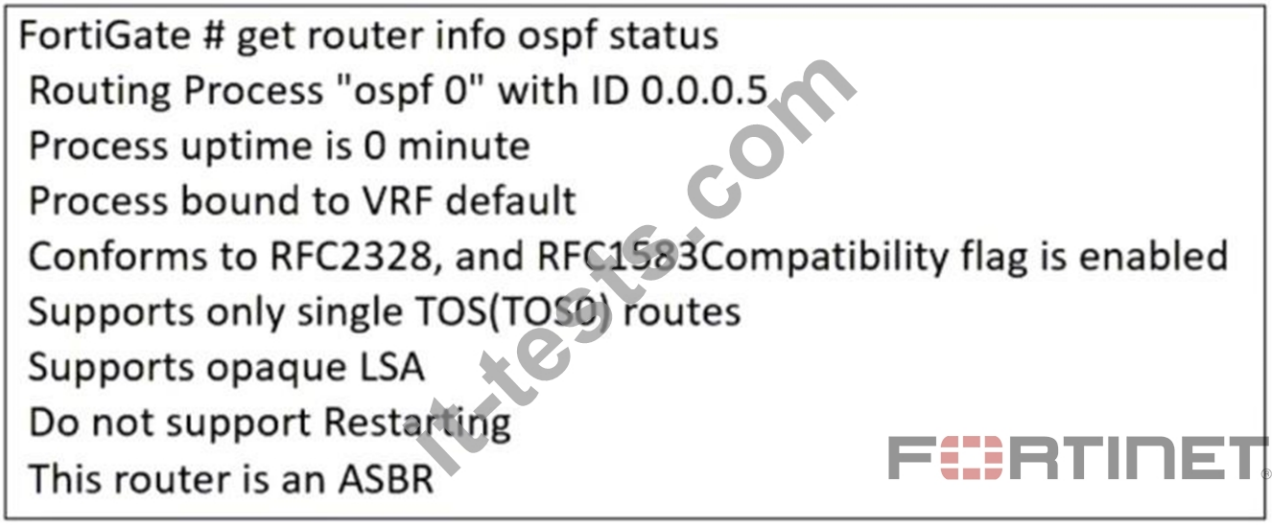
NEW QUESTION # 21
An administrator configured the FortiGate devices in an enterprise network to join the Fortinet Security Fabric. The administrator has a list of IP addresses that must be blocked by the data center firewall. This list is updated daily.
How can the administrator automate a firewall policy with the daily updated list?

- A. With a Security Fabric automation
- B. With an external connector from Threat Feeds
- C. With FortiAnalyzer
- D. With FortiNAC

Answer: B

Explanation:
The best way to automate a firewall policy using a daily updated list of IP addresses is by using an external connector from Threat Feeds. This allows FortiGate to dynamically retrieve real-time threat intelligence from external sources and apply it directly to security policies.
By configuring Threat Feeds, the administrator can:
Automatically update firewall policies with the latest malicious IPs daily.
Block traffic from those IPs in real-time without manual intervention.
Integrate with FortiGuard, third-party threat intelligence sources, or custom feeds (CSV, STIX /TAXII, etc.).

NEW QUESTION # 22
Refer to the exhibit, which contains the partial output of an OSPF command.



An administrator is checking the OSPF status of a FortiGate device and receives the output shown in the exhibit.
Which statement on this FortiGate device is correct?

- A. The FortiGate device is a backup designated router.
- B. The FortiGate device does not support OSPF ECMP.
- C. The FortiGate device is in the area 0.0.0.5.
- D. The FortiGate device can inject external routing information.

Answer: D

Explanation:
From the OSPF status output, the key information is:
"This router is an ASBR" # This means the FortiGate is acting as an Autonomous System Boundary Router (ASBR).
An ASBR is responsible for injecting external routing information into OSPF from another routing protocol (such as BGP, static routes, or connected networks).

NEW QUESTION # 23
Refer to the exhibit, which contains the partial output of an OSPF command.

An administrator is checking the OSPF status of a FortiGate device and receives the output shown in the exhibit.
What two conclusions can the administrator draw? (Choose two.)

- A. The FortiGate device has OSPF ECMP enabled
- B. The FortiGate device is a backup designated router
- C. The FortiGate device is connected to multiple areas
- D. The FortiGate device injects external routing information

Answer: C,D

Explanation:
The output of the get router info ospf status command provides key information about the OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) configuration on the FortiGate device.
The FortiGate device is connected to multiple areas
The output states: "This router is an ABR"
ABR (Area Border Router) means the device is connected to multiple OSPF areas and maintains routing information between them.
This confirms that the FortiGate is not just in one area, but at least one backbone area (Area 0) and another OSPF area.
The FortiGate device injects external routing information
The output states: "Supports opaque LSA"
Opaque LSAs (Type 9, 10, and 11) are used in OSPF extensions, including those that support external route injection.
Typically, ABRs or ASBRs (Autonomous System Boundary Routers) inject external routes, allowing routes from other routing protocols (such as BGP or static routes) to be advertised into OSPF.

NEW QUESTION # 24
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