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Snowflake SnowPro Advanced Architect Certification Sample Questions (Q131-Q136):

NEW QUESTION # 131
You are a snowflake architect in an organization. The business team came to to deploy an use case which requires you to load some data which they can visualize through tableau. Everyday new data comes in and the old data is no longer required.
What type of table you will use in this case to optimize cost

- A. TRANSIENT
- B. TEMPORARY
- C. PERMANENT

Answer: A

Explanation:
* A transient table is a type of table in Snowflake that does not have a Fail-safe period and can have a Time Travel retention period of either 0 or 1 day. Transient tables are suitable for temporary or intermediate data that can be easily reproduced or replicated1.
* A temporary table is a type of table in Snowflake that is automatically dropped when the session ends or the current user logs out. Temporary tables do not incur any storage costs, but they are not visible to other users or sessions2.
* A permanent table is a type of table in Snowflake that has a Fail-safe period and a Time Travel retention period of up to 90 days. Permanent tables are suitable for persistent and durable data that needs to be protected from accidental or malicious deletion3.
* In this case, the use case requires loading some data that can be visualized through Tableau. The data is updated every day and the old data is no longer required. Therefore, the best type of table to use in this case to optimize cost is a transient table, because it does not incur any Fail-safe costs and it can have a short Time Travel retention period of 0 or 1 day. This way, the data can be loaded and queried by Tableau, and then deleted or overwritten without incurring any unnecessary storage costs.
Transient Tables : Temporary Tables : Understanding & Using Time Travel

NEW QUESTION # 132
Which organization-related tasks can be performed by the ORGADMIN role? (Choose three.)

- A. Changing the name of the organization
- B. Deleting an account
- C. Enabling the replication of a database
- D. Viewing a list of organization accounts
- E. Creating an account
- F. Changing the name of an account

Answer: C,D,E

NEW QUESTION # 133
A retail company has 2000+ stores spread across the country. Store Managers report that they are having trouble running key reports related to inventory management, sales targets, payroll, and staffing during business hours. The Managers report that performance is poor and time-outs occur frequently.
Currently all reports share the same Snowflake virtual warehouse.
How should this situation be addressed? (Select TWO).

- A. Use a Business Intelligence tool for in-memory computation to improve performance.

- B. Configure a dedicated virtual warehouse for the Store Manager team.
- C. Configure the virtual warehouse to be multi-clustered.
- D. Advise the Store Manager team to defer report execution to off-business hours.
- E. Configure the virtual warehouse to size 4-XL

Answer: B,C

Explanation:
The best way to address the performance issues and time-outs faced by the Store Manager team is to configure a dedicated virtual warehouse for them and make it multi-clustered. This will allow them to run their reports independently from other workloads and scale up or down the compute resources as needed. A dedicated virtual warehouse will also enable them to apply specific security and access policies for their data. A multi-clustered virtual warehouse will provide high availability and concurrency for their queries and avoid queuing or throttling.
Using a Business Intelligence tool for in-memory computation may improve performance, but it will not solve the underlying issue of insufficient compute resources in the shared virtual warehouse. It will also introduce additional costs and complexity for the data architecture.
Configuring the virtual warehouse to size 4-XL may increase the performance, but it will also increase the cost and may not be optimal for the workload. It will also not address the concurrency and availability issues that may arise from sharing the virtual warehouse with other workloads.
Advising the Store Manager team to defer report execution to off-business hours may reduce the load on the shared virtual warehouse, but it will also reduce the timeliness and usefulness of the reports for the business. It will also not guarantee that the performance issues and time-outs will not occur at other times.
References:
* Snowflake Architect Training
* Snowflake SnowPro Advanced Architect Certification - Preparation Guide
* SnowPro Advanced: Architect Exam Study Guide

NEW QUESTION # 134

Based on the architecture in the image, how can the data from DB1 be copied into TBL2? (Select TWO).

- A. A white background with black text Description automatically generated

```
use database DB1;
use schema SH1;
copy into DB1.SH2.TBL2
  from @STAGE1
 file_format = (format_name = FF_PIPE_1);
```

- B. A close-up of a computer code Description automatically generated

```
use database DB1;
use schema SH2;
copy into DB1.SH2.TBL2
  from @STAGE1
 file_format = (format_name = DB1.SH1.FF_PIPE_1);
```

- C. A white background with black text Description automatically generated

```
use database DB1;
use schema SH2;
copy into TBL2
  from @STAGE1
 file_format = (format_name = FF_PIPE_1);
```

- D. A computer code with black text Description automatically generated

```
use database DB1;
use schema SH2;
copy into DB1.SH2.TBL2
  from @DB1.SH1.STAGE1
 file_format = (format_name = FF_PIPE_1);
```

- E. A close-up of a computer code Description automatically generated

```
use database DB1;
use schema SH2;
copy into TBL2
  from @DB1.SH1.STAGE1
 file_format = (format_name = DB1.SH1.FF_PIPE_1);
```

Answer: C,E

Explanation:
* The architecture in the image shows a Snowflake data platform with two databases, DB1 and DB2, and two schemas, SH1 and SH2. DB1 contains a table TBL1 and a stage STAGE1. DB2 contains a table TBL2. The image also shows a snippet of code written in SQL language that copies data from STAGE1 to TBL2 using a file format FF PIPE 1.
* To copy data from DB1 to TBL2, there are two possible options among the choices given:
* Option B: Use a named external stage that references STAGE1. This option requires creating an external stage object in DB2.SH2 that points to the same location as STAGE1 in DB1.SH1. The external stage can be created using the CREATE STAGE command with the URL parameter specifying the location of STAGE11. For example:
SQLAI-generated code. Review and use carefully. More info on FAQ.
use database DB2;
use schema SH2;
create stage EXT_STAGE1
url = @DB1.SH1.STAGE1;
* Then, the data can be copied from the external stage to TBL2 using the COPY INTO command with the FROM parameter specifying the external stage name and the FILE FORMAT parameter specifying the file format name2. For example:
SQLAI-generated code. Review and use carefully. More info on FAQ.
copy into TBL2
from @EXT_STAGE1
file format = (format name = DB1.SH1.FF PIPE 1);
* Option E: Use a cross-database query to select data from TBL1 and insert into TBL2. This option requires using the INSERT INTO command with the SELECT clause to query data from TBL1 in DB1.SH1 and insert it into TBL2 in DB2.SH2. The query must use the fully-qualified names of the tables, including the database and schema names3. For example:
SQLAI-generated code. Review and use carefully. More info on FAQ.
use database DB2;

use schema SH2;
insert into TBL2
select * from DB1.SH1.TBL1;
* The other options are not valid because:
* Option A: It uses an invalid syntax for the COPY INTO command. The FROM parameter cannot specify a table name, only a stage name or a file location2.
* Option C: It uses an invalid syntax for the COPY INTO command. The FILE FORMAT parameter cannot specify a stage name, only a file format name or options2.
* Option D: It uses an invalid syntax for the CREATE STAGE command. The URL parameter cannot specify a table name, only a file location1.
References:
* 1: CREATE STAGE | Snowflake Documentation
* 2: COPY INTO table | Snowflake Documentation
* 3: Cross-database Queries | Snowflake Documentation

NEW QUESTION # 135

Which metrics below will help you take a decision if you need to resize your warehouse?

- A. QUERY_HISTORY.REMOTE_SPILLAGE_BYTES
- B. QUERY_HISTORY.BYTES_SCANNED
- C. QUERY_HISTORY.SCANNED_ROWS

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 136

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