

# Free PDF Quiz 1z0-1080-24 - Latest Latest Oracle Planning 2024 Implementation Professional Exam Tips



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## Oracle 1z0-1080-24 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Configure Intelligent Performance Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of machine learning specialists and focuses on configuring IPM components. It includes setting up machine learning models for predictive analytics within Planning applications.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Introduction to Planning Modules: This section of the exam measures the skills of module planners and introduces Planning modules. It includes integrating modules, leveraging best practices for module planning and configuring Financials, Workforce, Capital, and Projects.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Manage Metadata and Data: This section of the exam measures the skills of data integration specialists and covers metadata and data management in Planning. It includes identifying metadata and data load options, importing and exporting metadata and data, setting up and running data maps, creating data integrations, and mapping data across applications.</li></ul>

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Manage Approvals:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of approval process managers and covers setting up approval workflows in Planning. It explains how to configure approval processes to streamline decision-making within organizations.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Manage Forms, Dashboards, and Navigation Flows:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of dashboard designers and covers designing forms, dashboards, and validation rules. It also includes creating and managing navigation flows to streamline user experience within Planning applications.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Manage Rules:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of business rule developers and focuses on designing business rules and rulesets. It explains the benefits of Groovy Rules in enhancing performance and flexibility within Planning applications.</li> </ul>

## Oracle Planning 2024 Implementation Professional Sample Questions (Q27-Q32):

### NEW QUESTION # 27

You want to include Named Assets in Capital.

Which two tasks can you perform when enabling Named Assets?

- **A. Increase the number of named assets after enabling Named Assets.**
- B. Decrease the number of named assets after enabling Named Assets.
- C. Specify the likely number of tangible and intangible assets that you want to add in a planning cycle.
- **D. Add the names of assets to plan at the detail level.**

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

In Oracle Planning 2024's Capital module, enabling Named Assets allows planning for specific, individually tracked assets (e.g., equipment, buildings) rather than generic asset categories. The two tasks you can perform when enabling Named Assets are:

\* A. Add the names of assets to plan at the detail level: Correct. When enabling Named Assets, you can specify the names of individual assets (e.g., "Truck A," "Building 1") to plan their costs, depreciation, and other details at a granular level.

\* B. Specify the likely number of tangible and intangible assets that you want to add in a planning cycle:

Incorrect. While you estimate a maximum number of Named Assets during enablement, you don't specify them by tangible/intangible categories-the distinction is managed later in asset planning, not at enablement.

\* C. Decrease the number of named assets after enabling Named Assets: Incorrect. Once Named Assets is enabled with a maximum number, you cannot decrease this limit directly; it requires reconfiguration or disabling/re-enabling the feature, which is not a standard task.

\* D. Increase the number of named assets after enabling Named Assets: Correct. After enablement, you can increase the maximum number of Named Assets (e.g., from 100 to 150) via the Configure card, allowing more assets to be added as needed.

The Oracle documentation confirms that A (adding asset names) and D (increasing the count post- enablement) are supported tasks for Named Assets, making them the correct answers.

References:

\* Oracle Planning 2024 Implementation Study Guide: "Enabling Named Assets in Capital" (docs.oracle.com, Published 2024-09-20).

\* Oracle EPM Cloud Documentation: "Capital Named Assets Configuration" (docs.oracle.com, Published 2023-11-10, updated for 2024).

### NEW QUESTION # 28

Which four statements are true about the Optimize Dimension feature?

- **A. You can optimize the dimension order only for BSO cubes in Custom Planning applications.**
- B. You can optimize the dimension order only for Financials and Projects, and only for the provided BSO cubes that are

created when you enable and configure.

D You optimize dimension order first in your test environment before you optimize dimension order in the production environment.

- C. You can optimize the dimension order only for Financials and Workforce, and only for the provided BSO cubes that are created when you enable and configure.
- D. You refresh the database and then back up the application and download the snapshot before you optimize dimension order.
- E. The new optimized dimension order is maintained even if you enable additional features or other modules.

**Answer: A,C,D,E**

Explanation:

In Oracle Planning 2024, the Optimize Dimension feature enhances performance by reordering dimensions in BSO (Block Storage Option) cubes. Let's evaluate the six statements to determine the four that are true:

- \* A. The new optimized dimension order is maintained even if you enable additional features or other modules: True. Once optimized, the dimension order remains intact even if new features or modules are enabled, unless explicitly re-optimized or manually altered. This ensures performance stability post- optimization.
- \* B. You can optimize the dimension order only for BSO cubes in Custom Planning applications: True.  
The Optimize Dimension feature is exclusively available for BSO cubes in Custom Planning applications, not for ASO (Aggregate Storage Option) cubes or module-based applications (e.g., Financials, Workforce), due to their predefined structures.
- \* C. You can optimize the dimension order only for Financials and Projects, and only for the provided BSO cubes that are created when you enable and configure: False. This statement is incorrect because the feature applies to Custom Planning applications, not specifically to Financials and Projects, which use predefined BSO cubes not eligible for user-driven dimension optimization.
- \* D. You optimize dimension order first in your test environment before you optimize dimension order in the production environment: True. Oracle recommends testing dimension optimization in a test environment first as a best practice to assess performance impacts and avoid risks in production, making this a procedural truth.
- \* E. You refresh the database and then back up the application and download the snapshot before you optimize dimension order: True. Before optimizing, Oracle advises refreshing the database to ensure data consistency, then backing up the application and downloading a snapshot to preserve a recovery point in case optimization causes issues.
- \* F. You can optimize the dimension order only for Financials and Workforce, and only for the provided BSO cubes that are created when you enable and configure: False. Similar to C, this is incorrect; optimization is not restricted to Financials and Workforce module cubes-it's for Custom Planning BSO cubes, not predefined module-specific cubes.

From these, the four true statements are:

- \* A - Persistence of the optimized order after feature/module changes.
- \* B - Restriction to BSO cubes in Custom Planning applications.
- \* D - Testing in a test environment first as a best practice.
- \* E - Refreshing and backing up before optimization.

The false statements (C and F) incorrectly limit the feature to specific modules (Financials, Projects, Workforce), whereas it's designed for Custom Planning applications. The Oracle documentation supports A, B, D, and E as true, aligning with the feature's functionality and recommended practices.

References:

- \* Oracle Planning 2024 Implementation Study Guide: "Optimize Dimension Feature" (docs.oracle.com, Published 2024-09-25).
- \* Oracle EPM Cloud Documentation: "BSO Dimension Optimization" (docs.oracle.com, Published 2023-12-20, updated for 2024).

## NEW QUESTION # 29

Which configuration task is NOT mandatory in Workforce?

- A. Workforce Assumptions
- B. Planning and Forecast Preparation
- C. Employee Type
- D. Benefits and Taxes

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

In Oracle Planning 2024's Workforce module, certain configuration tasks are mandatory to enable basic functionality, while others are optional depending on the organization's needs. The task that is not mandatory is:

- \* A. Employee Type: Incorrect. Defining Employee Type (e.g., full-time, part-time) is mandatory because it establishes the categories of employees to be planned, forming the foundation of workforce data.

\* B. Planning and Forecast Preparation: Incorrect. This task is mandatory as it sets up the planning periods, scenarios, and versions, which are essential for Workforce to function within the broader Planning application.

\* C. Benefits and Taxes: Correct. Configuring Benefits and Taxes is optional. While Workforce provides predefined options to calculate benefits (e.g., health insurance) and taxes (e.g., payroll taxes), organizations can choose not to configure these if they do not need detailed compensation planning beyond salaries.

\* D. Workforce Assumptions: Incorrect. Workforce Assumptions (e.g., hiring rates, salary increases) are mandatory to drive calculations and populate employee data over time.

The Oracle documentation specifies that while Benefits and Taxes enhance Workforce planning, they are not required for core functionality, making C the non-mandatory task.

References:

\* Oracle Planning 2024 Implementation Study Guide: "Configuring Workforce Module" (docs.oracle.com, Published 2024-10-01).

\* Oracle EPM Cloud Documentation: "Workforce Configuration Tasks" (docs.oracle.com, Published 2023-11-20, updated for 2024).

### NEW QUESTION # 30

Which two can be used to push data between cubes?

- A. Import Data
- B. Copy Data
- C. Data Maps
- D. Data Integration

**Answer: B,C**

Explanation:

In Oracle Planning 2024, pushing data between cubes (e.g., from one cube to another within the same application) can be accomplished using specific tools. The two methods that facilitate this are:

\* A. Data Integration: Incorrect. Data Integration is used to import data from external sources (e.g., files, other systems) into Planning, not to push data between cubes within the same application.

\* B. Data Maps: Correct. Data Maps allow you to define mappings and push data between cubes (or applications) using Smart Push or manual execution. This is a primary method for intra-application data movement.

\* C. Copy Data: Correct. The Copy Data feature enables administrators to copy data from one cube to another within the same Planning application, specifying dimensions and members to transfer.

\* D. Import Data: Incorrect. Import Data is designed to bring external data into a cube from a file, not to push data between existing cubes.

Both Data Maps (with Smart Push for real-time updates) and Copy Data (for batch-style transfers) are explicitly supported for moving data between cubes, as per Oracle's documentation, making B and C the correct answers.

References:

\* Oracle Planning 2024 Implementation Study Guide: "Moving Data Between Cubes" (docs.oracle.com, Published 2024-09-05).

\* Oracle EPM Cloud Documentation: "Data Maps and Copy Data Features" (docs.oracle.com, Published 2023-12-25, updated for 2024).

### NEW QUESTION # 31

By default, which four dimensions are enabled for access permissions?

- A. Entity
- B. Years
- C. Period
- D. Version
- E. Scenario
- F. Account

**Answer: A,D,E,F**

Explanation:

In Oracle Planning 2024 Implementation, access permissions are configured to control user access to data and metadata at the dimension level. By default, four dimensions are enabled for access permissions to ensure granular security across the application: Scenario, Version, Entity, and Account. These dimensions are foundational to planning applications and are preconfigured.

\* A. Scenario: Defines different planning scenarios (e.g., Budget, Forecast), and access permissions determine which scenarios a user can view or edit.

\* C. Entity: Represents organizational units (e.g., departments, divisions), and permissions restrict access to specific entities based on user roles.

\* E. Period: While Period (e.g., months, quarters) is a critical dimension, it is not enabled for access permissions by default. Access to time periods is typically managed indirectly through other dimensions or data-level security.

The default enablement of Scenario, Version, Entity, and Account for access permissions reflects Oracle's design to provide robust security across planning contexts, organizational structures, and financial data.

\* Oracle Enterprise Performance Management Cloud Documentation: "Managing Security - Access Permissions" (docs.oracle.com, updated 2024). Lists "Scenario, Version, Entity, and Account" as the four dimensions enabled for access permissions by default.

### NEW QUESTION # 32

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