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Fortinet FCSS_NST_SE-7.4 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Security Profiles: This segment of the exam tests the skills of IT professionals, such as network administrators in handling and troubleshooting security profile-related challenges.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">System Troubleshooting: This part of the exam assesses the ability of Fortinet network and security professionals to diagnose and fix typical system-related problems within Fortinet solutions. It involves troubleshooting FortiGate-to-FortiGate Security Fabric issues, addressing automation stitch concerns, and detecting resource-related problems using integrated tools.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Authentication: This section evaluates the proficiency of Fortinet network and security professionals in resolving both local and remote authentication issues.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Routing: This part of the exam examines the expertise of Fortinet network and security professionals, in routing enterprise traffic effectively.

Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• VPN: This section tests the knowledge of IT professionals, such as system engineers in diagnosing and resolving VPN-related issues. It emphasizes troubleshooting IPsec IKE versions 1 and 2 to ensure secure and reliable communication between networks or remote users.
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Fortinet FCSS - Network Security 7.4 Support Engineer Sample Questions (Q63-Q68):

NEW QUESTION # 63

Which actions does FortiGate take after an administrator enables the auxiliary session setting?
(Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate creates two sessions in case of a routing change.
- B. FortiGate accelerates all ECMP traffic to the NP6 processor.
- C. FortiGate only offloads auxiliary sessions.
- D. FortiGates creates a new auxiliary session for each packet it receives.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

FortiGate creates two sessions in case of a routing change.

When the return or incoming interface changes (for example due to ECMP or a routing update), FortiOS creates an auxiliary ("reflect") session alongside the original one, so that traffic can continue uninterrupted across both session paths.

FortiGate accelerates all ECMP traffic to the NP6 processor.

With auxiliary sessions enabled, even when traffic egresses/ingresses on different interfaces under ECMP, both the original and auxiliary sessions remain offloaded to the NP6, ensuring hardware acceleration is maintained.

NEW QUESTION # 64

Refer to the exhibit, which shows the partial output of a real-time OSPF debug.

Real-time OSPF debug output

```
OSPF: RECV[Hello]: From 0.0.0.112 via port2:192.168.37.114 (192.168.37.115 -> 224.0.0.51)
OSPF: -----
OSPF: Header
OSPF: Version 2
OSPF: Type 1 (Hello)
OSPF: Packet Len 48
OSPF: Router ID 0.0.0.112
OSPF: Area ID 0.0.0.0
OSPF: Checksum 0x2f85
OSPF: AuType 0
OSPF: Hello
OSPF: NetworkMask 255.255.255.0
OSPF: HelloInterval 10
OSPF: Options 0x2 (|-----|E|-)
OSPF: RtrPriority 1
OSPF: RtrDeadInterval 40
OSPF: DRouter 192.168.37.114
OSPF: BDRouter 192.168.37.115
OSPF: # Neighbors 1
OSPF: Neighbor 0.0.0.111
OSPF: -----
OSPF: RECV[Hello]: From 0.0.0.112 via port2:192.168.37.114: Authentication type mismatch
```

Why are the two FortiGate devices unable to form an adjacency?

- A. One FortiGate device is configured to require authentication, while the other is not.
- B. The Hello packet is being sent from an OSPF router with ID 0.0.0.112.
- C. The passwords on the FortiGate devices do not match.
- D. The two FortiGate devices attempting adjacency are in area 0.0.0.0.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 65

Refer to the exhibits. An administrator is expecting to receive advertised route 8.8.8.8/32 from FGT-A. On FGT-B, they confirm that the route is being advertised and received, however, the route is not being injected into the routing table. What is the most likely cause of this issue?

```
FGT-B # get router info routing-table all
Routing table for VRF=0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [10/0] via 192.168.1.1, port1, [1/0]
C 10.23.23.0/24 is directly connected, port4

FGT-B # get router info ospf database
...
AS External Link States
Link ID      ADV Router      Age  Seq#      CkSum Flag Route          Tag
8.8.8.8      0.0.0.112      1464 80000002 3106  0002 E2 8.8.8.8/32      0
```

- A. A better route to the 8.8.8.8/32 network exists in the routing table.
- B. FGT-8 is configured with a distribution list denying the 8.8.8.8/32 network to be injected into the routing table.
- C. FGT-B is configured with a prefix list denying the 8.8.8.8/32 network to be injected into the routing table.
- D. The administrator has misconfigured redistribution of routes on FGT-A.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 66

Refer to the exhibit, which shows a session table entry.

```

FGT # diagnose sys session list
session info: proto=6 proto_state=11 duration=35 expire=265 timeout=300 flags=00000000
sockflag=00000000 sockport=0 av_idx=0 use=4
origin-shaper=
reply-shaper=
per_ip_shaper=
class_id=0 ha_id=0 policy_dir=0 tunnel=/ vlan_cos=0/255
state=redir local may_dirty none app_ntf
statistic (bytes/packets/allow)err: org=3208/25/1 reply=11144/29/1 tuples=2
tx speed (Bps/kbps): 0/0 rx speed (Bps/kbps): 0/0
origin->sink: org pre->post, reply pre->post dev=7->6/6->7 gwy=172.20.121.2/100.0.0.2
hook=post dir=org act=snat 192.167.1.100:49545->216.58.216.238:443(172.20.121.96:49545)
hook=pre dir=reply act=dnat 216.58.216.238:443->172.20.121.96:49545(192.167.11.100:49545)
pos/ (before, after) 0/ (0,0), 0/ (0,0)
src mac=08:5b:0e: 6c:76:7a
misc=0 policy_id=21 auth_info=0 chk_client_info=0 vd=0
serial=007f2948 to=ff/ff app_list=0 app=0 url_cat=41
rpdb_link_id = 00000000
dd_type=0 dd_mode=0
npu_state=00000000
npu info: flag=0x00/0x00, offload=0/0, ips offload=0/0, epid=0/0, ipid=0/0, vlan=0x0000/0x0000
vlifid=0/0, vtag_in=0x0000/0x0000 in_npu=0/0, out_npu=0/0, fwd en=0/0, qid=0/0

```

Which statement about FortiGate behavior relating to this session is correct?

- A. FortiGate redirected the client to the captive portal to authenticate, so that a correct policy match could be made.
- B. FortiGate is performing a security profile inspection using the CPU.
- C. FortiGate forwarded this session without any inspection.
- D. FortiGate applied only IPS inspection to this session.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The key here is the state=redir_local...authflag, which tells that this session is being locally redirected (i.e. captive portal) waiting for the user to authenticate before it will match the "real" policy.

NEW QUESTION # 67

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1

```

FGT-A # get router info bgp summary
...
Neighbor      V      AS MsgRcvd MsgSent   TblVer  InQ OutQ Up/Down  State/PfxRcd
192.168.37.202 4      65110    2500    2552      5      0      0 1d11h33m      0

```

Exhibit 2

```

FGT-B # show router bgp
      config network
        edit 1
          set prefix 172.16.0.0 255.255.0.0
        next
      end

```

Exhibit 3

```

FGT-B # diagnose ip address list | grep port3
IP=172.16.54.115->172.16.54.202/255.255.255.0 index=5 devname=port3

```

An administrator is attempting to advertise the network configured on port3. However, FGT-A is not receiving the prefix. Which two actions can the administrator take to fix this problem? (Choose two.)

- A. Use the `set network-import-check disable` command.
- B. Manually add the BGP route on FGT-A.
- C. Restart BGP using a soft reset to force both peers to exchange their complete BGP routing tables.
- D. Modify the prefix using the `network` command from `172.16.0.0/16` to `172.16.54.0/24`.

Answer: A,D

NEW QUESTION # 68

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