Google Security-Operations-Engineer試験復習赤本 & Security-Operations-Engineerサンプル問題集

私たちは、TopexamのGoogleのSecurity-Operations-Engineer問題集を使ったら、初めて認定試験を受ける君でも一回で試験に合格することができるということを保証します。もし認定試験に失敗したら、或いは学習教材は問題があれば、私たちは全額返金することを保証いたします。そして、TopexamのGoogleのSecurity-Operations-Engineer問題集を購入したら、私たちは一年間で無料更新サービスを提供することができます。

状況によってはあなたを助けたり破ったりすることができるこの運命的な試験について、当社はこれらのSecurity-Operations-Engineer練習資料を説明責任を持って作成しました。他の場所に受け入れられる可能性が高くなり、より高い給料や受け入れが得られることを理解しています。 Security-Operations-Engineerトレーニング資料は当社の責任会社によって作成されているため、他の多くのメリットも得られます。参考のために無料のデモを提供し、専門家が自由に作成できる場合は新しいアップデートをお送りします。

>> Google Security-Operations-Engineer試験復習赤本 <<

正確的Google Security-Operations-Engineer｜一番優秀なSecurity-Operations-Engineer試験復習赤本試験｜試験の準備方法Google Cloud Certified - Professional Security Operations Engineer (PSOE) Examサンプル問題集

Google Security-Operations-Engineer試験を目前に控えて、不安なのですか。我々社のGoogle Security-Operations-Engineer問題集のソフト版を購買するに値するかまだ疑問がありますか。こうしたら、我々TopexamのSecurity-Operations-Engineer問題集デーモを無料にダウンロードして行動してみよう。我々提供するSecurity-Operations-Engineer試験資料はあなたの需要を満足できると知られています。我々にとって、Google Security-Operations-Engineer試験に参加する圧力を減らして備考効率を高めるのは大変名誉のことです。

Google Cloud Certified - Professional Security Operations Engineer (PSOE) Exam 認定 Security-Operations-Engineer 試験問題 (Q23-Q28):

質問 # 23
You have been tasked with developing a new response process in a playbook to contain an endpoint. The new process should take the following actions:

* Send an email to users who do not have a Google Security Operations (SecOps) account to request approval for endpoint containment.
* Automatically continue executing its logic after the user responds.
You plan to implement this process in the playbook by using the Gmail integration. You want to minimize the effort required by the SOC analyst. What should you do?

- A. Generate an approval link for the containment action and include the placeholder in the body of the 'Send Email' action. Configure additional playbook logic to manage approved or denied containment actions.
- B. Use the 'Send Email' action to send an email requesting approval to contain the endpoint, and use the 'Wait For Thread Reply' action to receive the result. The analyst manually contains the endpoint.
- C. Set the containment action to 'Manual' and assign the action to the appropriate tier. Contact the user by email to request approval. The analyst chooses to execute or skip the containment action.
- D. Set the containment action to 'Manual' and assign the action to the user to execute or skip the containment action.

正解：A

解説：
Comprehensive and Detailed 150 to 250 words of Explanation From Exact Extract Google Security Operations Engineer documents:
This scenario describes an automated external approval, which is a key feature of Google Security Operations (SecOps) SOAR. The solution that "minimizes the effort required by the SOC analyst" is one that is fully automated and does not require the analyst to wait for an email and then manually resume the playbook.
The correct method (Option D) is to use the platform's built-in capabilities (often part of the "Flow" or "Siemplify" integration) to generate a unique approval link (or "Approve" / "Deny" links). These links are tokenized and tied to the specific playbook's execution. This link is then inserted as a placeholder into the email that is sent to the non-SecOps user via the "Send Email" (Gmail integration) action.
The playbook is then configured with conditional logic (e.g., a "Wait for Condition") to pause execution until one of the links is clicked. When the external user clicks the "Approve" or "Deny" link in their email, it sends a secure signal back to the SOAR platform. The playbook automatically detects this response and continues down the appropriate conditional path (e.g., "if approved, execute endpoint containment"). This process is fully automated and requires zero analyst intervention, perfectly meeting the requirements.
Options A, B, and C all require manual analyst action, which violates the core requirement of minimizing analyst effort.
(Reference: Google Cloud documentation, "Google SecOps SOAR Playbooks overview"; "Gmail integration documentation"; "Flow integration - Wait for Approval")

質問 # 24
You work for an organization that operates an ecommerce platform. You have identified a remote shell on your company's web host. The existing incident response playbook is outdated and lacks specific procedures for handling this attack. You want to create a new, functional playbook that can be deployed as soon as possible by junior analysts. You plan to use available tools in Google Security Operations (SecOps) to streamline the playbook creation process. What should you do?

- A. Create a new custom playbook based on industry best practices, and work with an offensive security team to test the playbook against a simulated remote shell alert.
- B. Use the playbook creation feature in Gemini, and enter details about the intended objectives. Add the necessary customizations for your environment, and test the generated playbook against a simulated remote shell alert.
- C. Use Gemini to generate a playbook based on a template from a standard incident response plan, and implement automated scripts to filter network traffic based on known malicious IP addresses.
- D. Add instruction actions to the existing incident response playbook that include updated procedures with steps that should be completed. Have a senior analyst build out the playbook to include those new procedures.

正解：B

解説：
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation
The correct solution is Option C. The primary constraints are to "streamline" the process, create a "new, functional playbook," get it "as soon as possible," and "use available tools in Google Security Operations." Google Security Operations integrates Gemini directly into the SOAR platform to accelerate security operations. One of its key capabilities is generative playbook creation. This feature allows an analyst to describe their intended objectives in natural language (e.g., "Create a playbook to investigate and respond to a remote shell alert"). Gemini then generates a complete, logical playbook flow, including investigation, enrichment, containment, and eradication steps.

This generated playbook serves as a high-quality draft. The analyst can then add the necessary customizations (like specific tools, notification endpoints, or contacts for the e-commerce platform) and, most importantly, test the playbook to ensure it is functional and reliable for junior analysts to execute. This workflow directly meets all the prompt's requirements, especially "streamline" and "as soon as possible." Option D (creating a custom playbook from scratch and using a red team) is the exact opposite of streamlined and fast. Option B involves patching an "outdated" playbook, not creating a new one. Option A incorrectly bundles a specific remediation action (filtering traffic) with the playbook creation process.
Exact Extract from Google Security Operations Documents:
Gemini for Security Operations: Gemini in Google SecOps provides generative AI to assist analysts and engineers. Within the SOAR capability, Gemini can generate entire playbooks from natural language prompts.
Playbook Creation with Gemini: Instead of building a playbook manually, an engineer can describe the intended objectives of the response plan. Gemini will generate a new playbook with a logical structure, including relevant actions and conditional branches. This generated playbook serves as a strong foundation, which can then be refined. The engineer can add necessary customizations to tailor the playbook to the organization's specific environment, tools, and processes. Before deploying the playbook for use by the SOC, it is a best practice to test it against simulated alerts to validate its functionality and ensure it runs as expected.
References:
Google Cloud Documentation: Google Security Operations > Documentation > SOAR > Gemini in SOAR > Create playbooks with Gemini

質問 # 25
Your Google Security Operations (SecOps) case queue contains a case with IP address entities. You need to determine whether the entities are internal or external assets and ensure that internal IP address entities are marked accordingly upon ingestion into Google SecOps SOAR. What should you do?

- A. Indicate your organization's known internal CIDR ranges in the Environment Networks list in the settings.
- B. Create a custom action to ping the IP address entity from your Remote Agent. If successful, the custom action designates the IP address entity as internal.
- C. Modify the connector logic to perform a secondary lookup against your CMDB and flag incoming entities as internal or external.
- D. Configure a feed to ingest enrichment data about the networks, and include these fields into your detection outcome.

正解：A

質問 # 26
You work for an organization that uses Security Command Center (SCC) with Event Threat Detection (ETD) enabled. You need to enable ETD detections for data exfiltration attempts from designated sensitive Cloud Storage buckets and BigQuery datasets. You want to minimize Cloud Logging costs. What should you do?

- A. Enable "data read" and "data write" audit logs only for the designated sensitive Cloud Storage buckets and BigQuery datasets.
- B. Enable VPC Flow Logs for the VPC networks containing resources that access the sensitive Cloud Storage buckets and BigQuery datasets.
- C. Enable "data read" and "data write" audit logs for all Cloud Storage buckets and BigQuery datasets throughout the organization.
- D. Enable "data read" audit logs only for the designated sensitive Cloud Storage buckets and BigQuery datasets.

正解：D

解説：
Comprehensive and Detailed 150 to 250 words of Explanation From Exact Extract Google Security Operations Engineer documents:
This question is a balance between enabling detection and managing cost. Event Threat Detection (ETD) identifies threats by analyzing logs, and the specific detection for data exfiltration requires Data Access audit logs.
Data Access audit logs are disabled by default because they are high-volume and can be expensive. The key requirement is to "minimize Cloud Logging costs" while still enabling the detection for specific sensitive resources.
Data exfiltration is a "data read" operation. Therefore, to meet the requirements, the organization only needs to enable "data read" audit logs. Enabling "data write" logs (Option B) is unnecessary for this detection and would add needless cost. Enabling logs for all resources (Option C) would be prohibitively expensive and violates the "minimize cost" constraint. While ETD does use VPC Flow Logs (Option D) for many network- based detections, they do not provide the resource-level detail (i.e., which bucket or dataset was accessed) required for this specific data exfiltration finding. Therefore, enabling "data read" logs only for the sensitive resources

is the most precise, cost-effective solution.
(Reference: Google Cloud documentation, "Event Threat Detection overview"; "Enable Event Threat Detection"; "Cloud Logging - Data Access audit logs")

質問 # 27
Your organization's Google Security Operations (SecOps) tenant is ingesting a vendor's firewall logs in its default JSON format using the Google-provided parser for that log. The vendor recently released a patch that introduces a new field and renames an existing field in the logs. The parser does not recognize these two fields and they remain available only in the raw logs, while the rest of the log is parsed normally. You need to resolve this logging issue as soon as possible while minimizing the overall change management impact. What should you do?

- A. Use the Extract Additional Fields tool in Google SecOps to convert the raw log entries to additional fields.
- B. Use the web interface-based custom parser feature in Google SecOps to copy the parser, and modify it to map both fields to UDM.
- C. Write a code snippet, and deploy it in a parser extension to map both fields to UDM.
- D. Deploy a third-party data pipeline management tool to ingest the logs, and transform the updated fields into fields supported by the default parser.

正解：C

解説：
Comprehensive and Detailed 150 to 250 words of Explanation From Exact Extract Google Security Operations Engineer documents:
The correct, low-impact solution for augmenting a Google-managed parser is to use a parser extension. The problem states that the base parser is still working, but needs to be supplemented to map two new fields.
Copying the entire parser (Option A) is a high-impact, high-maintenance solution ("Customer Specific Parser"). This action makes the organization responsible for all future updates and breaks the link to Google's managed updates, which is not a minimal-impact solution.
The intended, modern solution is the parser extension. This feature allows an engineer to write a small, targeted snippet of Code-Based Normalization (CBN) code that executes after the Google-managed base parser. This extension code can access the raw_log and perform the specific logic needed to extract the two unmapped fields and assign them to their proper Universal Data Model (UDM) fields.
This approach is the fastest to deploy and minimizes change management impact because the core parser remains managed and updated by Google, while the extension simply adds the custom logic on top. Option B,
"Extract Additional Fields," is a UI-driven feature, but the underlying mechanism that saves and deploys this logic is the parser extension. Option D is the more precise description of the technical solution.
(Reference: Google Cloud documentation, "Manage parsers"; "Parser extensions"; "Code-Based Normalization (CBN) syntax")

質問 # 28
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Security-Operations-Engineerサンプル問題集: https://www.topexam.jp/Security-Operations-Engineer_shiken.html

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最新のGoogle Security-Operations-Engineer試験復習赤本は主要材料 & コンプリートSecurity-Operations-Engineerサンプル問題集

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