

Is It Important To Get Medical Professional CHFMM Exam Material For The Exam?

CHFMM Exam 1

Two things DAP requires - answer 1. meeting children where they are
2. enabling them to reach goals

When determining the appropriateness of an activity, teachers must consider three things. - answer 1. be appropriate to children's age and developmental status
2. attuned to them as unique individuals
3. responsive to the social and cultural contexts in which they live

What are educational researchers referring to when they talk about The Achievement Gap? - answer • Family income and education
• Ethnicity
• Language background
• The exist between demographic groups

What variables are correlated with this gap? - answer

True or false: gaps early in life tend to go away. Explain your answer. - answer

What can early childhood programs do to improve the educational outcomes of at risk children? - answer

What can elementary grade teachers and preschool teachers learn from one another to improve education quality and outcomes substantially? - answer

Should programs provide child guided for teacher guided experiences, or should it be a balance of both. Explain your answer. - answer

True or false: Play the most important activity in a young child's day. Explain your answer. - answer True. Play promotes key abilities that enable children to learn successfully.

Describe an intentional teacher. - answer A variety of approaches and strategies to support children's interest and ability to each learning domain.

Briefly describe six of the 12 principles - answer

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Quiz 2025 Medical Professional CHFMM: Updated Certified Healthcare Facility Manager (CHFMM) certification exam Exam Study Guide

A lot of people have given up when they are preparing for the CHFMM exam. However, we need to realize that the genius only means hard-working all one's life. It means that if you do not persist in preparing for the CHFMM exam, you are doomed to failure. So it is

of great importance for a lot of people who want to pass the exam and get the related certification to stick to studying and keep an optimistic mind. According to the survey from our company, the experts and professors from our company have designed and compiled the best CHFM cram guide in the global market.

Medical Professional Certified Healthcare Facility Manager (CHFM) certification exam Sample Questions (Q43-Q48):

NEW QUESTION # 43

Which of the following must be considered at the schematic design stage?

- A. lighting fixtures
- B. egress requirements
- C. equipment specifications
- D. general conditions

Answer: B

Explanation:

In the schematic design phase, the design team establishes overall building configuration, circulation, and code-driven life safety concepts, including means of egress. Life Safety Code requirements (occupant loads, exit access, number and arrangement of exits, travel distances) are fundamental constraints that shape the plan early; they must be set before moving into design development where specific fixtures and detailed equipment specifications are finalized. Contract "general conditions" are part of procurement/contract documents later, not schematic design.

References:

AIA, Architect's Handbook of Professional Practice (Programming and Schematic Design-code and egress framework).

NFPA 101, Life Safety Code (fundamentals of means of egress).

AHA/ASHE CHFM Study Resources - Planning, Design, and Construction domain.

NEW QUESTION # 44

At the end of an 8-hour electrical shutdown, after the maintenance work is completed but before the cabinets are closed up or the system re-energized, a final inspection should be completed by individuals who have

- A. been involved since the beginning of the shutdown.
- B. gathered feedback and attended the lessons learned debriefing.
- C. "fresh eyes" and go/no go authority.
- D. working knowledge of the generators and switch gear.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Best practice in safety and risk management is to have a final inspection performed by individuals with "fresh eyes" and go/no-go authority. Those directly involved may overlook issues due to task familiarity.

Independent inspection reduces risk before re-energization.

References: NFPA 70E (Electrical Safety in the Workplace); AHA/ASHE recommended practices; CHFM Handbook - Administration and Compliance domains.

NEW QUESTION # 45

Which of the following Environment of Care (EOC) management plans requires inspecting buildings/facilities and grounds to identify hazardous conditions?

- A. Utilities Management
- B. Fire Safety Management
- C. Hazardous Materials Management
- D. Safety and Security Management

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Safety and Security Management Plan under TJC's Environment of Care standards requires healthcare facilities to regularly

inspect buildings, facilities, and grounds to identify unsafe conditions and security risks.

C). Safety and Security Management (Correct): Includes hazard surveillance rounds.

A). Utilities Management: Focuses on utility systems operation and maintenance.

B). Hazardous Materials Management: Covers handling/storage/disposal of hazardous substances.

D). Fire Safety Management: Addresses fire protection systems and procedures, not general hazard inspection.

References:

The Joint Commission, Environment of Care Standards (EC.02.01.01).

AHA/CHFM Candidate Handbook - Compliance domain.

NEW QUESTION # 46

Fire drills in healthcare occupancies shall include the

- A. evacuation of patients to areas of refuge and evacuation of staff from the building.
- **B. transmission of the fire alarm signal and simulation of emergency fire conditions.**
- C. evacuation of bedridden and infirmed patients to the adjacent smoke compartment.
- D. transmission of a fire alarm signal and audible alarms on each shift.

Answer: B

Explanation:

NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code, Chapter 18/19.7.1.4) requires healthcare fire drills to include transmission of the fire alarm signal and a simulation of emergency fire conditions, ensuring staff are trained to carry out emergency duties. Full evacuation of patients is not required during drills.

References: NFPA 101, Sections 18/19.7.1.4; The Joint Commission EOC standards.

NEW QUESTION # 47

Child abduction system evaluation is best accomplished by

- A. risk managers.
- B. the safety committee.
- C. administration.
- **D. security professionals.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The evaluation of child abduction systems-such as infant security alarms, electronic tagging devices, and controlled access systems-falls under the expertise of security professionals. These professionals are trained to test, monitor, and validate the effectiveness of electronic security and surveillance systems. Their role ensures that abduction-prevention technology is properly installed, maintained, and capable of responding effectively in an emergency.

* Correct Answer (B. security professionals): According to the CHFM exam content outline under Compliance, healthcare facilities are expected to implement and evaluate security measures that meet regulatory and safety requirements. The responsibility for the technical and functional evaluation of systems like infant abduction alarms lies with trained security staff.

* Incorrect Options:

* A. administration: While hospital administration sets policy and allocates resources, they are not directly responsible for evaluating technical systems.

* C. the safety committee: Safety committees review incidents and provide oversight but do not conduct system-level technical evaluations.

* D. risk managers: Risk managers focus on identifying potential liability and compliance issues but rely on security professionals to conduct the detailed evaluation of child abduction systems.

Relevance to CHFM Compliance Domain:

Within the Compliance domain of the CHFM exam, managers must demonstrate knowledge of regulatory standards for security in healthcare facilities, particularly in sensitive areas such as maternity wards.

Evaluation of abduction-prevention systems aligns directly with security operations, which are managed and verified by trained security professionals to ensure compliance with The Joint Commission (TJC), CMS, and industry best practices.

References:

American Hospital Association (AHA), CHFM Candidate Handbook - Exam Content Outline, "Compliance" domain: includes responsibilities for security and safety system evaluation.

The Joint Commission (TJC), Environment of Care Standards - Requirements for infant and pediatric abduction prevention

