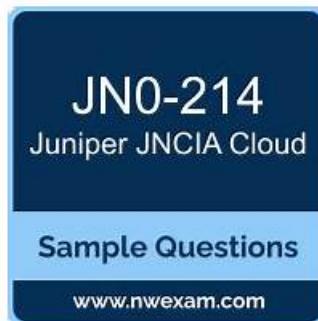


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The certification is necessary to get a job in your desired Juniper company. Success in the test gives you an edge over the others because you will have certified skills that will make a good impression on the interviewer. Most people preparing for the JN0-214 Exam are confused about preparation. How will they get real and updated Cloud, Associate (JNCIA-Cloud) (JN0-214) exam questions?

Juniper JN0-214 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cloud Virtualization: This section of the exam measures the skills of Linux System Administrators and covers Linux-based virtualization technologies. Candidates must understand Linux architecture, hypervisors (Type 1 & 2), and KVMQEMU operations. The exam also includes creating virtual machines and managing Linux virtualization environments. One skill assessed is setting up and managing Linux-based virtual machines effectively.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cloud Orchestration with OpenShift: This section of the exam measures the skills of DevOps Engineers and focuses on OpenShift-based orchestration. Candidates must understand how to create, manage, and monitor workloads using OpenShift, as well as navigate the OpenShift CLI and WebUI. The exam also tests knowledge of node types and different network configurations. One skill assessed is managing OpenShift workloads in a production environment.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Network Functions Virtualization: This section of the exam measures the skills of Virtualization Specialists and covers the core principles of NFV. Candidates will be tested on NFV architecture, orchestration, and Virtual Network Functions (VNFs), which are crucial for creating scalable and flexible network infrastructures. Understanding NFV helps optimize network performance and reduce dependency on hardware-based solutions. One skill assessed is the ability to explain NFV's role in modern network management.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cloud Fundamentals: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Infrastructure Engineers and covers the fundamental concepts of cloud networking. Candidates must understand different deployment models such as public, private, and hybrid cloud, as well as service models such as SaaS, IaaS, and PaaS. The exam also tests knowledge of cloud-native architectures, automation tools, and infrastructure technologies, including Network Functions Virtualization (NFV) and Software-Defined Networking (SDN). One key skill assessed is identifying appropriate cloud deployment models for different business needs.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Network Virtualization: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Network Architects and evaluates the principles of network virtualization. Candidates must understand different types of virtual networks, as well as underlay and overlay network configurations. The exam also covers encapsulation and tunneling technologies such as MPLS over GRE, VXLAN, and GENEVE. One skill assessed is the ability to differentiate between underlay and overlay networks in cloud environments.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software-Defined Networking: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Automation Engineers and focuses on SDN concepts, including its architecture, controllers, and solutions. Candidates must understand how SDN separates the control plane from the data plane to improve network agility and automation. The exam also evaluates knowledge of SDN's role in modern cloud environments. One key skill assessed is identifying SDN components and their functions.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cloud Orchestration with OpenStack: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Operations Engineers and evaluates expertise in OpenStack-based orchestration. Candidates must understand how to create and manage virtual machines in OpenStack, use HEAT templates for automation, and navigate OpenStack interfaces. The exam also covers OpenStack networking plugins and security groups. One skill assessed is automating cloud deployments using HEAT templates.

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Juniper Cloud, Associate (JNCIA-Cloud) Sample Questions (Q22-Q27):

NEW QUESTION # 22

Which cloud automation tool uses YAML playbook to install software and tools on servers?

- A. Terraform
- B. Python
- **C. Ansible**
- D. Heat

Answer: C

Explanation:

Cloud automation tools streamline the deployment and management of software, tools, and infrastructure in cloud environments.

Let's analyze each option:

A . Python

Incorrect: Python is a general-purpose programming language, not a cloud automation tool. While Python scripts can be used for automation, it is not specifically designed for this purpose.

B . Ansible

Correct: Ansible is a popular automation tool that uses YAML-based playbooks to define and execute tasks. It automates the installation of software, configuration management, and application deployment on servers. Ansible's simplicity and agentless architecture make it widely adopted in cloud environments.

C . Terraform

Incorrect: Terraform is an infrastructure-as-code (IaC) tool used to provision and manage cloud infrastructure (e.g., virtual machines, networks, storage). It uses HashiCorp Configuration Language (HCL), not YAML, for defining configurations.

D . Heat

Incorrect: Heat is an orchestration tool in OpenStack that uses YAML templates to define and deploy cloud resources. While it supports YAML, it is specific to OpenStack and focuses on infrastructure provisioning rather than server-level software installation.

Why Ansible?

YAML Playbooks: Ansible uses YAML-based playbooks to define tasks, making it easy to read and write automation scripts.

Agentless Architecture: Ansible operates over SSH, eliminating the need for agents on target servers.

Versatility: Ansible can automate a wide range of tasks, from software installation to configuration management.

JNCIA Cloud Reference:

The JNCIA-Cloud certification covers automation tools as part of its cloud operations curriculum. Tools like Ansible are essential for automating repetitive tasks and ensuring consistency in cloud environments.

For example, Juniper Contrail integrates with Ansible to automate the deployment and configuration of network services, enabling efficient management of cloud resources.

Reference:

Ansible Documentation: YAML Playbooks

Juniper JNCIA-Cloud Study Guide: Automation Tools

NEW QUESTION # 23

In the CN2 architecture, which component integrates with the orchestrator to listen for changes and take action on any events affecting network resources?

- A. kube-a pi server
- B. cni.bin
- **C. contrail-k8s-kubemanager**
- D. contrail-vrouter-agent

Answer: C

Explanation:

contrail-k8s-kubemanager is the component in the CN2 architecture that integrates with the orchestrator (such as Kubernetes or OpenShift) to listen for changes and take action on any events affecting network resources. According to the CN2 components documentation², contrail-k8s-kubemanager is "the interface between Kubernetes resources and Contrail resources" that "watches the kube-apiserver for changes to regular Kubernetes resources such as service and namespace and acts on any changes that affect the networking resources". Other components in the CN2 architecture are contrail-k8s-apiserver², which is an aggregated API server that manages all Contrail resources; cni.bin, which is a binary file that implements the Container Network Interface (CNI) specification for CN2; and contrail-vrouter-agent, which is a pod that runs on every node and communicates with the CN2 control plane to program the data plane.

NEW QUESTION # 24

Your e-commerce application is deployed on a public cloud. As compared to the rest of the year, it receives substantial traffic during the Christmas season.

In this scenario, which cloud computing feature automatically increases or decreases the resources based on the demand?

- A. broad network access
- **B. rapid elasticity**
- C. on-demand self-service
- D. resource pooling

Answer: B

Explanation:

The cloud computing feature that automatically increases or decreases the resources based on the demand is known as rapid elasticity. In cloud computing, scaling is the process of adding or removing compute, storage, and network services to meet the demands a workload makes for resources in order to maintain availability and performance as utilization increases.

NEW QUESTION # 25

Which two statements are correct about OpenStack networks? (Choose two.)

- A. It is not possible to add host routes in the DHCP settings in an OpenStack network.
- B. It is possible to share networks with other projects in an OpenStack network.
- C. It is possible to enable DHCP for a subnet in an OpenStack network.
- D. It is not possible to specify a subnet address in an OpenStack network.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

In OpenStack networks, it is possible to share networks with other projects. Also, it is possible to enable DHCP for a subnet in an OpenStack network.

NEW QUESTION # 26

Which two statements correctly describe the Kubernetes networking model?

- A. Full communication between pods is allowed across nodes without requiring NAT.
- B. Each pod has its own IP address in a flat, shared networking namespace.
- C. Pods are not allowed to communicate if they are in different namespaces.
- D. Pods are allowed to communicate if they are only in the default namespaces.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

Kubernetes networking is designed to provide seamless communication between pods, regardless of their location in the cluster.

Let's analyze each statement:

A . Pods are allowed to communicate if they are only in the default namespaces.

Incorrect: Pods can communicate with each other regardless of the namespace they belong to. Namespaces are used for logical grouping and isolation but do not restrict inter-pod communication.

B . Pods are not allowed to communicate if they are in different namespaces.

Incorrect: Pods in different namespaces can communicate with each other as long as there are no network policies restricting such communication. Namespaces do not inherently block communication.

C . Full communication between pods is allowed across nodes without requiring NAT.

Correct: Kubernetes networking is designed so that pods can communicate directly with each other across nodes without Network Address Translation (NAT). Each pod has a unique IP address, and the underlying network ensures direct communication.

D . Each pod has its own IP address in a flat, shared networking namespace.

Correct: In Kubernetes, each pod is assigned a unique IP address in a flat network space. This allows pods to communicate with each other as if they were on the same network, regardless of the node they are running on.

Why These Statements?

Flat Networking Model: Kubernetes uses a flat networking model where each pod gets its own IP address, simplifying communication and eliminating the need for NAT.

Cross-Node Communication: The design ensures that pods can communicate seamlessly across nodes, enabling scalable and distributed applications.

JNCIA Cloud Reference:

The JNCIA-Cloud certification emphasizes Kubernetes networking concepts, including pod-to-pod communication and the flat networking model. Understanding these principles is essential for designing and managing Kubernetes clusters.

For example, Juniper Contrail provides advanced networking features for Kubernetes, ensuring efficient and secure pod communication across nodes.

Reference:

Kubernetes Documentation: Networking Model

Juniper JNCIA-Cloud Study Guide: Kubernetes Networking

NEW QUESTION # 27

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