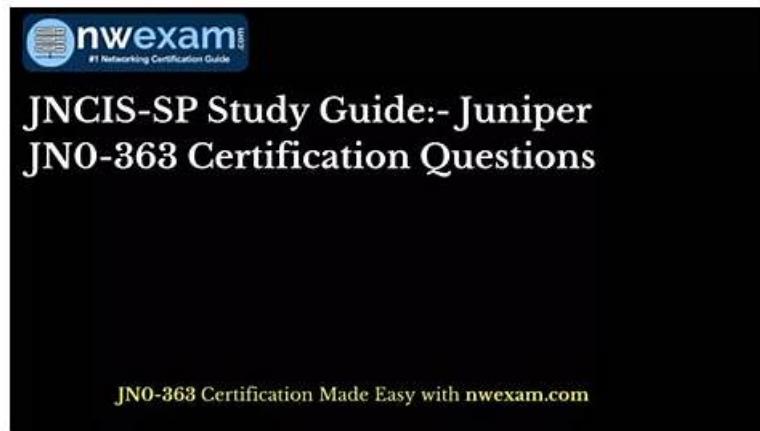


JN0-363 exam study guide



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We often ask, what is the purpose of learning? Why should we study? Why did you study for JN0-363 exam so long? As many people think that, even if one day we forget the formula for the area of a triangle, we can still live very well, but if it were not for the knowledge of learning JN0-363 Exam and try to obtain certification, how can we have the opportunity to good to future life? So, the examination is necessary, only to get the test JN0-363 certification, get a certificate, to prove better us, to pave the way for our future life.

The JN0-363 exam covers a wide range of topics, including OSPF, IS-IS, BGP, MPLS, Layer 2 VPNs, Layer 3 VPNs, and multicast. JN0-363 exam also covers topics such as routing policy and firewall filters. JN0-363 Exam consists of 65 multiple-choice questions, and candidates have 90 minutes to complete the exam. A passing score is 65% or higher.

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Juniper Service Provider Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-SP) Sample Questions (Q71-Q76):

NEW QUESTION # 71

Click the Exhibit. You are receiving the same route prefix from four EBGP neighbors.

Route	Next-hop	AS-Path	Origin	Local Preference
Route 1	ISP 1	123 88 65512	I	100
Route 2	ISP 2	678 651111	E	100
Route 3	ISP 3	3245 6532 1231 65510	?	200
Route 4	ISP 4	65512	E	150

Based on the information provided in the exhibit, which route will be selected?

- A. Route 1
- B. Route 3**
- C. Route 2
- D. Route 4

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 72

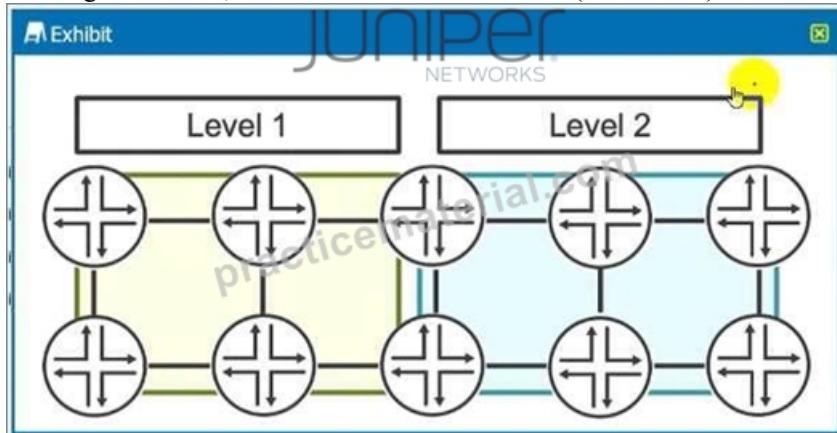
Which statement correctly describes a characteristic of IPv6 unicast addressing?

- A. Link-local addresses are in the range of FE00::/12.
- **B. Only one loopback address exists, ::1/128.**
- C. Global addresses are in the range of 2002::/16.
- D. Link-local addresses are in the range of FF00::/8.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 73

Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are correct? (Choose two.)



- A. Prefixes in Level 1 will not be redistributed to Level 2.
- **B. Prefixes in Level 2 will be redistributed to Level 1.**
- C. Prefixes in Level 1 will be redistributed to Level 2.
- D. Prefixes In Level 2 will be not redistributed to Level 1.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 74

Which two protocols are capable of distributing labels for segment routing? (Choose two.)

- **A. OSPF**
- B. RSVP
- C. LDP
- **D. IS-IS**

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Segment routing labels can be distributed by link-state routing protocols such as IS-IS and OSPF, which have been extended to support segment routing capabilities.

Reference:

Segment Routing Overview, Juniper Networks Documentation

Understanding Segment Routing with OSPF, Juniper Networks Documentation Understanding Segment Routing with IS-IS, Juniper Networks Documentation

NEW QUESTION # 75

You are bringing a new network online with three IS-IS routers using default Junos election priorities. The routers are configured as

Level 2 only IS-IS routers. Which statement is true about the DIS election in this scenario?

- A. The router with the lowest numerical lo0 IP address will be elected as the DIS.
- B. The router with the highest MAC address will be elected as the DIS.
- C. The router with the lowest MAC address will be elected as the DIS.
- D. The router with the highest numerical lo0 IP address will be elected as the DIS.

Answer: B

Explanation:

A router's priority for becoming the designated router is indicated by an arbitrary number from 0 through 127, which you configure on the IS-IS interface. The router with the highest priority becomes the designated router for the area (Level 1, Level 2, or both), also configured on the IS-IS interface. If routers in the network have the same priority, then the router with the highest MAC address is elected as the designated router. By default, routers have a priority value of 64.

<https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/junos/is-is/topics/concept/routing-protocol-is-is-security-d>

NEW QUESTION # 76

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