

JN0-363 Latest Exam Test - Latest JN0-363 Exam Experience



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If you have interests with our JN0-363 practice materials, we prefer to tell that we have contacted with many former buyers of our JN0-363 exam questions and they all talked about the importance of effective JN0-363 practice material playing a crucial role in your preparation process. Our practice materials keep exam candidates motivated and efficient with useful content based wholly on the real JN0-363 Guide materials.

The JN0-363 Exam is a specialist-level certification exam offered by Juniper Networks. It is an advanced-level exam that focuses on the skills and knowledge required to design, implement, and troubleshoot service provider routing and switching networks. JN0-363 exam is intended for individuals who have a good understanding of networking technologies and are looking to advance their careers in this field.

The JN0-363 certification exam covers a wide range of topics, including OSPF, IS-IS, BGP, MPLS, Layer 2 VPNs, Layer 3 VPNs, multicast, and QoS. Service Provider Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-SP) certification program is designed to help individuals gain expertise in configuring, monitoring, and troubleshooting service provider networks. Service Provider Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-SP) certification program is also designed to help individuals gain expertise in designing and implementing complex network architectures.

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The Service Provider Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-SP) certification provides beginners and professionals with multiple great career opportunities. The Juniper Exam JN0-363 examination is one of the most demanding Juniper tests. There are multiple benefits you can get after cracking the JN0-363 test. The top-listed benefits include skill verification, high-paying jobs, bonuses, and promotions in your current organizations. All these benefits of earning the JN0-363 certificate help you level up your career in the tech sector.

Juniper JN0-363 exam is designed for individuals who want to validate their knowledge and skills in service provider routing and switching. Service Provider Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-SP) certification exam is also known as the JNCIS-SP exam and is considered an intermediate-level certification. Passing JN0-363 Exam demonstrates that a candidate has a strong understanding of the service provider routing and switching technologies and can configure, monitor, and troubleshoot Juniper Networks service provider routing and switching platforms.

Juniper Service Provider Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-SP) Sample Questions (Q45-Q50):

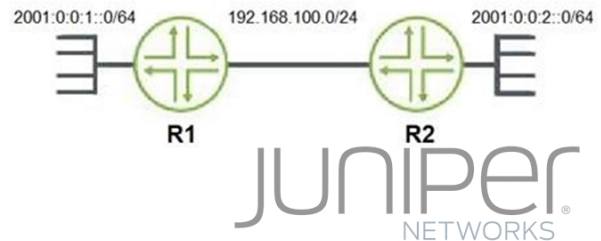
NEW QUESTION # 45

Click the Exhibit button.

```
[edit]
user@R1# show interfaces
ge-0/0/0 {
  unit 0 {
    family inet6 {
      address 2001:0:0:1::2/64;
    }
  }
}
gr-0/0/0 {
  unit 0 {
    tunnel {
      source 192.168.1.1;
      destination 192.168.1.2;
    }
  }
}
ge-0/0/1 {
  unit 0 {
    family inet {
      address 192.168.100.1/24;
    }
  }
}
fxp0 {
  unit 0 {
    family inet {
      address 10.0.1.12/24;
    }
  }
}
```

```
[edit]
user@R1# show routing-options
rib inet6.0 {
  static {
    route 2001:0:0:2::0/64 next-hop gr-0/0/0.0;
  }
}
static {
  route 0.0.0.0/0 next-hop 10.0.1.1;
  route 192.168.1.2/32 next-hop 192.168.100.2;
}
```

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You have configured IPv6 over IPv4 tunneling, as shown in the exhibit. However, hosts connected to network 2001:0:0:1::0/64 cannot communicate with hosts on network 2001:0:0:2::0/64. The router R2 has a similar configuration as the R1 router. How would you solve this problem?

- A. Configure an IPv6 address on the tunnel interfaces
- B. Configure an IGP across the tunnel interfaces
- C. Configure the next hop of the inet6.0 static route to point to the IPv4 address of the remote router
- D. Configure the next hop of the inet6.0 static route to point to the physical interface between the routers

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 46

Click the Exhibit button.

```

[edit protocols bgp]
user@router# show
group ibgp {
    type internal;
    local-preference 125;
    neighbor 10.1.1.1;
    neighbor 10.2.2.2;
    neighbor 10.3.3.3;
}
...
[edit policy-options]
user@router# show
policy-statement bgp-preference {
    term 1 {
        from neighbor 10.1.1.1;
        then {
            local-preference 130;
            accept;
        }
    }
    term 2 {
        from neighbor 10.2.2.2;
        then {
            local-preference 90;
            accept;
        }
    }
}

```

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct?

- A. Routes from 10.2.2.2 are less preferred than routes from 10.3.3.3
- B. Routes from 10.2.2.2 are less preferred than the default local preference
- C. Routes from 10.3.3.3 are more preferred than the default local preference
- D. Routes from 10.1.1.1 are more preferred than routes from 10.2.2.2

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 47

Which two statements are correct about the behavior of IS-IS metrics? (Choose two.)

- A. Wide metrics enable an interface to advertise different metrics at Level 1 and Level 2.
- B. Wide metrics enable interfaces to advertise metrics larger than 63.
- C. By default, all physical interfaces have a metric of 10.
- D. By default, the metric of an interface is calculated based on the speed of the interface.

Answer: A,B

NEW QUESTION # 48

Click the Exhibit button. The policy shown in the exhibit has been configured and installed on your router.

```

[edit policy-options]
user@r1# show
policy-statement to-OSPF {
  term match-direct-route {
    from {
      protocols direct;
      route-filter 172.18.1.0/24 exact;
    }
    then accept;
  }
}

[edit protocols]
user@r1# show
ospf {
  export to-OSPF;
  area 0.0.0.1
    interface ge-1/0/0.0;
    interface lo0.0;
  }
}

```

What is the result of applying this policy?

- A. The 172.18.1.0/24 network will be redistributed into OSPF as an internal route.
- B. The 172.18.1.0/32 network will be redistributed into OSPF as an external route.
- C. The 172.18.1.0/32 network will be redistributed into OSPF as an internal route.
- D. The 172.18.1.0/24 network will be redistributed into OSPF as an external route.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 49

Referring to the exhibit, what will happen to untagged frames?

```

[edit]
user@switch# show interfaces ge-0/0/1
native-vlan-id 20;
unit 0 {
  family ethernet-switching {
    interface-mode trunk;
    vlan {
      members [ 10 20 ];
    }
  }
}

```

- A. The untagged frames are associated with VLAN 10.
- B. The untagged frames are dropped.
- C. The untagged frames are associated with VLAN 20.
- D. The untagged frames are load balanced between VLAN 10 and VLAN 20.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 50

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