

L6M7 Vorbereitungsfragen, L6M7 Prüfungen

L6M7

to the next problem, solves that and looks back to see if the previous one is still correct. Example: completing a Sudoku puzzle Divide and conquer -> Divides a problem into smaller sub-problems, solves them and combines the answers to solve the initial problem. Example: categorising data Dynamic programming -> Uses different approaches to solve a problem by remembering the past. Example: the shortest route to travel between two cities by road Greedy -> Finds the best possible choice at each stage. Example: giving change for a cash transaction using the highest-value coins and notes available Branch and bound -> Uses an optimisation process to test for the best possible outcome. Example: how often to place orders to ensure stock levels are maintained for the least cost. Brute force -> Tries many patterns until a solution is found. Example: software that guesses a security password

QUESTION: 5

"Counterfeit computer hardware increases the risk and likelihood of a successful cyber-attack". Is this statement False?

Option A :

Yes, because not all counterfeit products such as hardware are accessible to hackers to implant malware upfront so the likelihood of a cyber-attack is the same as buying genuine

Option B :

No, because it is the sole responsibility of the Procurement department to ensure that hardware being bought is not counterfeit which eliminates any possibility of cyber-attacks

Option C :

No, because the quality of the counterfeit product may not be high and fake hardware could include malware which increases the likelihood of a successful cyber-attack

Option D :

Yes, because counterfeit products are generally still of a high quality and can have cyber-security measures and systems installed to reduce the risk of any future cyber-attacks

Correct Answer: C

<https://www.certexpert.com/L6M7-pdf-questions.html>

Link In comment

Außerdem sind jetzt einige Teile dieser Echte Frage L6M7 Prüfungsfragen kostenlos erhältlich: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1i7l6sNNOLa1FU-BHfOO6cLWRPFfrANMf>

Viele Leute meinen, man braucht viel fachliche IT-Kenntnisse, um die schwierigen CIPS L6M7 IT-Zertifizierungsprüfung zu bestehen. Nur diejenigen, die umfassende IT-Kenntnisse besitzen, sind qualifiziert dazu, sich an der CIPS L6M7 Prüfung zu beteiligen. Jetzt gibt es viele Methoden, die Ihre unausreichenden Fachkenntnisse wettmachen. Sie können sogar mit weniger Zeit und Energie als die fachlich gutqualifizierten die CIPS L6M7 Prüfung auch bestehen. Wie es heißt, viele Wege führen nach Rom.

Die CIPS L6M7 Zertifizierungsprüfung ist heutzutage in der konkurrenzfähigen IT-Branche immer beliebter geworden. Immer mehr Leute haben die CIPS L6M7 Prüfung abgelegt. Aber ihre Schwierigkeit nimmt doch nicht ab. Es ist schwer, die CIPS L6M7 Prüfung zu bestehen, weil sie sowieso eine autoritäre Prüfung ist, die Computerfachkenntnisse und die Fähigkeiten zur Informationstechnik prüft. Viele Leute haben viel Zeit und Energie auf die CIPS L6M7 Zertifizierungsprüfung aufgewendet.

L6M7 Bestehen Sie Commercial Data Management! - mit höhere Effizienz und weniger Mühen

Unser EchteFrage ist eine fachliche IT-Website. Ihre Erfolgsquote beträgt 100%. Viele Kandidaten haben das schon bewiesen. Weil wir ein riesiges IT-Expertenteam hat, das nach ihren fachlichen Erfahrungen und Kenntnissen die CIPS L6M7 Prüfungsfragen und Antworten bearbeitet, um die Interessen der Kandidaten zu schützen und zugleich ihren Bedürfnisse abzudecken. Nach den Bedürfnissen der Kandidaten haben sie zielgerichtete und anwendbare Schulungsmaterialien entworfen, nämlich die Schulungsunterlagen zur CIPS L6M7 Zertifizierungsprüfung, die Fragen und Antworten enthalten.

CIPS L6M7 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	Understand data integrity and its impact on procurement and supply: Targeting IT Security Officers, this section focuses on ensuring that all collected information remains accurate (data integrity) while maintaining confidentiality through legal frameworks like GDPR. It assesses strategies for managing disruptions, such as system redundancy.
Thema 2	Understand the concept of big data in the global supply chain: This section of the exam measures the skills of Supply Chain Managers and covers understanding big data's role in enhancing supply chain operations. It evaluates how big data transforms procurement and supply functions by leveraging large volumes of diverse data, focusing on skills like "Data Trend Analysis."
Thema 3	Understand the impact of cyber security on procurement and supply: This part targets Cybersecurity Experts, exploring how cyber threats affect supply chains by compromising sensitive information through vulnerabilities in software or networks. It involves evaluating technologies to secure systems effectively, emphasizing "Secure Data Transmission."

CIPS Commercial Data Management L6M7 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q12-Q17):

12. Frage

Wiggles Ltd works closely with a supplier called Waggles Incorporated. They are considering a merger but this is not yet public knowledge. The CEOs of each organisation have acknowledged the risk of cyber security in relation to the negotiation and have decided to restrict communications between the organisations on the matter to only a few select individuals. What form of cyber threat does this reduce?

- A. Spreading of rumours
- B. Installation of malware on hardware devices
- C. Denial of service
- D. Social engineering and phishing

Antwort: D

Begründung:

If most employees at Wiggles and Waggles don't know the information, they are pointless targets for social engineering. You can only get information from someone who knows something. Option C is incorrect-although restricting information will reduce rumours, this isn't a cyber threat. P.170 Domain: 3.1

13. Frage

In Data Analytics, what is the term 'black swan' used to describe?

- A. A missing piece of data prevents pattern identification
- B. An unexpected pattern is discovered in the data

- C. A data size too small to extract a meaningful pattern
- D. A false pattern of data that appears

Antwort: D

Begründung:

A black swan refers to false pattern recognition-when a pattern appears in data but does not actually exist.

14. Frage

Unstructured data can be organized into semi-structured or structured data by using a short word or phrase to describe what is held in the digital file. What is this marker commonly known as?

- A. Bot
- B. Structured Query Language
- C. Tag
- D. Syncing

Antwort: C

Begründung:

A tag is a marker describing data, commonly used in social media and databases.

15. Frage

Below are details of 5 companies that use Big Dat

a. Each company has a different type of data and applies different quality checks to ensure its accuracy.

Instructions:

Drag and drop the correct Data Type and Quality Check into the table for each company. Some options may not be used.

Available Options:

- **Data Type:** Structured, Semi-structured, Unstructured, Disorganised, Real-time, Delayed
- **Quality Check:** Original, Secure, Legible, Contemporaneous, Attributable, Accurate

Company	Data Type (Drag & Drop Option)	Quality Check (Drag & Drop Option)
Company 1	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]
Company 2	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]
Company 3	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]
Company 4	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]
Company 5	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]

Antwort:

Begründung:

Available Options:

- Data Type: Structured Semi-structured Unstructured Disorganised Real-time Delayed
- Quality Check: Original Secure Legible Contemporaneous Attributable Accurate

Company	Data Type (Drag & Drop Option)	Quality Check (Drag & Drop Option)
Company 1	Structured	Contemporaneous
Company 2	Real-time	Original
Company 3	Unstructured	Legible
Company 4	Semi-structured	Attributable
Company 5	Disorganised	Accurate

16. Frage

Below are details of five companies that have security issues related to their IT network or data storage. Each company is proposing a remedy to resolve the issue.

Instructions:

Drag and drop the correct Security Issue and Remedy into the table for each company. Some options may not be used.

Company	Security Issue (Drag & Drop Option)	Remedy (Drag & Drop Option)
Company 1	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]
Company 2	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]
Company 3	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]
Company 4	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]
Company 5	[DROP HERE]	[DROP HERE]

Available Options:

- Security Issue: Unsecured communication, Use of default passwords, Outage, Personal data breach, Stolen data, Software out of date
- Remedy: Firewall, Two-factor authentication, Blockchain, Staff training, Remote monitoring, Firmware

Antwort:

Begründung:

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<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1i7l6sNNOLa1FU-BHfOO6cLWRPFfrANMf>