

Latest 220-1202 Test Report, Test 220-1202 Sample Online

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Yash M. Patel
Age : 21 Years
Sex : Male
PID : 555



Sample Collected At:
125, Shivam Bungalow, S G Road,
Mumbai
Ref. By: Dr. Hiren Shah


Registered on: 02:31 PM 02 Dec, 2K
Collected on: 03:11 PM 02 Dec, 2K
Reported on: 04:35 PM 02 Dec, 2K

TYPHIDOT

| Investigation | Result | Reference Value | Unit |
|--|--------------|-----------------|------|
| TYPHIDOT / SALMONELLA TYPHI, IgG <small>ICT</small> | Non-Reactive | | |

Interpretation :

| RESULT | REMARKS |
|--------------|---|
| Reactive | Indicates presence of IgG antibodies against Salmonella typhi and/or paratyphi. |
| Non-Reactive | Indicates absence of IgG antibodies against Salmonella typhi and/or paratyphi. |

Note :

1. Positive results are seen in past/chronic Enteric fever caused by Salmonella typhi and/or paratyphi or immunized individuals.
2. Negative results are seen in absence of Salmonella typhi and/or paratyphi infection. However, it does not rule out the disease.
3. False positive results may be due to cross reactivity with other Salmonella spp., Dengue virus infection & in patients with high levels of heterophile antibodies or Rheumatoid factor.
4. False negative reaction may be due to processing of sample collected early in the course of disease, suboptimal level of antibodies and immunosuppression.
5. The results obtained with this test should only be interpreted in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures and clinical findings.
6. Test conducted on serum.

Uses :

- To diagnose chronic or past infection due to Salmonella typhi and/or paratyphi (Enteric fever).
- To assess response to typhoid vaccination.

Thanks for Reference *****End of Report*****


Medical Lab Technician
(DMLT, BMLT)


Dr. Payal Shah
(MD, Pathologist)


Dr. Vimal Shah
(MD, Pathologist)

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 **Sample Collection**  **0123456789**

The advent of our CompTIA 220-1202 study guide with three versions has helped more than 98 percent of exam candidates get the certificate successfully. Rather than insulating from the requirements of the CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 2 220-1202 Real Exam, our 220-1202 practice materials closely co-related with it.

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CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 2 Sample Questions (Q119-Q124):

NEW QUESTION # 119

A technician completes the installation of an OS that appears to be successful. However, when the technician removes the USB drive that was used for the installation and restarts the system, the error "No boot device found" appears. Which of the following should the technician do next to resolve the issue?

- **A. Enable UEFI devices in the BIOS**
- B. Restart in recovery mode and troubleshoot
- C. Reinstall the OS from a new ISO
- D. Install storage drivers for the motherboard
- E. Reseat the SATA cable

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

If the system fails to boot after removing the USB installation media, it often means the BIOS is not pointing to the correct boot device. This typically involves an issue with the BIOS settings-such as UEFI being disabled when the OS was installed in UEFI mode.

FromAll-in-One Exam Guideby Travis Everett:

"One of the most common post-installation issues is failing to configure the boot mode correctly in BIOS. If an OS is installed in UEFI mode, the UEFI boot must be enabled, otherwise the system won't detect the bootloader."

NEW QUESTION # 120

Which of the following methods involves requesting a user's approval via a push notification to verify the user's identity?

- A. Call
- **B. Authenticator**
- C. Hardware token
- D. SMS

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Authenticator apps (e.g., Microsoft Authenticator, Google Authenticator, Duo) often support push notifications. When the user logs in, the app sends a push to their mobile device, prompting the user to approve or deny the authentication request - a common and user-friendly form of multi-factor authentication (MFA).

A: Phone call verification is a separate method involving voice-based confirmation.

C: Hardware tokens generate one-time codes but do not send push notifications.

D: SMS sends a text message with a code - again, no push mechanism.

Reference:

CompTIA A+ 220-1102 Objective 2.2: Compare and contrast multi-factor authentication methods.

Study Guide Section: Authentication apps and push notification verification

NEW QUESTION # 121

A technician is preparing to replace the batteries in a rack-mounted UPS system. After ensuring the power is turned off and the batteries are fully discharged, the technician needs to remove the battery modules from the bottom of the rack. Which of the following steps should the technician take?

- A. Wear a face mask to filter out any harmful fumes.
- B. Ensure the fire suppression system is ready to be activated.
- C. Place the removed batteries in an antistatic bag.
- **D. Use appropriate lifting techniques and guidelines.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

UPS batteries are heavy and often located at the bottom of racks to maintain balance. Safe removal requires the use of correct lifting techniques to avoid injury. OSHA and workplace safety standards emphasize ergonomic handling when dealing with heavy equipment.

A: Fire suppression readiness is important for fire safety but not specifically relevant to battery removal.

C: Antistatic bags are for electronic components, not heavy battery modules.

D: A face mask is not generally necessary unless there is a chemical leak, which is not indicated here.

Reference:

CompTIA A+ 220-1102 Objective 4.3: Explain common safety and environmental impacts and procedures.

Study Guide Section: Safe handling procedures - lifting techniques, battery handling

NEW QUESTION # 122

A user logs in to a computer each morning and tries to print a daily report, but it will not print. The help desk resolves the issue each day temporarily. To fix this permanently, which of the following should the technician do? (Select two)

- A. Set the print spooler recovery to take no action
- B. Start the printer extensions and notifications service
- C. Set the print spooler log-on to the user's account
- **D. Start the print spooler service**
- E. Set the print spooler to have no dependencies
- **F. Set the print spooler to Automatic**

Answer: D,F

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

The recurring print issue suggests the print spooler service is not set to start automatically, causing it to stop between sessions.

Ensuring it is set to start automatically and manually starting the service will resolve the issue.

From Mark Soper - Mike Meyers' Lab Manual:

"The print spooler is essential for print services. If it isn't configured to start automatically, users may experience recurring failures."

"Manually starting the service or setting it to 'Automatic' in the Services panel resolves persistent print availability problems."

NEW QUESTION # 123

Which of the following types of social engineering attacks sends an unsolicited text message to a user's mobile device?

- A. Impersonation
- B. Vishing
- C. Spear phishing
- **D. Smishing**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Smishing (SMS phishing) is a type of social engineering attack where attackers send fraudulent text messages to trick users into revealing sensitive information or downloading malware. These messages often impersonate banks, delivery services, or official institutions to lure the victim into clicking malicious links.

A: Impersonation is an in-person or voice-based tactic.

B: Vishing refers to voice phishing over phone calls.

C: Spear phishing is a targeted email-based phishing method.

Reference:

CompTIA A+ 220-1102 Objective 2.3: Compare and contrast social engineering techniques.

Study Guide Section: Smishing as a type of phishing via SMS or mobile messaging.

NEW QUESTION # 124

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- [illegible]