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CompTIA CAS-005 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	Security Architecture: This domain focuses on analyzing requirements to design resilient systems, including the configuration of firewalls and intrusion detection systems.
Topic 2	Security Engineering: This section measures the skills of CompTIA security architects that involve troubleshooting common issues related to identity and access management (IAM) components within an enterprise environment. Candidates will analyze requirements to enhance endpoint and server security while implementing hardware security technologies. This domain also emphasizes the importance of advanced cryptographic concepts in securing systems.
Topic 3	Security Operations: This domain is designed for CompTIA security architects and covers analyzing data to support monitoring and response activities, as well as assessing vulnerabilities and recommending solutions to reduce attack surfaces. Candidates will apply threat-hunting techniques and utilize threat intelligence concepts to enhance operational security.
Topic 4	Governance, Risk, and Compliance: This section of the exam measures the skills of CompTIA security architects that cover the implementation of governance components based on organizational security requirements, including developing policies, procedures, and standards. Candidates will learn about managing security programs, including awareness training on phishing and social engineering.

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CompTIA SecurityX Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q276-Q281):

NEW QUESTION # 276

As part of a security audit in the software development life cycle, a product manager must demonstrate and provide evidence of a complete representation of the code and modules used within the production-deployed application prior to the build. Which of the following best provides the required evidence?

- A. Static application security testing
- B. Interactive application security testing
- C. Runtime application inspection
- **D. Software composition analysis**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation:

* Software Composition Analysis (SCA) is the best method for identifying all components, dependencies, and open-source libraries used in an application. It ensures that organizations track and manage vulnerabilities in third-party code before deployment.

* SCA tools generate a Software Bill of Materials (SBOM), which provides a full representation of the code and modules used in the application.

* Other options:

* Static Application Security Testing (SAST) (C) checks for vulnerabilities but does not map dependencies.

* Interactive Application Security Testing (IAST) (D) works at runtime, not before deployment.

* Runtime Application Self-Protection (RASP) (B) works while the application is running.

NEW QUESTION # 277

A company needs to define a new roadmap for improving secure coding practices in the software development life cycle and implementing better security standards. Which of the following is the best way for the company to achieve this goal?

- A. Developing a new roadmap including secure coding best practices based on the security area roadmap and annual goals defined by the CISO
- **B. Performing a Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM) assessment and generating a roadmap as a final result**
- C. Conducting a threat-modeling exercise for the main applications and developing a roadmap based on the necessary security implementations
- D. Using the best practices in the OWASP secure coding manual to define a new roadmap

Answer: B

Explanation:

The best way is to perform a Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM) assessment. SAMM provides a structured framework to evaluate current software security maturity across people, process, and technology. The assessment highlights gaps and generates a roadmap tailored to the organization's development environment.

Option B (threat modeling) only applies to specific applications, not the entire SDLC process. Option C risks misalignment with technical practices by relying only on CISO goals. Option D (OWASP secure coding manual) is useful but provides guidelines, not a maturity-based roadmap.

NEW QUESTION # 278

Within a SCADA a business needs access to the historian server in order together metric about the functionality of the environment. Which of the following actions should be taken to address this requirement?

- A. Adding the business workstations to the SCADA domain
- B. Publishing the C\$ share from SCADA to the enterprise
- **C. Isolating the historian server for connections only from The SCADA environment**
- D. Deploying a screened subnet between 11 and SCADA

Answer: C

Explanation:

The best action to address the requirement of accessing the historian server within a SCADA system is to isolate the historian server

for connections only from the SCADA environment. Here's why:

Security and Isolation: Isolating the historian server ensures that only authorized devices within the SCADA environment can connect to it. This minimizes the attack surface and protects sensitive data from unauthorized access.

Access Control: By restricting access to the historian server to only SCADA devices, the organization can better control and monitor interactions, ensuring that only legitimate queries and data retrievals occur.

Best Practices for Critical Infrastructure: Following the principle of least privilege, isolating critical components like the historian server is a standard practice in securing SCADA systems, reducing the risk of cyberattacks.

References:

CompTIA Security+ SY0-601 Study Guide by Mike Chapple and David Seidl

NIST Special Publication 800-82: Guide to Industrial Control Systems (ICS) Security ISA/IEC 62443 Standards: Security for Industrial Automation and Control Systems

NEW QUESTION # 279

A systems administrator wants to use existing resources to automate reporting from disparate security appliances that do not currently communicate. Which of the following is the best way to meet this objective?

- A. Migrating application usage logs to on-premises storage
- B. Purchasing and deploying commercial off the shelf aggregation software
- C. Combining back-end application storage into a single, relational database
- **D. Configuring an API Integration to aggregate the different data sets**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The best way to automate reporting from disparate security appliances that do not currently communicate is to configure an API Integration to aggregate the different data sets. Here's why:

* **Interoperability:** APIs allow different systems to communicate and share data, even if they were not originally designed to work together. This enables the integration of various security appliances into a unified reporting system.

* **Automation:** API integrations can automate the process of data collection, aggregation, and reporting, reducing manual effort and increasing efficiency.

* **Scalability:** APIs provide a scalable solution that can easily be extended to include additional security appliances or data sources as needed.

* References:

* CompTIA Security+ SY0-601 Study Guide by Mike Chapple and David Seidl

* NIST Special Publication 800-95: Guide to Secure Web Services

* OWASP API Security Top Ten

NEW QUESTION # 280

Which of the following best explains the importance of determining organization risk appetite when operating with a constrained budget?

- **A. Risk appetite directly impacts acceptance of high-impact low-likelihood events.**
- B. Risk appetite directly influences which breaches are disclosed publicly
- C. Organizational risk appetite varies from organization to organization
- D. Budgetary pressure drives risk mitigation planning in all companies

Answer: A

Explanation:

Risk appetite is the amount of risk an organization is willing to accept to achieve its objectives. When operating with a constrained budget, understanding the organization's risk appetite is crucial because:

It helps prioritize security investments based on the level of risk the organization is willing to tolerate.

High-impact, low-likelihood events may be deemed acceptable if they fall within the organization's risk appetite, allowing for budget allocation to other critical areas.

Properly understanding and defining risk appetite ensures that limited resources are used effectively to manage risks that align with the organization's strategic goals.

Reference:

CompTIA Security+ Study Guide

NIST Risk Management Framework (RMF) guidelines

