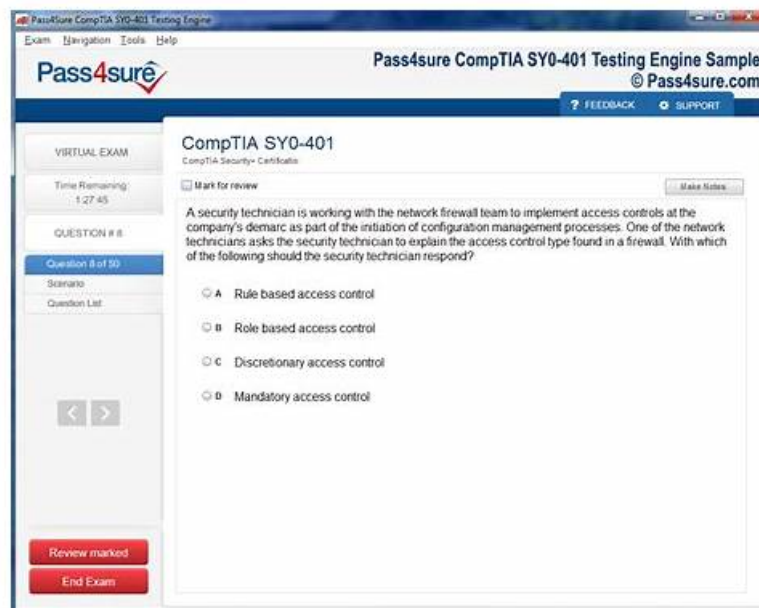


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## Fortinet FCSS\_EFW\_AD-7.6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic   | Details                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Central Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Security Operations Manager and covers the implementation of centralized management systems for coordinated control and oversight of distributed Fortinet security infrastructures across enterprise environments.</li></ul> |

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>System Configuration:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of a Network Security Architect and covers the implementation and integration of core Fortinet infrastructure components. It includes deploying the Security Fabric, enabling hardware acceleration, configuring high availability operational modes, and designing enterprise networks utilizing VLANs and VDOM technologies to meet specific organizational requirements.</li> </ul>                                  |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Routing:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of a Network Infrastructure Engineer and covers the implementation of dynamic routing protocols for enterprise network traffic management. It includes configuring both OSPF and BGP routing protocols to ensure efficient and reliable data transmission across complex organizational networks.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                         |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>VPN:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of a VPN Solutions Engineer and covers the implementation of various virtual private network technologies. It includes configuring IPsec VPN using IKE version 2 protocols and implementing Automatic Discovery VPN solutions to establish on-demand secure tunnels between multiple sites within an enterprise network infrastructure.</li> </ul>                                                                                       |
| Topic 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Security Profiles:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of a Threat Prevention Specialist and covers the configuration and management of comprehensive security profiling systems. It includes implementing SSL</li> <li>• <b>SSH inspection,</b> combining web filtering and application control mechanisms, integrating intrusion prevention systems, and utilizing the Internet Service Database to create layered security protections for organizational networks.</li> </ul> |

## Fortinet FCSS - Enterprise Firewall 7.6 Administrator Sample Questions (Q15-Q20):

### NEW QUESTION # 15

What action can be taken on a FortiGate to block traffic using IPS protocol decoders, focusing on network transmission patterns and application signatures?

- **A. Use application control to limit non-URL-based software handling.**
- B. Configure a web filter profile in flow mode.
- C. Use the DNS filter to block application signatures and protocol decoders.
- D. Enable application detection-based SD-WAN rules.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

FortiGate's IPS protocol decoders analyze network transmission patterns and application signatures to identify and block malicious traffic. Application Control is the feature that allows FortiGate to detect, classify, and block applications based on their behavior and signatures, even when they do not rely on traditional URLs.

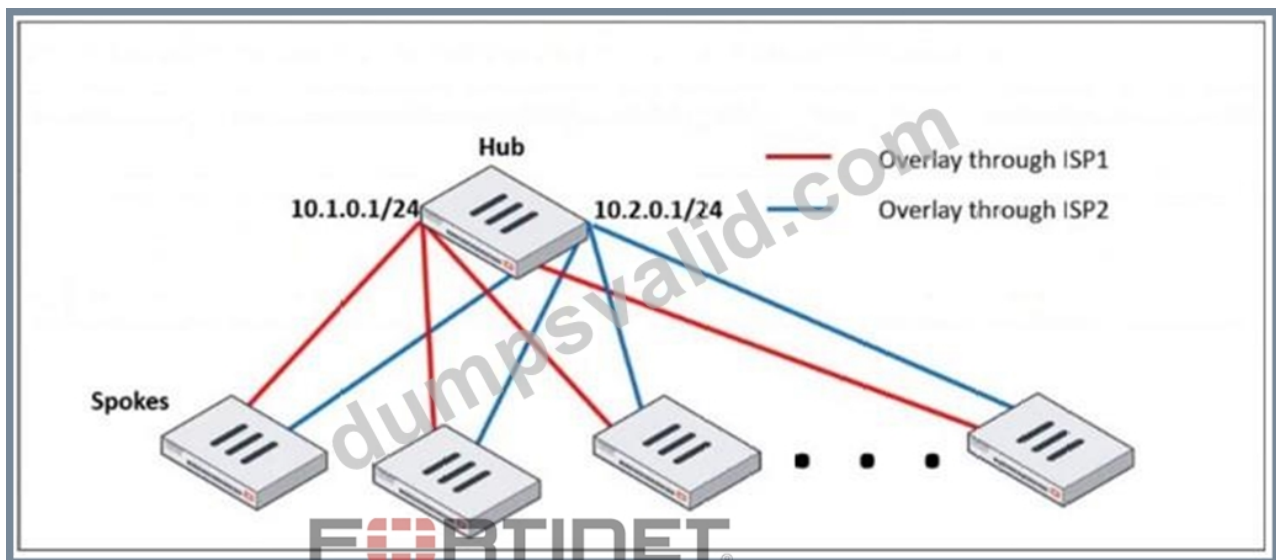
# Application Control works alongside IPS protocol decoders to inspect packet payloads and enforce security policies based on recognized application behaviors.

# It enables granular control over non-URL-based applications such as P2P traffic, VoIP, messaging apps, and other non-web-based protocols that IPS can identify through protocol decoders.

# IPS and Application Control together can detect evasive or encrypted applications that might bypass traditional firewall rules.

### NEW QUESTION # 16

Refer to the exhibit, which shows a hub and spokes deployment.



An administrator is deploying several spokes, including the BGP configuration for the spokes to connect to the hub. Which two commands allow the administrator to minimize the configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. `ibgp-enforce-multihop`
- B. `neighbor-group`
- C. `route-reflector-client`
- D. `neighbor-range`

**Answer: B,D**

Explanation:

`neighbor-group`:

# This command is used to group multiple BGP neighbors with the same configuration, reducing redundant configuration.

# Instead of defining individual BGP settings for each spoke, the administrator can create a neighbor-group and apply the same policies, reducing manual work.

`neighbor-range`:

# This command allows the configuration of a range of neighbor IPs dynamically, reducing the need to manually define each spoke neighbor.

# It automatically adds BGP neighbors that match a given prefix, simplifying deployment.

#### NEW QUESTION # 17

Refer to the exhibit, which shows a physical topology and a traffic log.



The administrator is checking on FortiAnalyzer traffic from the device with IP address 10.1.10.1, located behind the FortiGate ISFW device.

The firewall policy in on the ISFW device does not have UTM enabled and the administrator is surprised to see a log with the action Malware, as shown in the exhibit.

What are the two reasons FortiAnalyzer would display this log? (Choose two.)

- A. ISFW is not connected to FortiAnalyzer and must go through NGFW-1.
- B. ISFW is in a Security Fabric environment.
- C. The firewall policy in NGFW-1 has UTM enabled.
- D. Security rating is enabled in ISFW.

**Answer: B,C**

Explanation:

From the exhibit, ISFW is part of a Security Fabric environment with NGFW-1 as the Fabric Root. In this architecture, FortiGate devices share security intelligence, including logs and detected threats.

ISFW is in a Security Fabric environment:

# Security Fabric allows devices like ISFW to receive threat intelligence from NGFW-1, even if UTM is not enabled locally.

# If NGFW-1 detects malware from IP 10.1.10.1 to 89.238.73.97, this information can be propagated to ISFW and FortiAnalyzer.

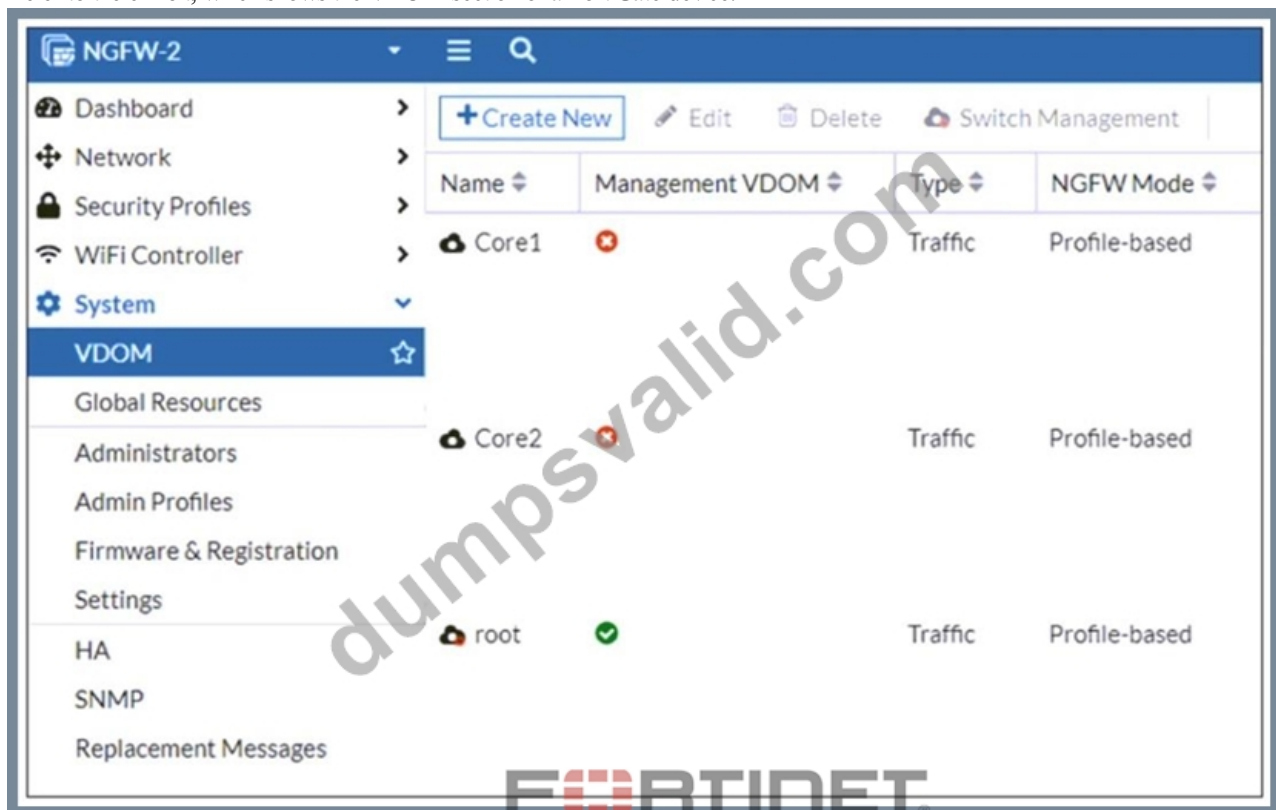
The firewall policy in NGFW-1 has UTM enabled:

# Even though ISFW does not have UTM enabled, NGFW-1 (which sits between ISFW and the external network) does have UTM enabled and is scanning traffic.

# Since NGFW-1 detects malware in the session, it logs the event, which is then sent to FortiAnalyzer.

### NEW QUESTION # 18

Refer to the exhibit, which shows the VDOM section of a FortiGate device.



An administrator discovers that webfilter stopped working in Core1 and Core2 after a maintenance window.

Which two reasons could explain why webfilter stopped working? (Choose two.)

- A. The root VDOM does not have access to FortiManager in a closed network.
- B. The Core1 and Core2 VDOMs must also be enabled as Management VDOMs to receive FortiGuard updates
- C. The root VDOM does not have access to any valid public FDN.
- D. The root VDOM does not have a VDOM link to connect with the Core1 and Core2 VDOMs.

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

Since Core1 and Core2 are not designated as management VDOMs, they rely on the root VDOM for connectivity to external resources such as FortiGuard updates. If the root VDOM lacks a VDOM link to these VDOMs or cannot reach FortiGuard services, security features like web filtering will stop working.

### NEW QUESTION # 19

A FortiGate device with UTM profiles is reaching the resource limits, and the administrator expects the traffic in the enterprise

network to increase.

The administrator has received an additional FortiGate of the same model.

Which two protocols should the administrator use to integrate the additional FortiGate device into this enterprise network? (Choose two.)

- A. VRRP with switches
- B. FGCP in active-passive mode and with VDOM disabled
- C. FGCP in active-active mode and with switches
- D. FGSP with external load balancers

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

When adding an additional FortiGate to an enterprise network that is already reaching its resource limits, the goal is to distribute traffic efficiently and ensure high availability.

FGSP (FortiGate Session Life Support Protocol) with external load balancers FGSP allows session-aware load balancing between multiple FortiGate units without requiring them to be in an HA (High Availability) cluster.



With external load balancers, incoming traffic is evenly distributed across multiple FortiGate devices.



This approach is useful for scaling out traffic handling capacity while ensuring that sessions remain synchronized between firewalls.



FGSP is effective when stateful failover is required but without the constraints of traditional HA.



FGCP (FortiGate Clustering Protocol) in active-active mode and with switches FGCP active-active mode enables multiple FortiGate devices to share traffic loads, increasing throughput and efficiency.



Active-active mode is suitable for balancing UTM processing across multiple FortiGates, making it ideal when resource limits are a concern.



Using switches ensures redundancy and avoids single points of failure in the network.



This mode is commonly used in enterprise networks where both scalability and redundancy are required.



#### NEW QUESTION # 20

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