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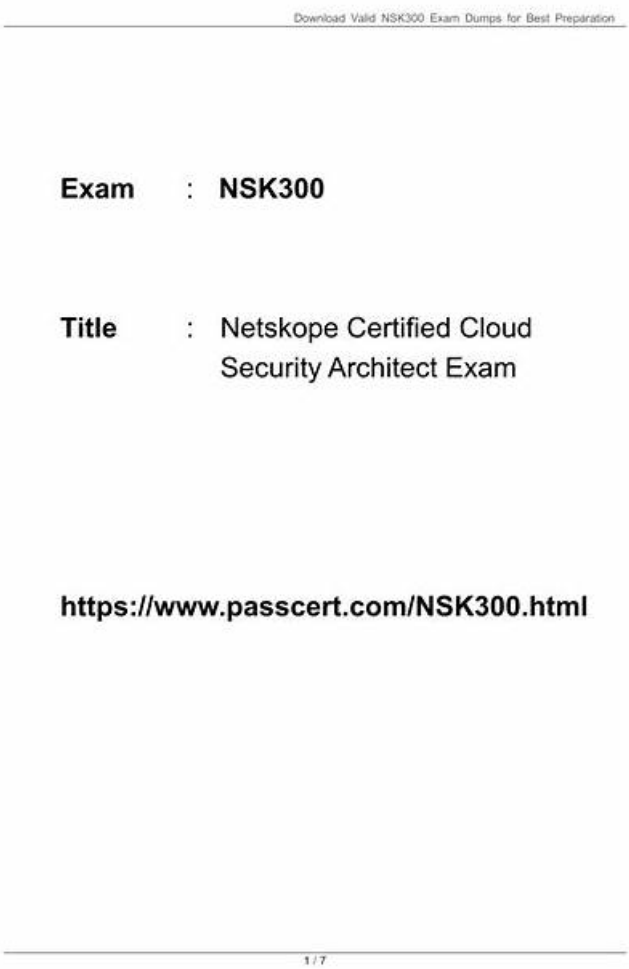

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Netskope NSK300 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Security Policy Management: One of the main competencies evaluated in this topic is the creation and management of granular security rules for cloud resources and applications.
Topic 2	• Advanced Threat Protection: This topic explores how Netskope detects and mitigates sophisticated threats, such as malware and cloud data breaches.

Topic 3	• Cloud Security Concepts: This topic covers best practices, compliance requirements, and fundamental understanding of cloud security threats.

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NSK300 Examcollection Vce & Updated NSK300 Dumps

Actual4Cert also offers Netskope NSK300 desktop practice exam software which is accessible without any internet connection after the verification of the required license. This software is very beneficial for all those applicants who want to prepare in a scenario which is similar to the Netskope Certified Cloud Security Architect real examination.

Netskope Certified Cloud Security Architect Sample Questions (Q29-Q34):

NEW QUESTION # 29
You have an NG-SWG customer that currently steers all Web traffic to Netskope using the Netskope Client.
They have identified one new native application on Windows devices that is a certificate-pinned application.
Users are not able to access the application due to certificate pinning. The customer wants to configure the Netskope Client so that the traffic from the application is steered to Netskope and the application works as expected.
Which two methods would satisfy the requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure the SSL Do Not Decrypt policy to not decrypt traffic for domains used by the native application.
- B. Bypass traffic using the bypass action in the Real-time Protection policy.
- C. Configure domain exceptions in the steering configuration for the domains used by the native application.
- D. Tunnel traffic to Netskope and bypass traffic inspection at the Netskope proxy.

Answer: A,D

NEW QUESTION # 30
A hospital has a patient form that they share with their patients over Gmail. The blank form can be freely shared among anyone. However, if the form has any information filled out. the document is considered confidential.
Which rule type should be used in the DLP profile to match such a document?

- A. Use a dictionary rule for all your patient names.
- B. Use predefined DLP Rule(s) that match the patient name.
- C. Use Exact Match with patient names
- D. Use fingerprint classification.

Answer: D

Explanation:
The appropriate rule type to use in the DLP profile for a document that is considered confidential when filled out isfingerprint classification. Fingerprinting is a method used to identify and protect sensitive data within documents. It works by creating a digital fingerprint of a file, which can then be used to detect any copies or derivatives of that file.In this case, fingerprinting would allow the hospital to differentiate between the blank patient form, which can be freely shared, and the same form with patient information filled out, which is confidential1.
Netskope's DLP rules can contain elements such as predefined data identifiers, custom data identifiers, keyword identifiers from a dictionary file, RegEx expressions, and exact match criteria1.For this specific use case, fingerprint classification is the most effective method as it can accurately detect the presence of filled- out information in the forms, which is crucial for maintaining patient confidentiality as per HIPAA regulations1.

NEW QUESTION # 31
You are currently designing a policy for AWS S3 bucket scans with a custom DLP profile Which policy action(s) are available for this policy?

- A. Alert, Quarantine. Block, User Notification

- B. Alert, User Notification
- C. Alert, Quarantine
- D. Alert only

Answer: C

Explanation:
When designing a policy for AWS S3 bucket scans with a custom DLP profile in Netskope, the available policy actions are Alert and Quarantine. These actions allow you to be notified when a policy violation occurs and to quarantine sensitive data to prevent potential data loss or exposure. The Alert action will notify the designated personnel or system when a match to the DLP profile is found during the scan. The Quarantine action will move the offending file to a secure location where it can be reviewed and dealt with appropriately1.

NEW QUESTION # 32
You need to extract events and alerts from the Netskope Security Cloud platform and push it to a SIEM solution. What are two supported methods to accomplish this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Use the REST API.
- B. Stream directly to syslog.
- C. Use Cloud Log Shipper.
- D. Use Cloud Ticket Orchestrator.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:
To extract events and alerts from the Netskope Security Cloud platform and integrate them with a SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) solution, you can utilize the following supported methods:
* Cloud Log Shipper (CLS):
* The Cloud Log Shipper is designed to forward Netskope logs to external systems, including SIEMs.
* It allows you to export logs in real-time or batch mode to a destination of your choice.
* By configuring CLS, you can ensure that Netskope events and alerts are sent to your SIEM for further analysis and correlation.
Reference: Netskope Documentation on Cloud Log Shipper
REST API:
The Netskope Security Cloud provides a comprehensive REST API that allows you to programmatically retrieve data, including events and alerts.
You can use the REST API to query specific logs, incidents, or other relevant information from Netskope.
By integrating with the REST API, you can extract data and push it to your SIEM solution.
Reference: Netskope REST API Documentation
References:
Netskope Cloud Security
Netskope Resources
Netskope Documentation
These methods ensure seamless data flow between Netskope and your SIEM, enabling effective security monitoring and incident response.

NEW QUESTION # 33
You are implementing a solution to deploy Netskope for machine traffic in an AWS account across multiple VPCs. You want to deploy the least amount of tunnels while providing connectivity for all VPCs.
How would you accomplish this task?

- A. Use GRE tunnels from the AWS Transit Gateway.
- B. Use IPsec tunnels from the AWS Virtual Private Gateway.
- C. Use GRE tunnels from the AWS Virtual Private Gateway
- D. Use IPsec tunnels from the AWS Transit Gateway.

Answer: D

Explanation:
The best approach to deploy Netskope for machine traffic across multiple VPCs in an AWS account with the least amount of

tunnels while providing connectivity for all VPCs is to useIPsec tunnels from the AWS Transit Gateway.This method allows you to use the same Site-to-Site VPN connection to Netskope for multiple VPCs, thus minimizing the number of tunnels required12. The AWS Transit Gateway acts as a network transit hub, enabling you to connect your VPCs and on-premises networks through a central point of management and control.Using IPsec tunnels with the AWS Transit Gateway ensures that all VPCs connected to it utilize the same IPsec tunnel between the transit gateway and Netskope POP1.
Detailed guidance on configuring IPsec VPN tunnels between your AWS Transit Gateway and Netskope POPs can be found in the Netskope Knowledge Portal1.Additionally, the Netskope Community Forum provides insights on setting up IPsec Tunnels for AWS egress traffic, which includes information relevant to deploying Netskope across multiple VPCs2.

NEW QUESTION # 34
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