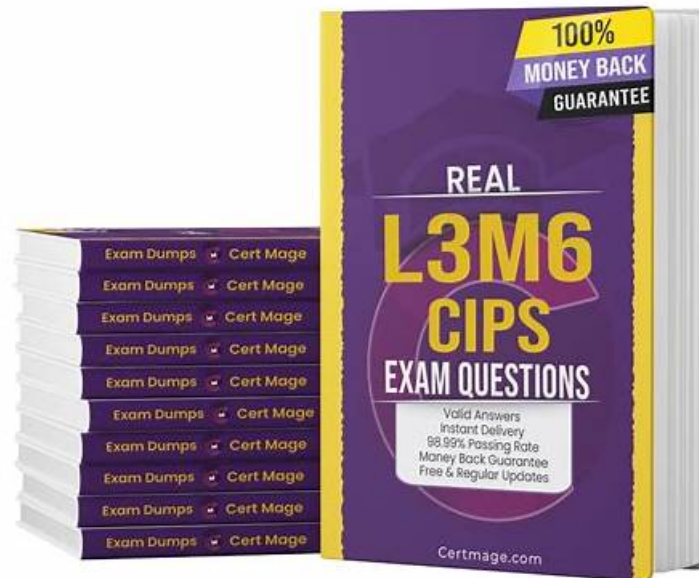


New L3M6 Exam Pattern - Trustable CIPS L3M6 Latest Exam Cram: Socially Responsible Warehousing and Distribution



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CIPS L3M6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|-------|---------|
| | |

| | |
|---------|---|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the Concepts of Sustainability and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR): This section of the exam measures the knowledge of Procurement Specialists and covers the foundational concepts of sustainability and CSR. It explains how sustainability involves meeting present needs without compromising future generations' ability to do the same. The focus extends beyond traditional economic criteria, incorporating environmental and social impacts into procurement decisions. CSR emphasizes extending corporate goals to include social responsibility, promoting good citizenship, and encouraging positive impacts on stakeholders, including social, economic, and cultural diversity. |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand Methods for the Storage and Movement of Inventory: This section assesses the expertise of Warehouse Managers in inventory storage and movement methods. It includes principles of warehouse design, focusing on location, layout factors such as flow and space utilization, and flexibility. It also explains various types of warehousing equipment like material handling systems, palletization techniques, packaging standards, and automation technologies that align with environmental standards. |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the Environmental Impact of Warehousing and Distribution: This section targets Logistics Coordinators and examines how warehousing and distribution contribute to environmental challenges. Topics include air pollution, carbon footprint, noise pollution, accidents, land use, and visual intrusion. It also discusses the environmental costs associated with logistics activities such as greenhouse gas emissions and global warming and strategies to mitigate these impacts. The role of government policies in sustainable logistics is emphasized, including reducing freight intensity, improving utilization rates, promoting greener transport modes, enhancing energy efficiency, and cutting emissions. |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the Environmental Impact of Procurement and Supply: This section evaluates the skills of Supply Chain Analysts in understanding how procurement affects the environment. It explores global challenges such as balancing globalization with green logistics, public awareness, external pressures, and international regulations. The environmental impact of transportation and storage is covered, including air pollution, carbon footprint calculations, noise pollution, accidents, and land use. Additionally, it highlights the government's role in promoting sustainability through policies like greener transport modes, energy efficiency, and emission reduction. |

CIPS Socially Responsible Warehousing and Distribution Sample Questions (Q48-Q53):

NEW QUESTION # 48

Choose lightweight materials such as paperboard, aluminium, and corrugated cardboard for packaging, in order to keep shipment costs to a minimum.

- A. FALSE
- B. TRUE

Answer: B

Explanation:

Using lightweight materials like paperboard, aluminium, and corrugated cardboard reduces the overall weight of shipments, lowering transportation costs and fuel consumption. The CIPS L3M6 syllabus promotes such choices as part of socially responsible packaging strategies that enhance economic efficiency while supporting environmental goals, making this statement true.

Reference:

NEW QUESTION # 49

Sustainable procurement encourages looking at the whole life cost but not the associated risks.

- A. FALSE
- B. TRUE

Answer: A

Explanation:

Sustainable procurement involves assessing both whole life costs (e.g., purchase, use, disposal) and associated risks (e.g., environmental, social, reputational). Ignoring risks would undermine sustainability goals. The CIPS L3M6 module stresses a comprehensive approach that includes risk management alongside cost analysis.

Reference:

NEW QUESTION # 50

Buildings that reduce or eliminate the negative impacts they have on the environment, and can even create positive impacts, which can be achieved in the design, construction, or operation phase, are known as what?

- A. Blue Buildings
- B. Yellow Buildings
- C. Green Buildings
- D. Red Buildings

Answer: C

Explanation:

Green Buildings are designed, constructed, and operated to minimize or eliminate negative environmental impacts (e.g., energy waste, emissions) and potentially generate positive outcomes (e.g., carbon sequestration, biodiversity support). The CIPS L3M6 module defines them as structures incorporating sustainable features like energy-efficient systems, renewable energy, and eco-friendly materials across all phases—design (e.g., orientation for sunlight), construction (e.g., low-impact methods), and operation (e.g., smart energy management). Examples include LEED-certified buildings, which align with LO2's focus on reducing construction's ecological footprint.

Reference:

NEW QUESTION # 51

What year was the Kyoto Protocol signed?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Kyoto Protocol was adopted on December 11, 1997, at COP3 in Kyoto, Japan, under the UNFCCC. It set binding emission reduction targets for developed countries, effective from 2005. The CIPS L3M6 module positions it as a precursor to the Paris Agreement, influencing environmental procurement by introducing carbon trading and reduction commitments. Unlike 1992 (UNFCCC framework), 2005 (entry into force), or 2015 (Paris), 1997 is the signing year, critical to LO2's historical context of climate action.

NEW QUESTION # 52

Which of the following sources contribute to a warehouse carbon footprint calculation? Select all that apply.

- A. Transport
- B. Energy use from heating, cooling, and insulation
- C. Waste
- D. Material handling and other equipment

Answer: A,B,C,D

Explanation:

A warehouse's carbon footprint measures the total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions generated by its operations, both directly and indirectly. According to the CIPS L3M6 syllabus, all listed sources—energy use from heating, cooling, and insulation; material

handling and other equipment; transport; and waste-are key contributors. Energy use (A) includes electricity and fuel for climate control, a major emission source in warehousing. Material handling equipment (B), such as forklifts, often relies on fossil fuels or electricity, adding to the footprint. Transport (C) covers emissions from vehicles moving goods to, from, and within the warehouse, a significant factor in logistics. Waste (D) contributes through disposal processes, including methane from landfills. The syllabus emphasizes monitoring these elements as part of CSR to reduce environmental impact, making "All the above" the correct choice.

Reference:

NEW QUESTION # 53

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