

New PL-300 Practice Questions, PL-300 Real Exam



BONUS!!! Download part of Pass4cram PL-300 dumps for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1H6dxIbx1pYcytCqBSYsZtBZ8Oio7NXk>

We will refund your money if you fail to pass the exam if you buy PL-300 exam dumps from us, and no other questions will be asked. We are famous for high pass rate, with the pass rate is 98.75%, we can ensure you that you pass the exam and get the corresponding certificate successfully. In addition, PL-300 Exam Dumps of us will offer you free update for 365 days, and our system will send the latest version of PL-300 exam braindumps to your email automatically. We also have online service stuff, and if you have any questions just contact us.

The actual Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst (PL-300) certification exam has quite high registration fees, so passing the PL-300 exam in one attempt becomes mandatory. Pass4cram provides a free PL-300 exam dumps demo so customers can see the product's features before purchasing. This offers comprehensive PL-300 practice test questions that cover all the topics students need to cover to crack the Microsoft PL-300 test. Moreover, This also offers up to 1 year of free PL-300 questions updates. By using our real Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst (PL-300) dumps, it is guaranteed that the candidate passes in one attempt, so our product saves time and money.

>> New PL-300 Practice Questions <<

100% Pass Quiz 2025 Efficient Microsoft New PL-300 Practice Questions

This format is for candidates who do not have the time or energy to use a computer or laptop for preparation. Microsoft PL-300 PDF file includes real Microsoft PL-300 questions, and they can be easily printed and studied at any time. Pass4cram regularly updates its PDF file to ensure that its readers have access to the updated questions.

Microsoft PL-300 is an exam designed for individuals who are interested in becoming a Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst. Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst certification is highly sought after by companies and organizations that are looking for professionals who are skilled in data analysis and visualization.

Microsoft PL-300 (Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst) Certification Exam is designed to test the skills and knowledge of professionals who work with Power BI. Power BI is a business analytics service provided by Microsoft that enables organizations to visualize and analyze their data. A Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst is responsible for creating reports, dashboards, and other visualizations to help organizations make informed decisions. Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst certification exam is a great way for professionals to demonstrate their expertise in Power BI and stand out in the competitive job market.

Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst Sample Questions (Q176-Q181):

NEW QUESTION # 176

You have two Azure SQL databases that contain the same tables and columns.

For each database, you create a query that retrieves data from a table named Customers.

You need to combine the Customer tables into a single table. The solution must minimize the size of the data model and support scheduled refresh in powerbi.com.

What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Option to use to combine the Customer tables:

Append Queries
Append Queries as New
Merge Queries
Merge Queries as New

Action to perform on the original two SQL database queries:

Delete the queries.
Disable including the query in report refresh.
Disable loading the query to the data model.
Duplicate the queries.

Answer:

Explanation:

Answer Area

Option to use to combine the Customer tables:

Action to perform on the original two SQL database queries:

Append Queries
Append Queries as New
Merge Queries
Merge Queries as New

Delete the queries.
Disable including the query in report refresh.
Disable loading the query to the data model.
Duplicate the queries.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-query/append-queries>

NEW QUESTION # 177

What should you create to meet the reporting requirements of the sales department?

- A. a measure that uses a formula of SUM (Sales [sales_id])
- B. a calculated column that use a formula of COUNTA(sales [sales_id])
- C. a calculated column that uses a formula of SUM (Sales [sales_id])
- D. a measure that uses a formula of COUNTROWS (Sales)

Answer: D

Explanation:

The sales department requires reports that contain the number of sales transactions.

The COUNTROWS function counts the number of rows in the specified table, or in a table defined by an expression.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dax/countrows-function-dax>

NEW QUESTION # 178

You need to create a visualization to meet the reporting requirements of the sales managers.

How should you create the visualization? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer:

Explanation:

See the explanation for answer.

Explanation:

Answer is as below:

Microsoft

Indicator: Sales[sales_amount]

Trend axis: Date[month]

Target goals: Targets[sales_target]

NEW QUESTION # 179

You are creating a Microsoft Power BI imported data model to perform basket analysis. The goal of the analysis is to identify which products are usually bought together in the same transaction across and within sales territories.

You import a fact table named Sales as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit tab.)

| Column name | Data type | Description |
|----------------------|-----------|--|
| SalesRowID | Integer | ID of the row from the source system, which represents a unique combination of SalesOrderNumber and SalesOrderLineNumber |
| ProductKey | Integer | Surrogate key that relates to the product dimension |
| OrderDateKey | Integer | Surrogate key that relates to the date dimension and is in the YYYYMMDD format |
| OrderDate | Datetime | Date and time an order was processed |
| CustomerKey | Integer | Surrogate key that relates to the customer dimension |
| SalesTerritoryKey | Integer | Surrogate key that relates to the sales territory dimension |
| SalesOrderNumber | Integer | Unique identifier of an order |
| SalesOrderLineNumber | Integer | Unique identifier of a line within an order |
| OrderQuantity | Integer | Quantity of the product ordered |
| LineTotal | Decimal | Total sales amount of a line before tax |
| TaxAmt | Decimal | Amount of tax charged for the items on a specified line within an order |
| Freight | Decimal | Amount of freight charged for the items on a specified line within an order |
| LastModified | Datetime | The date and time that a row was last modified in the source system |
| AuditID | Integer | The ID of the data load process that last updated a row |

The related dimension tables are imported into the model.

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

| Statements | Yes | No |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| The SalesRowID and AuditID columns can be removed from the model without impeding the analysis goals. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Both the OrderDateKey and OrderDate columns are necessary to perform the basket analysis. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| The TaxAmt column must retain the current number of decimal places to perform the basket analysis. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

Answer:

Explanation:

Answer Area

| Statements | Yes | No |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| The SalesRowID and AuditID columns can be removed from the model without impeding the analysis goals. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Both the OrderDateKey and OrderDate columns are necessary to perform the basket analysis. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| The TaxAmt column must retain the current number of decimal places to perform the basket analysis. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

Explanation:

| Statements | Yes | No |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| The SalesRowID and AuditID columns can be removed from the model without impeding the analysis goals. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Both the OrderDateKey and OrderDate columns are necessary to perform the basket analysis. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| The TaxAmt column must retain the current number of decimal places to perform the basket analysis. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

Reference:

<https://finance-bi.com/power-bi-basket-analysis/>

NEW QUESTION # 180

You have a Power BI model that contains the following data.

| Table name | Column name | Description | Data type |
|------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Date | Date | Calendar date | Date |
| | Month | Calendar month | Text |
| | Year | Calendar year | Integer |
| Sales | Sale | Sales value | Decimal number |
| | Date | Calendar date | Date |

The Date table relates to the Sales table by using the Date columns.

You need to create a calculated table that will contain the following:

Answer Area

SalesSummary=

ROLLUP (Sales, Date[Date], Date[Year], Sales[Date])

SELECT COLUMNS (SalesSummary, SUM (Sales[Sales]))

Answer:

Explanation:

Answer Area

 Microsoft

SalesSummary=

ROLLUP (Sales, Date[Year] , "Sales", SUM (Sales[Sales]))

• • • • •

PL-300 Real Exam: <https://www.pass4cram.com/PL-300-free-download.html>

- [illegible]

P.S. Free 2025 Microsoft PL-300 dumps are available on Google Drive shared by Pass4cram: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1H6dxlBx1pYcvCqBSTYszBZ8OiO7NXk>