

NGFW-Engineer Buch, NGFW-Engineer Musterprüfungsfragen

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Section	Weight	Objectives
		- Use APIs to automate deployment - Manage third-party services to deploy NGFWs (e.g., Kubernetes, hypervisors, CSPs, Terraform, Ansible) - Use on-premises centralized management - Panorama - Templates and device groups - Pre- and post-ruleset - Build Application Command Center (ACC) dashboards and custom reports

What type of questions are on the Palo Alto NGFW-Engineer exams?

- Single answer multiple choice
- Multiple answer multiple choice
- Drag and Drop (DND)
- Router Simulation
- Testlet

NGFW-Engineer Practice Exam Questions.

Grab an understanding from these [Palo Alto NGFW-Engineer](#) sample questions and answers and improve your NGFW-Engineer exam preparation towards attaining a Next-Generation Firewall Engineer Certification. Answering these sample questions will make you familiar with the types of questions you can expect on the actual exam. Doing practice with NGFW-Engineer Next-Generation Firewall Engineer questions and answers before the exam as much as possible is the key to passing the Palo Alto NGFW-Engineer certification exam.

NGFW-Engineer Next-Generation Firewall Engineer Sample Questions:

01. What is a key difference between OSPF and BGP when used in a Palo Alto Networks firewall?

a) BGP does not require neighbor relationships, while OSPF does
b) OSPF operates only on IPv6, while BGP is for IPv4
c) OSPF is used for internal routing, while BGP is primarily used for external routing
d) OSPF is faster than BGP in all scenarios

Answer: c

NGFW-Engineer Sample Questions 4

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Sie können im Internet teilweise die Fragen und Antworten zur Palo Alto Networks NGFW-Engineer Zertifizierungsprüfung von DeutschPrüfung kostenlos herunterladen, so dass Sie unsere Qualität testen können. Solange Sie unsere Produkte kaufen, versprechen wir Ihnen, dass wir alles tun würden, um Ihnen beim Bestehen der Palo Alto Networks NGFW-Engineer Prüfung zu helfen.

Palo Alto Networks NGFW-Engineer Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	Integration and Automation: This section measures the skills of Automation Engineers in deploying and managing Palo Alto Networks NGFWs across various environments. It includes the installation of PA-Series, VM-Series, CN-Series, and Cloud NGFWs. The use of APIs for automation, integration with third-party services like Kubernetes and Terraform, centralized management with Panorama templates and device groups, as well as building custom dashboards and reports in Application Command Center (ACC) are key topics.

Thema 2	• PAN-OS Networking Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Engineers in configuring networking components within PAN-OS. It covers interface setup across Layer 2, Layer 3, virtual wire, tunnel interfaces, and aggregate Ethernet configurations. Additionally, it includes zone creation, high availability configurations (active and active • active and active • passive), routing protocols, and GlobalProtect setup for portals, gateways, authentication, and tunneling. The section also addresses IPSec, quantum-resistant cryptography, and GRE tunnels.
Thema 3	• PAN-OS Device Setting Configuration: This section evaluates the expertise of System Administrators in configuring device settings on PAN-OS. It includes implementing authentication roles and profiles, and configuring virtual systems with interfaces, zones, routers, and inter-VSYS security. Logging mechanisms such as Strata Logging Service and log forwarding are covered alongside software updates and certificate management for PKI integration and decryption. The section also focuses on configuring Cloud Identity Engine User-ID features and web proxy settings.

>> NGFW-Engineer Buch <<

NGFW-Engineer Musterprüfungsfragen, NGFW-Engineer Prüfungsaufgaben

Bereiten Sie sich jetzt auf Palo Alto Networks NGFW-Engineer Prüfung? Auf der offiziellen Webseite unserer DeutschPrüfung wird alle Ihrer Bedarf an der Vorbereitung auf Palo Alto Networks NGFW-Engineer erfüllt. Insofern unsere Marke Ihnen bekannt ist, können Sie sogleich die Prüfungsunterlagen der Palo Alto Networks NGFW-Engineer nach Ihrem Bedarf innerhalb einigen Minuten erhalten. Gesicherte Zahlungsmittel, zuverlässige Kundendienste sowie die Produkte auf hohem Standard, diese Vorteilen können alle zusammen Ihnen helfen, zufriedenstellende Leistungen zu bekommen.

Palo Alto Networks Next-Generation Firewall Engineer NGFW-Engineer Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q18-Q23):

18. Frage

Which configuration step is required when implementing a new self-signed root certificate authority (CA) certificate for SSL decryption on a Palo Alto Networks firewall?

- A. Set the subordinate CA certificate as the default routing certificate for all network traffic.
- B. Disable all existing SSL decryption rules until the new certificate is fully propagated.
- **C. Import the new subordinate CA certificate into the trust stores of all client devices.**
- D. Configure the subordinate CA to issue certificates with indefinite validity periods.

Antwort: C

Begründung:

When implementing a new self-signed root certificate authority (CA) for SSL decryption on a Palo Alto Networks firewall, the subordinate CA certificate (which is generated by the firewall) must be imported into the trust stores of all client devices. This ensures that client devices trust the firewall as a valid certificate authority, enabling the firewall to decrypt and re-encrypt SSL traffic. Importing the subordinate CA certificate into the client devices' trust stores is necessary for those devices to trust the new self-signed root CA and properly handle SSL decryption traffic.

19. Frage

How does a Palo Alto Networks firewall choose the best route when it receives routes for the same destination from different routing protocols?

- A. The route that was received first will be entered into the forwarding table, and all subsequent routes will be rejected.
- **B. It compares the administrative distance and chooses the one with the lowest value.**
- C. It compares the administrative distance and chooses the one with the highest value.
- D. It will attempt to load balance the traffic across all routes.

Antwort: B

Begründung:

When a Palo Alto Networks firewall receives routes for the same destination from different routing protocols, it uses the administrative distance (AD) to determine the best route. The administrative distance is a measure of the trustworthiness of a route, with a lower value indicating higher preference. The firewall will choose the route with the lowest administrative distance to populate its forwarding table.

20. Frage

Which two statements describe an external zone in the context of virtual systems (VSYS) on a Palo Alto Networks firewall? (Choose two.)

- A. It is a security object associated with a specific virtual router of a VSYS.
- **B. It is associated with an interface within a VSYS of a firewall.**
- C. It is not associated with an interface; it is associated with a VSYS itself.
- **D. It is a security object associated with a specific VSYS.**

Antwort: B,D

Begründung:

In the context of virtual systems (VSYS) on a Palo Alto Networks firewall, the external zone is typically associated with specific interfaces within a VSYS. Zones are fundamental security objects used to define traffic flow between interfaces, and the external zone would be used for interfaces that connect to external networks.

An external zone is associated with an interface within a VSYS of the firewall. This ensures that traffic from specific interfaces can be classified as belonging to the external zone, allowing the firewall to apply appropriate security policies.

The external zone is indeed a security object that is specific to a given VSYS, as each VSYS can have its own set of zones that are isolated from others.

21. Frage

For which two purposes is an IP address configured on a tunnel interface? (Choose two.)

- A. Use of peer IP
- **B. Tunnel monitoring**
- **C. Use of dynamic routing protocols**
- D. Redistribution of User-ID

Antwort: B,C

Begründung:

Use of dynamic routing protocols: An IP address is needed on the tunnel interface to participate in dynamic routing protocols (like OSPF, BGP, etc.) over the tunnel. This allows the firewall to advertise routes and receive updates over the tunnel.

Tunnel monitoring: The IP address on the tunnel interface can also be used for monitoring the tunnel's status. Tunnel monitoring (such as IPsec tunnel monitoring) requires an IP address on the tunnel interface to check the health and availability of the tunnel.

22. Frage

Which zone type allows traffic between zones in different virtual systems (VSYS), without the traffic leaving the firewall?

- A. Isolated
- B. External
- **C. Transient**
- D. Internal

Antwort: C

Begründung:

The Transient zone type is used to allow traffic between zones in different virtual systems (VSYS) on a Palo Alto Networks firewall without the traffic leaving the firewall. It provides a way for virtual systems to communicate with each other by acting as a temporary or intermediary zone. Traffic can pass through the firewall between the virtual systems without requiring physical interfaces or leaving the device.

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