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NREMT Emergency Medical Technicians Exam Sample Questions (Q62-Q67):

NEW QUESTION # 62

You have consulted with on-line medical direction to terminate resuscitation of a 74-year-old female. How should you inform her family of this decision?

- A. "She has died."
- B. "She didn't make it."
- C. "She is at peace."
- D. "She has passed."

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

EMS professionals are expected to use empathetic yet clear language when communicating a death. The phrase "She has passed" is

both respectful and commonly accepted as an appropriate way to convey death compassionately without being overly clinical or harsh. "Died" may sound too blunt in an emotional moment, while "didn't make it" and "at peace" can feel vague or dismissive. Clear, empathetic communication is critical for patient dignity and family support during death notifications.

References:

National EMS Education Standards - Ethics, Communication, and Patient Advocacy NAEMT Guidelines for Death Notification in the Field Brady Emergency Care (13th ed.), Chapter: Special Situations and Emotional Support

NEW QUESTION # 63

An 83-year-old patient is unresponsive and lying on the floor. The patient has a large bruise and laceration on the forehead. The patient's vital signs are BP 90/60, P 126, and R 0. Which of the following conditions should the EMT most suspect?

- A. Open pneumothorax
- **B. Spine injury**
- C. Commotio cordis
- D. Brain herniation

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Given fall with head trauma and absent respirations, the most concerning cause is spinal injury, particularly a cervical spine fracture.

A high cervical injury (C1-C4) can paralyze the diaphragm, leading to apnea despite a beating heart.

Brain herniation can also depress respirations but often presents with unequal pupils, posturing, and Cushing's triad (not described here). Commotio cordis is sudden cardiac arrest from blunt chest trauma (not head).

Open pneumothorax affects chest mechanics, not directly linked here.

References:

NREMT Trauma Skills - Spinal Assessment

Brady Emergency Care (13th ed.), Chapter: Spine Injuries

National EMS Education Standards - CNS Trauma and Spinal Immobilization

NEW QUESTION # 64

A 65-year-old patient with a history of angina reports chest pain and shortness of breath after playing golf. The patient stated the pain began one hour ago and has not stopped with rest. The vital signs are BP 86/64, P 112, R 22, and SpO₂ 89% on room air. Which of the following actions should the EMT do next?

- **A. Obtain a 12-lead ECG**
- B. Give nitroglycerin
- C. Administer CPAP
- D. Provide nebulized albuterol

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

This is a high-risk cardiac event due to unstable angina or possible myocardial infarction. The EMT should:

* Administer oxygen if SpO₂ is <94%

* Avoid nitroglycerin if systolic BP is <90 mmHg

* Obtain a 12-lead ECG to identify ST-elevation MI (STEMI) and transmit it if trained and authorized CPAP is indicated for pulmonary edema, and albuterol is for bronchospasm, neither of which applies here.

References:

AHA ACLS and BLS Guidelines - ACS Management

NREMT Cardiology Guidelines - Chest Pain/MI

National EMS Education Standards - Cardiovascular Emergencies and ECG Recognition

NEW QUESTION # 65

Which of the following signs and symptoms indicate dehydration in an infant? Select the three correct options.

- A. Flushed, dry skin
- B. Hypoglycemia
- C. Poor skin turgor
- D. Delayed capillary refill
- E. Sunken fontanelles
- F. Hypertension

Answer: C,D,E

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Dehydration signs in infants include:

- * Poor skin turgor (elasticity)
- * Sunken fontanelles (indicative of fluid loss)
- * Delayed capillary refill (>2 seconds)

Flushed skin is more common in fever or heat illness, not dehydration. Hypotension, not hypertension, is associated with dehydration in late stages.

References:

NREMT Pediatric Assessment and Fluid Emergencies

PALS Provider Manual - Dehydration in Infants

AAOS Emergency Care (11th ed.) - Pediatric Emergency Chapter

NEW QUESTION # 66

A law enforcement officer requests that you place the clothes from a sexual assault victim in a bag for transport to the hospital. Which type of bag should you use?

- A. Polypropylene
- B. Cloth
- C. Paper
- D. Plastic

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

In cases of sexual assault, preserving evidence integrity is critical. Clothing or other forensic evidence must be placed in paper bags. Plastic or non-breathable materials can trap moisture, promoting mold or degradation of evidence like DNA or bodily fluids.

This approach follows chain-of-custody protocols used by law enforcement and medical facilities for handling forensic material.

References:

NREMT EMS Operations - Evidence Preservation and Forensics

U.S. Department of Justice: "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations" National EMS Education Standards - Legal and Ethical Principles

NEW QUESTION # 67

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