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We have to admit that the exam of gaining the CMMC-CCP certification is not easy for a lot of people, especial these people who have no enough time. If you also look forward to change your present boring life, maybe trying your best to have the CMMC-CCP certification is a good choice for you. Now it is time for you to take an exam for getting the certification. If you have any worry about the CMMC-CCP Exam, do not worry, we are glad to help you. Because the CMMC-CCP study materials from our company are very useful for you to pass the exam and get the certification.

Cyber AB CMMC-CCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Scoping: This section of the exam measures the analytical skills of cybersecurity practitioners, highlighting their ability to properly define assessment scope. Candidates must demonstrate knowledge of identifying and classifying Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) assets, recognizing the difference between in-scope, out-of-scope, and specialized assets, and applying logical and physical separation techniques to determine accurate scoping for assessments
Topic 2	• CMMC Assessment Process (CAP): This section of the exam measures the planning and execution skills of audit and assessment professionals, covering the end-to-end CMMC Assessment Process. This includes planning, executing, documenting, reporting assessments, and managing Plans of Action and Milestones (POA&M) in alignment with DoD and CMMC-AB methodology.

Topic 3	• CMMC-AB Code of Professional Conduct (Ethics): This section of the exam measures the integrity of cybersecurity professionals by evaluating their understanding of the CMMC-AB Code of Professional Conduct. It emphasizes ethical responsibilities, including confidentiality, objectivity, professionalism, conflict-of-interest avoidance, and respect for intellectual property, ensuring candidates can uphold ethical standards throughout their CMMC-related duties.
Topic 4	• CMMC Model Construct and Implementation Evaluation: This section of the exam measures the evaluative skills of cybersecurity assessors, focusing on the application and assessment of the CMMC model. It includes understanding its levels, domains, practices, and implementation criteria, and how to assess whether organizations meet the required cybersecurity practices using evidence-based evaluation.
Topic 5	• CMMC Governance and Source Documents: This section of the exam measures the capabilities of legal or compliance advisors, covering key regulatory frameworks that govern cybersecurity compliance. Topics include Federal Contract Information, Controlled Unclassified Information, the role of NIST SP 800-171, DFARS, FAR, and the structure and requirements of CMMC v2.0, including self-assessments and certification levels.

Cyber AB Certified CMMC Professional (CCP) Exam Sample Questions (Q36-Q41):

NEW QUESTION # 36
During a CMMC readiness review, the OSC proposes that an associated enclave should not be applicable in the scope. Who is responsible for verifying this request?

- A. Advisory Board
- B. Lead Assessor
- C. CCP
- D. C3PAO

Answer: B

Explanation:
During aCMMC readiness review, anOrganization Seeking Certification (OSC)may argue that a specificenclave (network segment or system) is out of scopefor assessment. TheLead Assessor is responsible for verifying and approving this request.
Certified CMMC Professional (CCP)
A CCP supports OSCs inpreparing for assessmentsbutdoes not make final scope determinations.
Certified Third-Party Assessment Organization (C3PAO)
The C3PAOoversees the assessmentbut doesnot personally verify scope exclusions-that falls under theLead Assessor's role.
Lead Assessor (Correct Answer)
TheLead Assessor has the authorityto determine if anenclave is out of scopebased on OSC-provided evidence.
The Lead Assessor followsCMMC Assessment Process (CAP) guidelinesto ensure proper scoping.
Advisory Board
TheCMMC-AB (Advisory Board) does not make scope determinations. It focuses onprogram oversightandcertification processes.
CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) v1.0
TheLead Assessor is responsible for confirming the assessment scopeand determining enclave applicability.
CMMC Scoping Guidance for Level 2 Assessments
Requires theLead Assessor to review and approve any enclave exclusionsbefore finalizing the assessment scope.
Roles and Responsibilities in CMMC Assessments:Official References Supporting the Correct Answer Conclusion:TheLead Assessoris the correct answer because they have the authority to verify scope determinations during the assessment.
#Correct Answer C. Lead Assessor

NEW QUESTION # 37
Which assessment method compares actual-specified conditions with expected behavior?

- A. Compile
- B. Test
- C. Interview

- D. Examine

Answer: B

Explanation:
Understanding CMMC Assessment MethodsTheCybersecurity Maturity Model Certification (CMMC) 2.0 follows theNIST SP 800-171A assessment methodology, which includesthree primary assessment methods:
* Examine- Reviewing policies, procedures, system configurations, and documentation.
* Interview- Engaging with personnel to validate their understanding and execution of security practices.
* Test- Conducting actual technical or operational tests to determine whether security controls function as expected.
* "Test" is the method that compares actual-specified conditions with expected behavior.
* It involvesexecuting procedures, configurations, or automated toolsto see if thesystem behaves as required.
* For example, if a policy states that multi-factor authentication (MFA) must be enforced, a test would involveattempting to log in without MFAto confirm whether access is blocked as expected.
* TheNIST SP 800-171A Guide (Assessment Procedures for CUI)defines testing as an assessment method that:
* Actively verifies a security control is functioning
* Simulates real-world attack scenarios
* Checks compliance through system actions rather than documentation
* B. Examine (Incorrect)
* Examining only involvesreviewing policies, procedures, or configurationsbut does not actively test system behavior.
* C. Compile (Incorrect)
* "Compile" is not an assessment method in CMMC 2.0 or NIST SP 800-171A.
* D. Interview (Incorrect)
* Interviews are used to gather insights from personnel, but they do not compare actual conditions with expected behavior.
* The correct answer isA. Testbecause itactively verifies system performance against expected security conditions.
References:
NIST SP 800-171A, "Assessing Security Requirements for CUI"
CMMC 2.0 Assessment Process (CAP) Guide
DoD CMMC Scoping and Assessment Guidelines

NEW QUESTION # 38
In performing scoping, what should the assessor ensure that the scope of the assessment covers?

- A. All entities, regardless of the line of business, associated with the organization
- B. All assets regardless if they do or do not process, store, or transmit FCI/CUI
- C. All assets documented in the business plan
- D. All assets processing, storing, or transmitting FCI/CUI and security protection assets

Answer: D

Explanation:
Scoping Requirements in CMMC AssessmentsTheCMMC 2.0 Scoping GuideandCMMC Assessment Process (CAP) Documentclearly define what should be included in the scope of an assessment.
The assessment scope must cover:
All assets that process, store, or transmit FCI/CUI
Security Protection Assets (ESP)- these assets help protect FCI/CUI, such as firewalls, endpoint detection systems, and encryption mechanisms.
Thus, thecorrect scope includes both:
#FCI/CUI Assets(Data storage, processing, or transmission assets)
#Security Protection Assets (ESP)(Firewalls, security tools, etc.)
A). All assets documented in the business plan#Incorrect.Business plans may include assets unrelated to FCI /CUI, making this scopetoo broad. Only assets relevant to FCI/CUI should be assessed.
B). All assets regardless if they do or do not process, store, or transmit FCI/CUI#Incorrect. CMMC doesnotrequire organizations to include assets thathave no connection to FCI/CUI.
C). All entities, regardless of the line of business, associated with the organization#Incorrect.Only the assets relevant to FCI/CUI or security protection should be assessed. Unrelated business divisions (like a non-federal commercial division) areout-of-scope.
Why the Other Answers Are Incorrect
CMMC 2.0 Scoping Guide - Level 1 & Level 2
CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) Document
CMMC Official ReferencesThus,option D (All assets processing, storing, or transmitting FCI/CUI and security protection assets) is

the correct answeras per official CMMC assessment scoping requirements.

NEW QUESTION # 39
A Lead Assessor is planning an assessment and scheduling the test activities. Who MUST perform tests to obtain evidence?

- A. Military personnel assigned to the contractor for that contract to ensure the confidentiality of the CUI
- B. OSC personnel who normally perform that work as the CCP observes
- C. OSC personnel who do not ordinarily perform that work to evaluate the accuracy of the written procedure(s)
- D. Military personnel and the CCP and/or Lead Assessor to test the adequacy of the written procedure(s)

Answer: B

Explanation:
Understanding Who Must Perform Tests in a CMMC AssessmentDuring aCMMC Level 2 Assessment, assessorsmust observe operational activities and security practicesto verify compliance. This process involves:
#Testing security controls and proceduresas part of the assessment.
#Observation of standard work practicesto ensure controls are properly implemented.
#Using operational personnel (OSC employees) who regularly perform the taskto ensure realistic assessment conditions.
Operational personnel (OSC employees) must conduct the actual work while assessors observe.
Certified CMMC Professionals (CCPs) or Lead Assessorsoversee and document the testing process.
Who Performs Tests?
A). OSC personnel who normally perform that work as the CCP observes # Correct CMMC assessments require actual users (OSC personnel) to perform their regular duties while assessors observeto verify security practices.
B). Military personnel and the CCP and/or Lead Assessor to test the adequacy of the written procedure(s) # Incorrect Military personnel are not responsible for testing contractor security controls.
Assessors observe and evaluate but do not perform testing themselves.
C). Military personnel assigned to the contractor for that contract to ensure the confidentiality of the CUI # Incorrect Military personnel do not perform the testing.
The contractor (OSC) is responsible for implementing and demonstrating security controls.
D). OSC personnel who do not ordinarily perform that work to evaluate the accuracy of the written procedure (s) # Incorrect Personnel unfamiliar with the job should not be used for testing.
Theassessment must reflect real-world conditions, so theactual employees who perform the work must demonstrate the process.
Why is the Correct Answer "A" (OSC personnel who normally perform that work as the CCP observes)?
CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) Document
Specifies thatassessments must observe real operational activities to determine compliance.
CMMC-AB Assessment Methodology
Requirestesting of security controls in a realistic operational environment, meaning actual OSC personnel must perform the tasks.
NIST SP 800-171A (Assessment Procedures for NIST SP 800-171)
Specifies thatinterviews and observations should be conducted with personnel who regularly perform the work.

NEW QUESTION # 40
In performing scoping, what should the assessor ensure that the scope of the assessment covers?

- A. All entities, regardless of the line of business, associated with the organization
- B. All assets regardless if they do or do not process, store, or transmit FCI/CUI
- C. All assets documented in the business plan
- D. All assets processing, storing, or transmitting FCI/CUI and security protection assets

Answer: D

Explanation:
Scoping Requirements in CMMC AssessmentsTheCMMC 2.0 Scoping GuideandCMMC Assessment Process (CAP) Documentclearly define what should be included in the scope of an assessment.
The assessment scope must cover:
* All assets that process, store, or transmit FCI/CUI
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* CMMC 2.0 Scoping Guide - Level 1 & Level 2
* CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) Document
CMMC Official ReferencesThus,option D (All assets processing, storing, or transmitting FCI/CUI and security protection assets) is the correct answeras per official CMMC assessment scoping requirements.

NEW QUESTION # 41
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