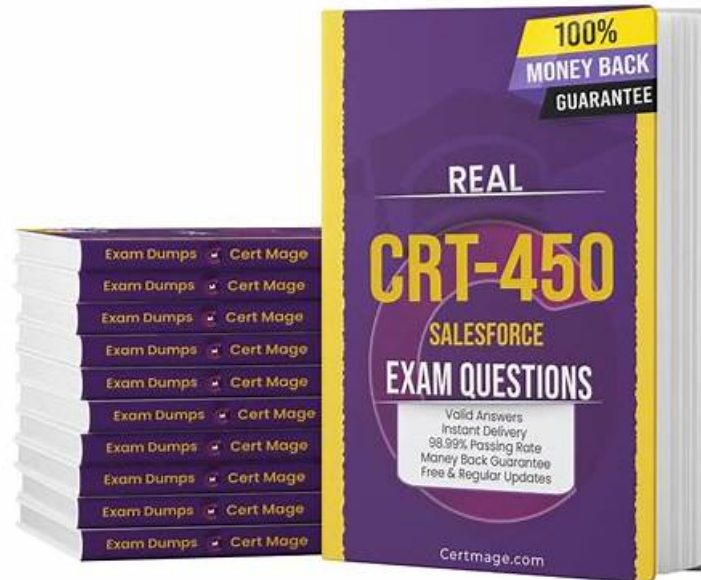


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Salesforce Certified Platform Developer I Sample Questions (Q97-Q102):

NEW QUESTION # 97

The Account object has a custom Percent field, Rating, defined with a length of 2 with 0 decimal places. An Account record has the value of 50% in its Rating field and is processed in the Apex code below after being retrieved from the database with SOQL.

```
public void processAccount() {  
    Decimal acctScore = acct.Rating__c * 100;  
    ...  
}
```

What is the value of acctScore after this code executes?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 98

A developer considers the following snippet of code:

```
boolean isOK;  
Integer x;  
String theString = 'Hello';  
  
if (isOK == false && theString == 'Hello'){  
    x = 1;  
} else if (isOK == true && theString == 'Hello') {  
    x = 2;  
} else if (isOK != null && theString == 'Hello'){  
    x = 3;  
} else {  
    x = 4;  
}
```

Based on this code, what is the value of %?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: B

Explanation:

In the provided code snippet:

Boolean isOK;

Integer x;

String theString = 'Hello';

if (isOK == false && theString == 'Hello') {

x = 1;

} else if (isOK == true && theString == 'Hello') {

x = 2;

```

} else if(isOK != null && theString == 'Hello') {
x = 3;
} else {
x = 4;
}

```

Variable Initialization:

Boolean isOK; → Declared but not initialized, so isOK is null.

Integer x; → Declared but not initialized.

String theString = 'Hello'; → Initialized to 'Hello'.

Evaluation of Conditions:

First Condition:

if(isOK == false && theString == 'Hello')

isOK == false → Since isOK is null, this evaluates to false.

Overall condition: false && true → false.

Second Condition:

else if(isOK == true && theString == 'Hello')

isOK == true → Since isOK is null, this evaluates to false.

Overall condition: false && true → false.

Third Condition:

else if(isOK != null && theString == 'Hello')

isOK != null → Since isOK is null, this evaluates to false.

Overall condition: false && true → false.

Else Block:

```

else {
x = 4;
}

```

Since none of the previous conditions are met, the else block is executed.

x is assigned the value 4.

Conclusion:

The variable x is assigned the value 4.

Reference:

Variable Initialization:

"Instance variables are initialized to null. Local variables are not initialized, so their value is undefined until you assign a value."

- Apex Developer Guide: Variables

Conditional Statements and Null Values:

"In Apex, comparisons with null are straightforward. If you compare null to a value, the result is false."

- Apex Developer Guide: Expressions

NEW QUESTION # 99

What can be easily developed using the Lightning Component framework?

- A. Lightning Pages
- B. Salesforce integrations
- C. Customized JavaScript buttons
- D. Salesforce Classic user Interface pages

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Lightning Component framework is used to develop:

Option B: Lightning Pages

Reference:

"Use Lightning components to build modern, responsive user interfaces for Lightning Experience and the Salesforce mobile app."

- Lightning Components Developer Guide: Introduction

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

Option A: Salesforce Classic UI pages do not support Lightning Components.

Option C: Salesforce integrations are typically handled via APIs, not through Lightning Components.

Option D: Customized JavaScript buttons are not supported in Lightning Experience; alternatives are quick actions or Lightning Components.

NEW QUESTION # 100

A developer is designing a new application on the Salesforce platform and wants to ensure it can support multiple tenants effectively. Which design framework should the developer consider to ensure scalability and maintainability?

- A. Agile Development
- **B. Model-View-Controller (MVC)**
- C. Flux (view, action, dispatcher, and store)
- D. Waterfall Model

Answer: B

Explanation:

When designing a new application on the Salesforce platform that needs to support multiple tenants effectively (i.e., multiple customers or users), the developer should consider the Model-View-Controller (MVC) framework.

Option B: Model-View-Controller (MVC)

Correct Design Framework.

MVC is a software architectural pattern for implementing user interfaces.

Model: Represents the data and business logic.

View: Represents the presentation layer.

Controller: Handles user input and interactions.

Salesforce's platform follows the MVC pattern, which helps in separating concerns, ensuring scalability, and maintainability.

Agile is a methodology for managing projects, not a design framework.

It does not directly address scalability or maintainability.

Option C: Flux (view, action, dispatcher, and store)

Not Commonly Used in Salesforce.

Flux is an application architecture used by Facebook for building client-side web applications.

It is not a standard design pattern in Salesforce development.

Option D: Waterfall Model

Development Methodology, Not a Design Framework.

Waterfall is a linear and sequential approach to software development.

It does not specifically help with scalability and maintainability in multi-tenant environments.

Conclusion:

The developer should consider the Model-View-Controller (MVC) framework, which is Option B.

Reference:

Salesforce MVC Architecture

Understanding the Salesforce Architecture

Incorrect Options:

Option A: Agile Development

Development Methodology, Not a Design Framework.

NEW QUESTION # 101

A developer must write an Apex method that will be called from a lightning component. The method may delete an Account stored in the accountRec variable.

Which method should a developer use to ensure only users that should be able to delete Accounts can successfully perform deletion?

- A. AccountRec, ObjectType, isDeletable ()
- **B. Schema, objectType, Account, isDeletable ()**
- C. Account, isDeletable ()
- D. accountRec., isDeletable()

Answer: B

Explanation:

the current user has the permission to delete Account records, and false otherwise. This method is part of the Schema.DescribeSObjectResult class, which provides information about the metadata and permissions of an sObject type. The other options are incorrect because they either use invalid syntax or refer to the wrong object or variable. The accountRec variable is an instance of an Account record, not an sObject type, and it does not have an isDeletable() method. The Account sObject type does not have an isDeletable() method either, it is a property of the Schema.DescribeSObjectResult class. The

AccountRec.ObjectType property returns the sObject type of the accountRec variable, which is Account, but it does not have an isDeletable() method either. References:

NEW QUESTION # 102

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